

# Extending communication games to more players

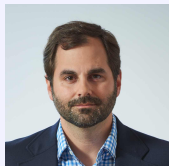
Veronica Boyce

LangCog Lab Meeting

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Veronica Boyce

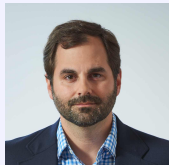
LangCog Lab Meeting



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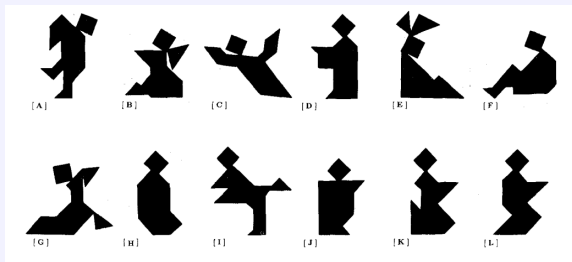
LangCog Lab Meeting



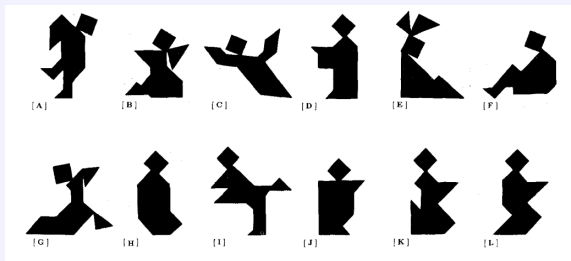
BLAH BLAH BIG PICTURE

# Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986

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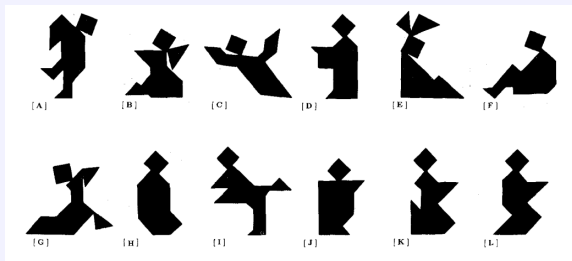


# Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986



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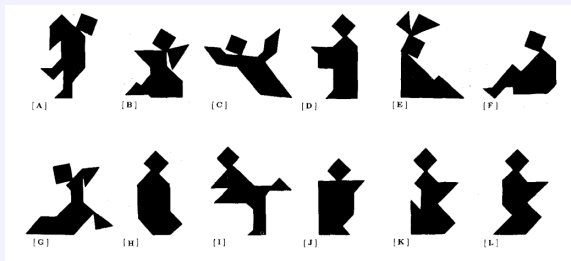
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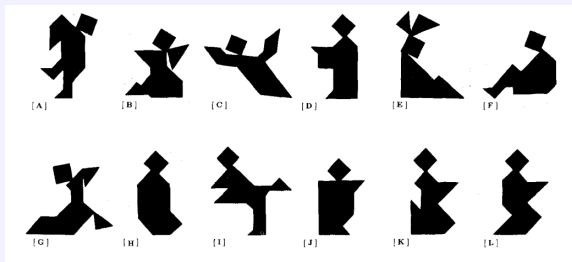


