Your responses suggest that you don't have a valid reason to request flexible working arrangements.

(Fair Work Act 2009)

## **Division 4—Requests for flexible working arrangements**

## 65 Requests for flexible working arrangements

Employee may request change in working arrangements

- (1) If:
  - (a) any of the circumstances referred to in subsection (1A) apply to an employee; and
  - (b) the employee would like to change his or her working arrangements because of those circumstances;

then the employee may request the employer for a change in working arrangements relating to those circumstances.

Note: Examples of changes in working arrangements include changes in hours of work, changes in patterns of work and changes in location of work.

- (1A) The following are the circumstances:
  - (a) the employee is the parent, or has responsibility for the care, of a child who is of school age or younger;
  - (b) the employee is a carer (within the meaning of the *Carer Recognition Act 2010*);
  - (c) the employee has a disability;
  - (d) the employee is 55 or older;
  - (e) the employee is experiencing violence from a member of the employee's family;
  - (f) the employee provides care or support to a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, who requires care or support because the member is experiencing violence from the member's family.
- (1B) To avoid doubt, and without limiting subsection (1), an employee who:
  - (a) is a parent, or has responsibility for the care, of a child; and
  - (b) is returning to work after taking leave in relation to the birth or adoption of the child;

may request to work part-time to assist the employee to care for the child.

- (2) The employee is not entitled to make the request unless:
  - (a) for an employee other than a casual employee—the employee has completed at least 12 months of continuous service with the employer immediately before making the request; or
  - (b) for a casual employee—the employee:
    - (i) is, immediately before making the request, a regular casual employee of the employer who has been employed on that basis for a sequence of periods of employment during a period of at least 12 months; and
    - (ii) has a reasonable expectation of continuing employment by the employer on a regular and systematic basis.
- (2A) For the purposes of applying paragraph (2)(a) in relation to an employee who has had their employment converted under Division 4A of Part 2-2,

any period for which the employee was a regular casual employee of the employer is taken to be continuous service for the purposes of that paragraph.

Formal requirements

- (3) The request must:
  - (a) be in writing; and
  - (b) set out details of the change sought and of the reasons for the change.

Agreeing to the request

- (4) The employer must give the employee a written response to the request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request.
- (5) The employer may refuse the request only on reasonable business grounds.
- (5A) Without limiting what are reasonable business grounds for the purposes of subsection (5), reasonable business grounds include the following:
  - (a) that the new working arrangements requested by the employee would be too costly for the employer;
  - (b) that there is no capacity to change the working arrangements of other employees to accommodate the new working arrangements requested by the employee;
  - (c) that it would be impractical to change the working arrangements of other employees, or recruit new employees, to accommodate the new working arrangements requested by the employee;
  - (d) that the new working arrangements requested by the employee would be likely to result in a significant loss in efficiency or productivity;
  - (e) that the new working arrangements requested by the employee would be likely to have a significant negative impact on customer service.
  - (6) If the employer refuses the request, the written response under subsection (4) must include details of the reasons for the refusal.

## 66 State and Territory laws that are not excluded

This Act is not intended to apply to the exclusion of laws of a State or Territory that provide employee entitlements in relation to flexible working arrangements, to the extent that those entitlements are more beneficial to employees than the entitlements under this Division.