Extending communication games to more players

Veronica Boyce

LangCog Lab Meeting

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Verbal communication is a key method of human interaction.

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We communicate and understand more than surface meaning.

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Some of this is conventionalized, but some is dynamic.

How is alignment achieved?

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 Mental modelling (ex. RSA) (Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986, Goodman & Frank 2016)

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Theoretical angles:

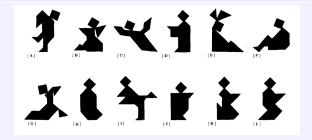
- Mental modelling (ex. RSA) (Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986, Goodman & Frank 2016)
- Interactive Alignment Account bottom up priming (Garrod & Pickering 2009)

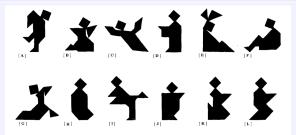
How is alignment achieved?

Theoretical angles:

- Mental modelling (ex. RSA) (Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986, Goodman & Frank 2016)
- Interactive Alignment Account bottom up priming (Garrod & Pickering 2009)
- Audience Design (Yoon & Brown Schmidt 2019)

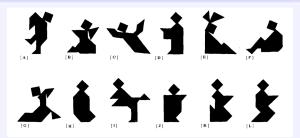
4





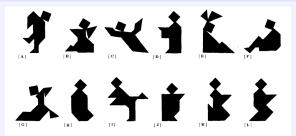
All right, the next one looks like a person who's ice skating, except, they're sticking two arms out in front.

4

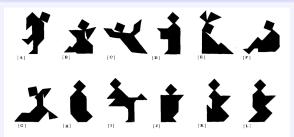


- All right, the next one looks like a person who's ice skating, except, they're sticking two arms out in front.
- Um, the next one's the person ice skating that has two arms?

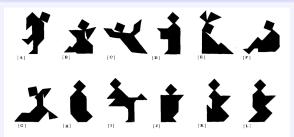
4



- All right, the next one looks like a person who's ice skating, except, they're sticking two arms out in front.
- Um, the next one's the person ice skating that has two arms?
- The fourth one is the person ice skating, with two arms.

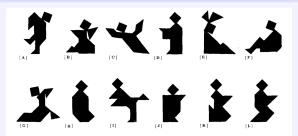


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- The next one's the ice skater.



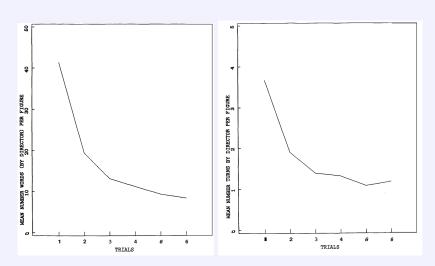
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4



Scaling up with web-based experiments

Cued version with feedback on each trial

Scaling up with web-based experiments

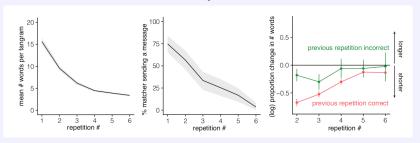
- Cued version with feedback on each trial
- Message with a chat box

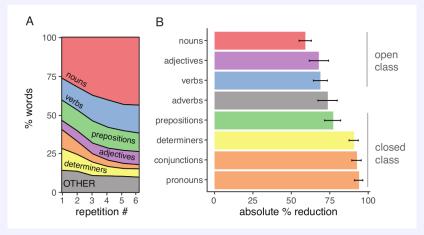
Scaling up with web-based experiments

- Cued version with feedback on each trial
- Message with a chat box
- After all exclusions, 83 dyads

Scaling up with web-based experiments

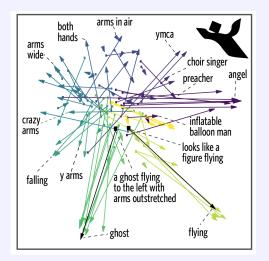
- Cued version with feedback on each trial
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Words tend to drop out in syntactic units

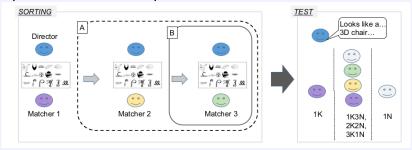
7



Semantics converge within and diverge between groups

Yoon & Brown-Schmidt 2019

Speaker talks to multiple matchers



Examine speaker's utterance length, elaborations, disfluencies

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First Year Project

Dynamics of pact formation in larger groups

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Dynamics of pact formation in larger groups Compare groups of 2/3/4 communicators