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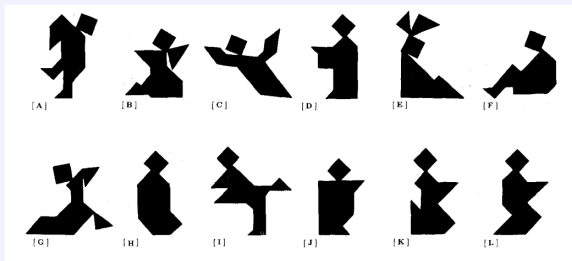
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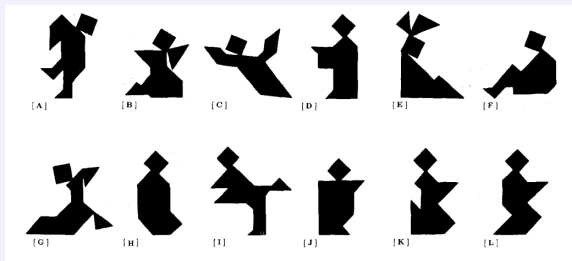
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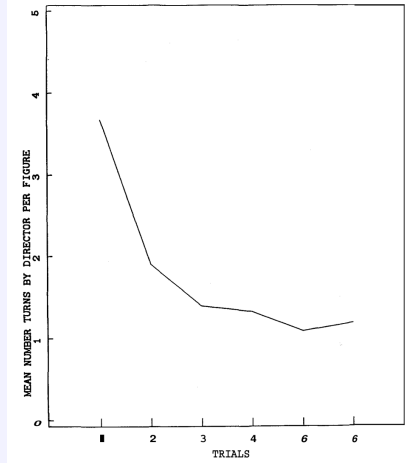
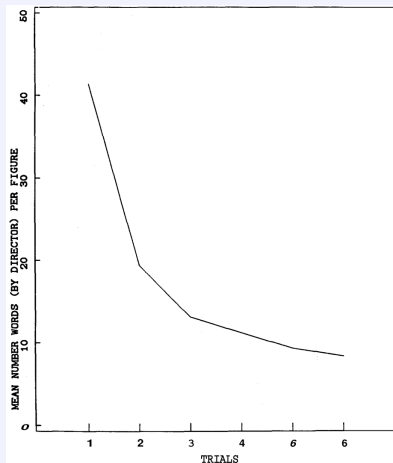
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# Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986



# Partner-specific adaptation

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What are the speaker's strategies?

# Partner-specific adaptation

How do referring expressions develop?

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- Interactive Alignment Account – bottom up priming (Garrod & Pickering 2009)

What are the speaker's strategies?

- Audience design
- Common ground
- “Aim Low” (ex. Yoon & Brown-Schmidt 2019)

Scaling up with web-based experiments

- Cued version with feedback on each trial

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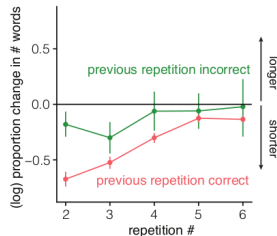
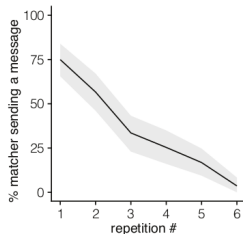
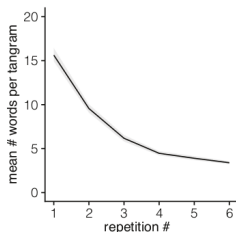
## Scaling up with web-based experiments

- Cued version with feedback on each trial
- Message with a chat box
- After all exclusions, 83 dyads

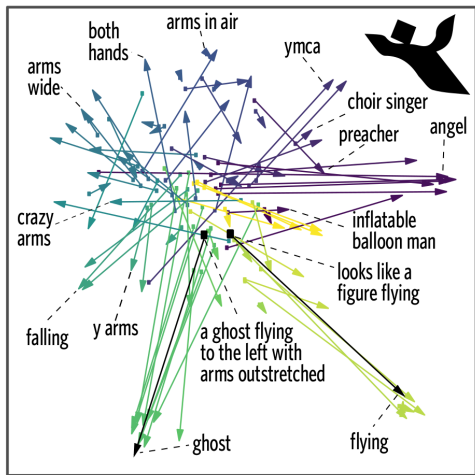
# Hawkins, Frank, & Goodman 2020

## Scaling up with web-based experiments

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# Hawkins, Frank, & Goodman 2020



Semantics converge within and diverge between groups





# Weber & Camerer 2003

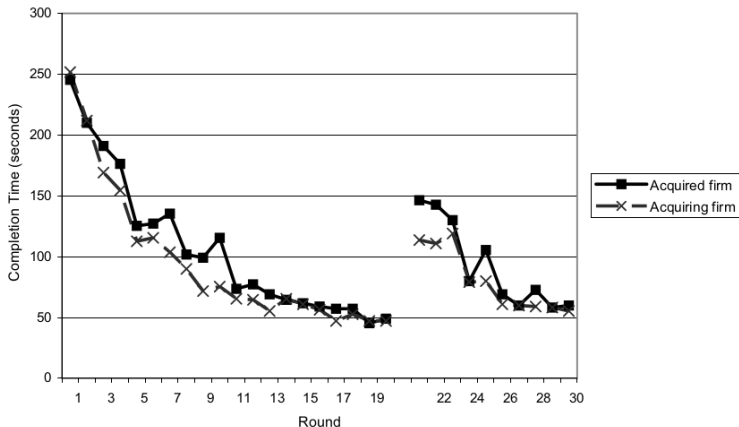
Two speaker/listener pairs train separately

