Metabarcoding model development in NIMBLE

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The model

We know the total number of reads N_{reads} , the number of species S, the total number of individuals N, and the correlation structure from the phylogeny Σ_{phy} . We also know the vector of number of reads per species x_{read} . We do not know the rate of copy number evolution σ_{copy} nor the rate of primer affinity evolution σ_{primer} . We also most importantly don't know the actual vector of abundances x. We want to model the number of reads as multinomial conditioned on N_{reads} and S, and with a probability vector p given by

$$p \sim \operatorname{dir}(x\nu\lambda)$$

where ν is a variable proportional to copy number and λ is a variable proportional to primer affinity. We will assume that $\log \nu$ evolved according to a Brownian motion process with rate σ_{copy} and mean $\mu_{copy} = 0$. We will assume that $\log_{min=\rho}(\lambda)$ evolved according to an independent Brownian motion process with rate σ_{primer} and mean $\mu_{primer} = 0$. $\log_{min=\rho}(\lambda)$ is a modified $\log_{min=\rho}(\lambda)$ function which assumes λ is constrained by a lower bound $0 \le \rho \le 1$. Its corresponding modified expit function is

$$\operatorname{expit}_{\min=\rho}(x) = \rho + \frac{1 - \rho}{1 + \exp(-x)}$$

The variance-covariance matrix for a Brownian-motion process on a known phylogeny is given as

$$\Sigma_{i,j} = \sigma D_{MRCA(i,j)}$$

where $D_{MRCA(i,j)}$ is the distance from the root to the most recent common ancestor of tips i and j. $D_{MRCA(i,i)}$ is simply the depth of the root.

Thus our full model is

$$x_{reads} \sim \text{multinom}(N_{reads}, p_1, \dots, p_S)$$

where

$$p \sim \operatorname{dir}(x\nu\lambda)$$

and ν and λ are distributed

$$\log(\nu) \sim \text{mvnorm}(0, \sigma_{copy} d_{MRCA(i,j)})$$

$$\operatorname{logit}_{min=\rho}(\lambda) \sim \operatorname{mvnorm}(0, \sigma_{primer} d_{MRCA(i,j)})$$

The priors for this hierarchical model are

$$x/N \sim \operatorname{dir}(N/S, \dots, N/S)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{copy}^2} \sim \Gamma(0.001, 0.001)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{primer}^2} \sim \Gamma(0.001, 0.001)$$

$$\rho \sim \operatorname{unif}(0, 1)$$

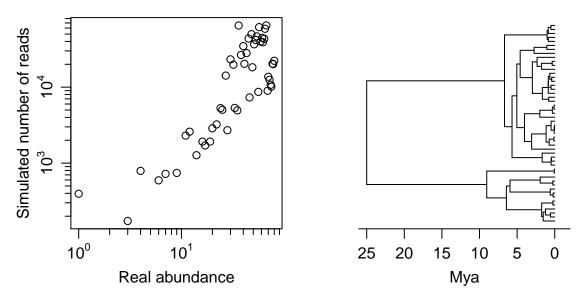
NIMBLE model

We first simulate some data that will be needed in the model specification:

- S number of species to simulate
- tre is the underlying phylogeny
- N is the number of actual individuals
- Nreads is the total number of reads
- numberReads is a vector of the number of reads assigned to each spp

```
# simulation functions
source('~/Dropbox/hawaiiDimensions/mol2ecol/simMetaBar.R')
# set parameters for simulation
S <- 50
n <- round(seq(1, 80, length.out = S))</pre>
N \leftarrow sum(n)
Nreads <- 1e+06
sigCopy <- 0.1
sigPrimer <- 0.05
minAffin <- 0.8
# simulate phylogeny and number of reads resulting form metabarcoding
set.seed(1)
sim <- simMetaBar(abund = n, minAffin = minAffin,</pre>
                   sigCopy = sigCopy, sigPrimer = sigPrimer,
                   nreads = Nreads)
# extract needed objects from output
numberReads <- sim$reads</pre>
tre <- sim$tre
```