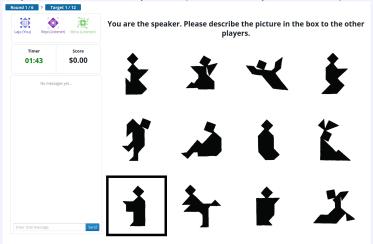
Look for differential reduction

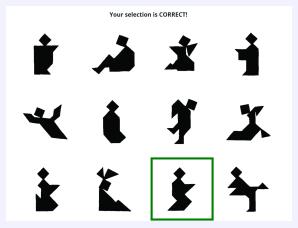
First Year Project

Dynamics of pact formation in larger groups Compare groups of 2/3/4 communicators

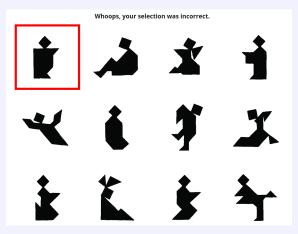
- Look for differential reduction
- Rotate who is the knowledgeable speaker
 - Chosen for participant experience
 - Stronger measure of alignment

Implemented in Empirica (Almaatouq et al 2020)

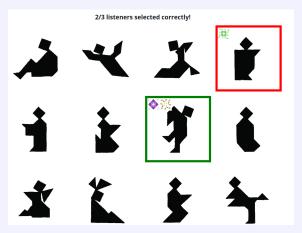




Bonus: 4 points



Bonus: 0 points



Bonus: Average of listeners = (2/3) * 4 points

Recruitment

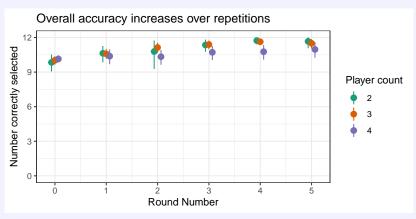
Goal: 20 games in each of 2/3/4 player Each game has 6 blocks of 12 tangrams

Actual recruitment:

- 15 2-player games (+ 4 partial)
- 18 3-player games (+ 2 partial)
- 20 4-player games (+ 1 partial)

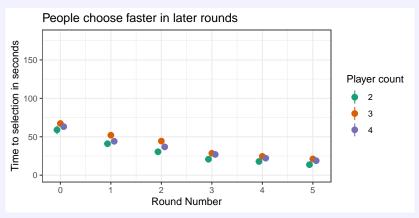
Include all complete blocks

Results - Accuracy



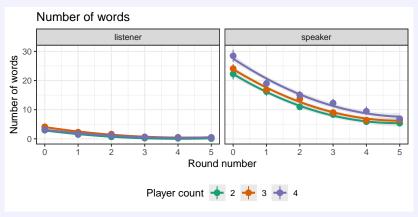
Accuracy is high and increasing

Results - Speed



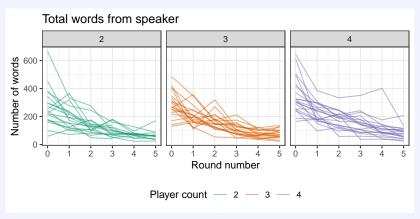
Listeners choose faster in later rounds

Reduction



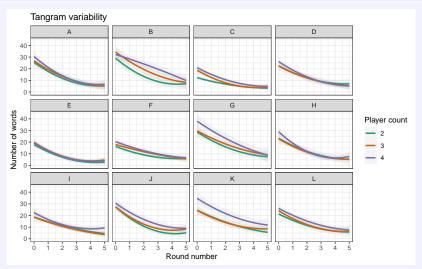
Number of words reduces over rounds Caution: Non-referential utterances not yet removed

Reduction



Group variability

Reduction



Tangrams vary in nameability

Planned Analyses

- · Remove chit-chat, model reduction
- Semantic convergence in games
- Impact of speaker accuracy

Possible future directions

Want to understand how references are formed more generally

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Possible directions:

- Different target images
- Curriculum learning

Comments, Questions?

Looking for feedback on

- What analyses would be interesting?
- What's the next study?