Then 'merger': speaker talks with \*both\* listeners

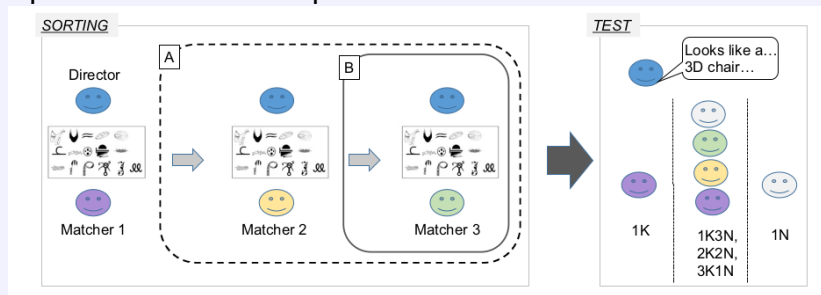
# Weber & Camerer 2003

Two speaker/listener pairs train separately  
Then 'merger': speaker talks with \*both\* listeners

Figure 2 Average Completion Times (11 Merger Sessions)



## Speaker talks to multiple matchers



Examine speaker's utterance length, elaborations, disfluencies

END BAD PART

# First Year Project

Dynamics of alignment in larger groups

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Compare groups of 2/3/4 communicators

- Look for differential reduction

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Dynamics of alignment in larger groups

Compare groups of 2/3/4 communicators

- Look for differential reduction

Rotate who is the knowledgeable speaker


- Chosen for participant experience
- Stronger measure of alignment





# Experiment Framework

Implemented in Empirica (Almaatouq et al 2020)

Round 1 / 6 > Target 1 / 12

 Laju (You)

 Repi (Listener)













 Minu (Listener)

Timer  
01:43

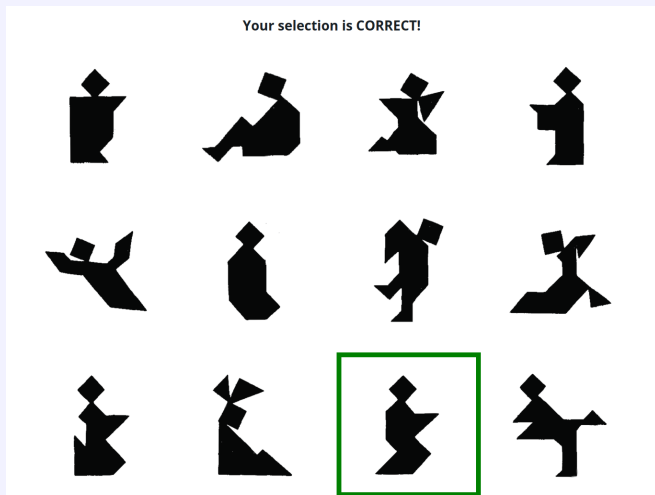
Score  
\$0.00

No messages yet...

You are the speaker. Please describe the picture in the box to the other players.

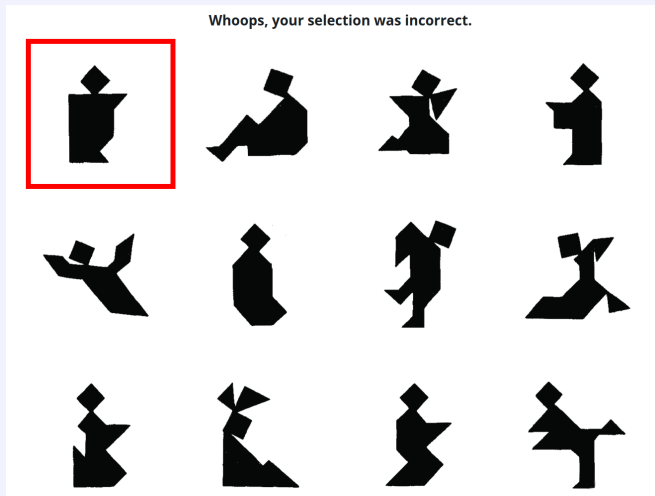
			
			
			

