If your calculations are correct, you do not satisfy the work test, so you may not be eligible to claim PPL.

33 The work test period

Secondary claimant's work test period

(3) The *work test period* for a secondary claimant is the 392 days immediately before the day the person becomes the child's primary carer.

Note: For the *work test period* for a DAPP claimant, see section 115CD.

34 When a person performs qualifying work

- (1) A person performs *qualifying work* on a day if at least one of the following applies on the day:
 - (a) the person performs at least one hour of paid work;
 - (b) the person takes a period of paid leave of at least one hour;
 - (c) the day is in the person's PPL period for a previous child;
 - (d) the day is in the person's DAPP period for a previous child.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b), the PPL rules may prescribe what is, or is not, taken to be paid leave.

entity means any of the following:

- (a) a natural person;
- (b) a body corporate;
- (c) a body politic;
- (d) a partnership;
- (e) any other unincorporated association or body of persons;
- (f) a trust.

35 When a person performs paid work

People other than self-employed

- (1) A person performs *paid work* on a day if, on that day, the person performs work (whether as an employee, a contractor or otherwise and whether or not in Australia) for another entity for remuneration or other financial benefit.
- (2) However, a person is taken not to perform *paid work* for the purposes of subsection (1) if the other entity is controlled by the person (whether alone or with others).

35A Hours of qualifying work on a day in a PPL or DAPP period

If person does not perform paid work or take paid leave in previous PPL or DAPP period

- (1) For the purposes of step 5 of the method statement in section 32, if a person performs qualifying work on a day only because the day is in the person's PPL period or DAPP period for a previous child, the person is taken to have performed on that day:
 - (a) 7.6 hours of work, if the day is a week day; and
 - (b) no hours of work, if the day is a Saturday or Sunday.

If person performs paid work in previous PPL or DAPP period

- (2) For the purposes of step 5 of the method statement in section 32, if a person performs qualifying work on a day because both:
 - (a) the person performs at least one hour of paid work on the day; and
 - (b) the day is in the person's PPL period or DAPP period for a previous child;

the person is taken to have performed on that day the greater of:

- (c) the hours of work the person would be taken to have performed if subsection (1) applied; and
- (d) the number of hours of paid work performed by the person on that day.

Note:

Paid work for a permissible purpose could be performed during a person's PPL period or DAPP period for a previous child (see Division 7 of this Part and Division 7 of Part 3A-3).

If person takes paid leave in previous PPL or DAPP period

- (3) For the purposes of step 5 of the method statement in section 32, if a person performs qualifying work on a day because both:
 - (a) the person takes a period of paid leave of at least one hour on the day; and
 - (b) the day is in the person's PPL period or DAPP period for a previous child;

the person is taken to have performed on that day the greater of:

- (c) the hours of work the person would be taken to have performed if subsection (1) applied; and
- (d) the number of hours of paid leave taken by the person on that day.