Let's quickly check the simulation to see that it's reasonable



To specify our model in NIMBLE we can define and use custom multinomial-Dirichlet functions:

```
library(nimble)
ddirchmulti <- nimbleFunction(</pre>
    run = function(x = double(1), alpha = double(1), size = double(0),
                    log = integer(0, default = 0)) {
        returnType(double(0))
        alpha0 <- sum(alpha)</pre>
        # new log prob that ignores O's instead of throwing NaN/Inf
        lgammaSum <- numeric(length = length(x), value = 0, init = TRUE)</pre>
        for(i in 1:length(lgammaSum)) {
            if(x[i] > 0) {
                 lgammaSum[i] <- log(x[i]) + lgamma(alpha[i]) +</pre>
                     lgamma(x[i]) -
                     lgamma(alpha[i] + x[i])
            }
        }
        logProb <- log(size) +</pre>
            lgamma(alpha0) + lgamma(size) - lgamma(alpha0 + size) -
            sum(lgammaSum)
        if(log) return(logProb)
        else return(exp(logProb))
    }
)
rdirchmulti <- nimbleFunction(</pre>
    run = function(n = double(0, default = 1), alpha = double(1), size = double(0)) {
        returnType(double(1))
        \# modified from MCMCpack to allow alpha_k = 0
        x <- numeric(length = length(alpha), value = 0, init = TRUE)
        for(i in 1:length(x)) x[i] <- rgamma(1, shape = alpha[i], rate = 1)</pre>
        p <- x/sum(x)
```

```
return(rmulti(1, size = size, prob = p))
}
```

The arguments are:

- x vector of values (e.g. number of reads for each species x_{reads})
- alpha vector of parameters of the Dirichlet distribution
- size number of trials (e.g. total number of reads N_{reads})
- n number of observations (only n = 1 supported)

We can now specify the model:

```
mod <- nimbleCode({</pre>
    # p is proportion of total abundance for each spp
    x[1:S] \leftarrow N*p[1:S]
    # define phylogenetically-correlated copy number (nu) and primer affinity (lambda)
    # Note: tauCopy and tauPrimer are inverse variances, and 'Prec' stands for
    # 'Preceission' matrix (the inverse of the var-covar matrix)
    # Note: var-cov matrix D is defined in constants, as is muO (which is a vector of O)
    PrecCopy[1:S, 1:S] <- tauCopy * Dinv[1:S, 1:S]</pre>
    PrecPrimer[1:S, 1:S] <- tauPrimer * Dinv[1:S, 1:S]</pre>
    logNu[1:S] ~ dmnorm(mu0[1:S], PrecCopy[1:S, 1:S])
    logitLambda[1:S] ~ dmnorm(mu0[1:S], PrecPrimer[1:S, 1:S])
    nu[1:S] \leftarrow exp(logNu[1:S])
    lambda[1:S] \leftarrow rho + (1 - rho) / (1 + exp(-logitLambda[1:S]))
    # define dirichlet-multinom params and the distribution of x_{reads}
    alpha[1:S] \leftarrow x[1:S] * nu[1:S] * lambda[1:S]
    xreads[1:S] ~ ddirchmulti(alpha[1:S], Nreads)
    # priors
    p[1:S] ~ ddirch(p0[1:S]) # p0 defined in constants
    tauCopy ~ dgamma(0.001, 0.001)
    tauPrimer ~ dgamma(0.001, 0.001)
    rho ~ dunif(0, 1)
})
```

And initialize the model

```
logNu = rep(0, modConstants$S), logitLambda = rep(0, modConstants$S),
    # deterministic relationships arrising from hyperdistributions
    nu = rep(1, modConstants$S), lambda = rep(0.75, modConstants$S)
)
# build model
mod <- nimbleModel(code = mod, name = 'mod', constants = modConstants,</pre>
                   data = modData, inits = modInits)
## defining model...
## Registering the following user-provided distributions: ddirchmulti .
## NIMBLE has registered ddirchmulti as a distribution based on its use in BUGS code. Note that if you
## Adding Dinv,mu0,p0 as data for building model.
## building model...
## setting data and initial values...
## running calculate on model (any error reports that follow may simply
## reflect missing values in model variables) ...
##
## checking model sizes and dimensions...
##
## model building finished.
Now we can compile and run the model
Cmod <- compileNimble(mod)</pre>
modConf <- configureMCMC(mod)</pre>
modConf$setThin(1)
```