# Experiment Framework



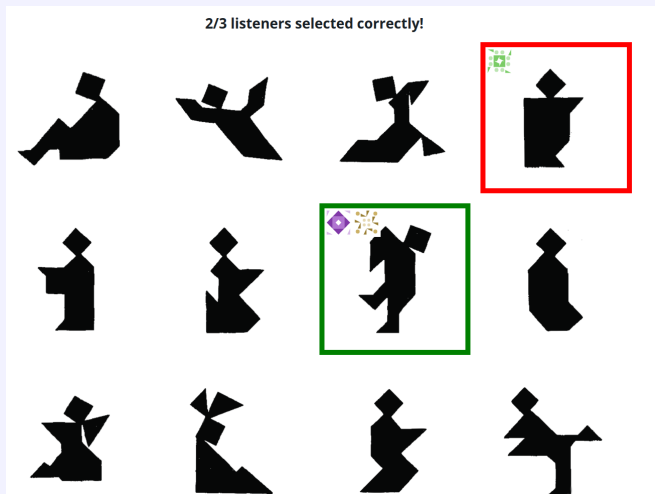
Bonus: 4 points

# Experiment Framework



Bonus: 0 points

# Experiment Framework



Bonus: Average of listeners =  $(2/3) * 4$  points

# Recruitment

Goal: 20 games in each of 2/3/4-player conditions  
Each game has 6 blocks of 12 tangrams

# Recruitment

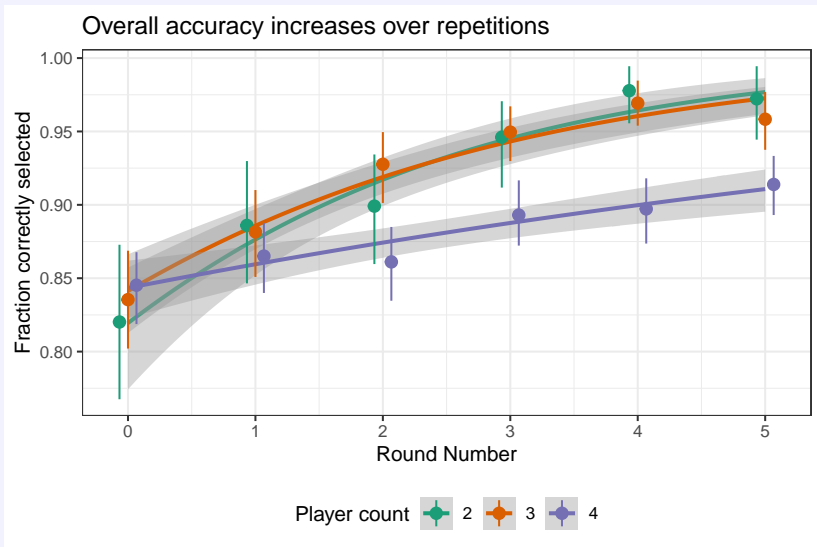
Goal: 20 games in each of 2/3/4-player conditions  
Each game has 6 blocks of 12 tangrams

Actual recruitment (over 3 days):

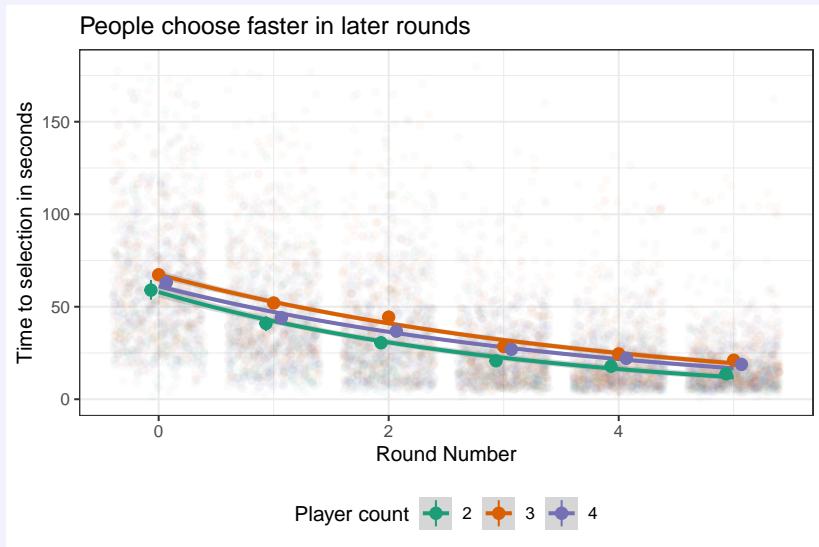
- 15 2-player games (+ 4 partial)
- 18 3-player games (+ 2 partial)
- 20 4-player games (+ 1 partial)

Include all complete blocks

# Results: Accuracy is high and increasing

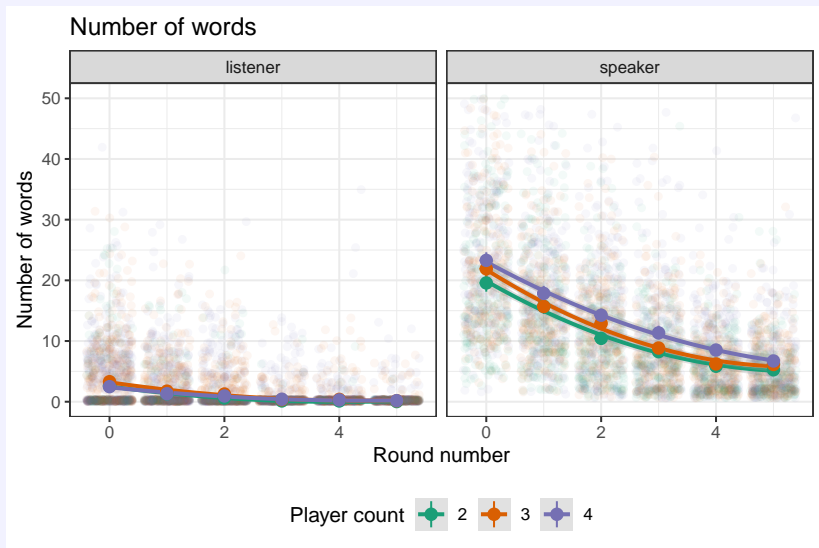


# Results: Faster in later rounds





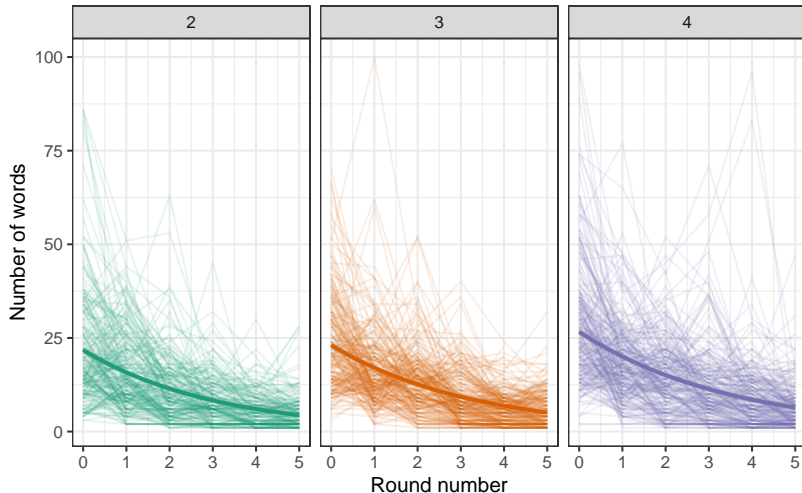
# Results: Reduction in words over time



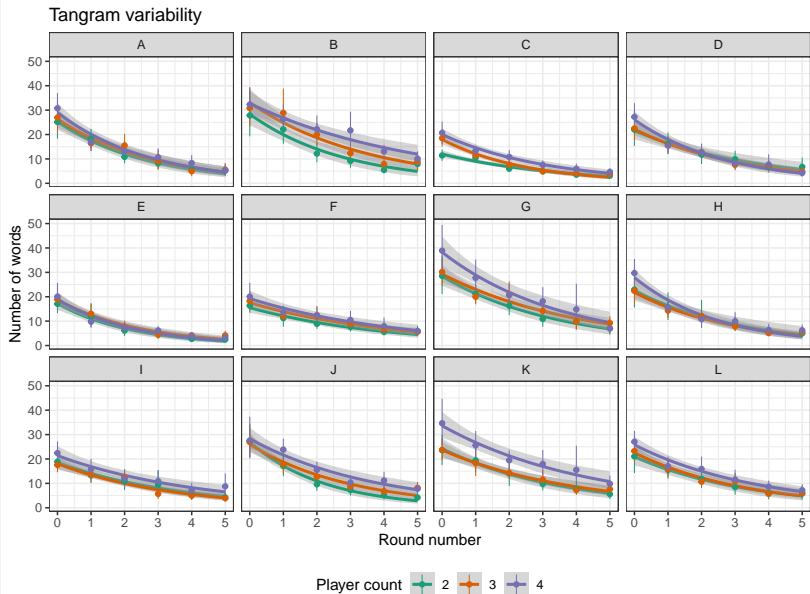
# Results: Variability in reduction rate

Most groups/tangrams reduce gradually

Words from speaker per tangram



# Results: Tangrams vary in nameability



# Example: iBaby

- 1 A(S): Looks like a letter 'i'  
C: does it look like with its hand out or not  
B: ^  
A(S): no hand it is just a head and a body.  
C: oke  
A(S): more like a baby that has been swaddled in a blanket
- 2 B(S): swaddled baby  
B(S): I  
B(S): i
- 3 C(S): the baby i
- 4 D(S): baby swaddled, looks like an i
- 5 A(S): swaddled baby
- 6 B(S): iBaby



# Example: Skydiving ghost superman

- ① A(S):flying man  
A(S): like superman  
A(S): hands in the air  
A(S): like skydiving
- ② B(S): the diver with no legs  
A: ok
- ③ C(S): This one looks like a ghost to me, but you called it superman or skydiver  
A: ok no legs?  
C(S): Correct A: ok
- ④ A(S): ghost, superman, skydiver
- ⑤ B(S): sky diver, ghost  
A: ok
- ⑥ C(S): Skydiving ghost superman



# Example: Karate kid



① A(S): Similar to the karate kid movie

A(S): the crane kick

B: Haha! Does it look like they have dangly sleeves!

C: I don't know that one.

A(S): yes

D: yes i see, thats a good explanation.

# Example: Lack of shorthand



- ① A(S):Diamond on top. Body with no real arms or legs. The body is shaped like a boot with the diamond on top.  
C: Is the boot pointed left or right?
- ② B(S): diamond on top, large body beneath it. Left is a straight line all the way down, small variations on the right to the main body
- ③ C(S): Diamond in center on top. Left side straight, right side carved out like a vase.
- ④ D(S): Diamond head, flat topped body, straight on the left side with two triangles pointing out on the left  
D(S): \*on the right
- ⑤ A(S): Diamond on top. Left side is straight, right side is obstructed, looks like a boot  
B: what do you mean by obstructed?  
A(S): The left side of the body is right, right side has bents in it
- ⑥ B(S): Diamond on top of a long large body/rectangle. Left side is complete, right side has bits missing

# Example: Meta doesn't always help

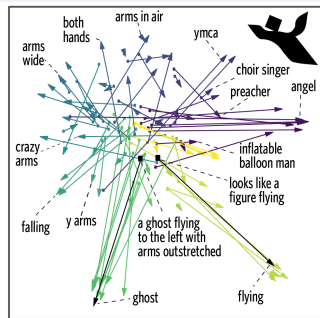


- 1 ...A(S): yes, the legs are like a zig zag  
C: CODE name ZIGZAG  
A(S): There are no legs upwards
- 2 B(S): okay so similar to begger guy but no foot pointing up  
B(S): its like a zigzag  
B(S): i forgot the code name  
D: zigzag yea  
A: The one standing with knees bent listener  
B(S): yeah  
B(S): standing  
C: Yeah zigzag
- 3 C(S): The begger with no foot coming out from the left  
B: zigzag  
C(S): zigzag it is  
C(S): sorry i forgot
- 4 D(S): zigzag
- 5 A(S): zigzag
- 6 B(S): beggar guy  
B(S): zigzag



# Future analyses: Semantics

- Convergence by group size
- Accuracy & convergence
- Geometric v metaphorical language



# Future directions

How far does this generalize?

- group size
- item sets
- game paradigms

What makes communication more efficient?

- Background knowledge
- Curriculum learning

# Comments, Questions?

Looking for feedback on

- Analyses
- Future data sets