How do conventions emerge in group communication?

Veronica Boyce

CogSci seminar

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Communication occurs in many contexts

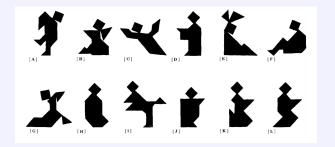
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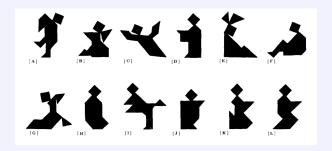
Ranging from one-on-one to small group to large group to broadcast

Communication occurs in many contexts

Ranging from one-on-one to small group to large group to broadcast

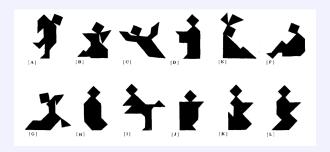
In all cases, need to efficiently establish reference.



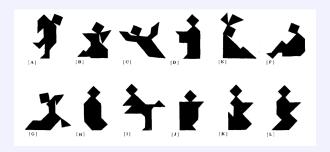


All right, the next one looks like a person who's ice skating, except, they're sticking two arms out in front.

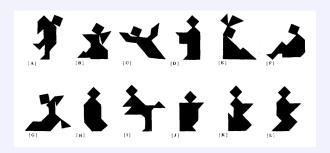
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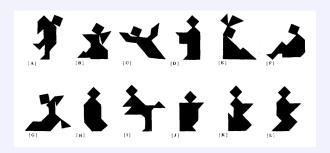
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- Um, the next one's the person ice skating that has two arms?



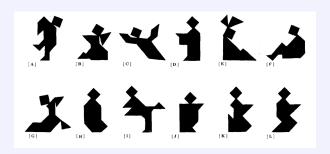
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- The next one's the ice skater.



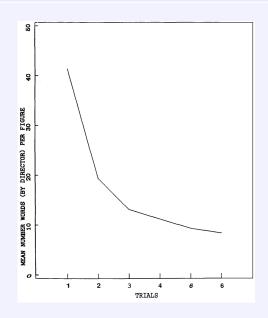
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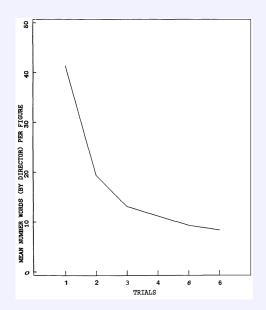
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- 5 The fourth one's the ice skater.
- 6 The ice skater.

3

Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986: Reduction



Clark & Wilkes-Gibbs 1986: Reduction



Ubiquitous phenomenon Many explanations:

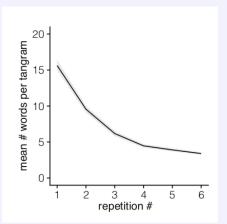
- Common ground (Clark 1996)
- Recursive mentalistic inference (Goodman & Frank 2016)
- Interactive priming (Garrod & Pickering 2009)
 (Won't address today)

4

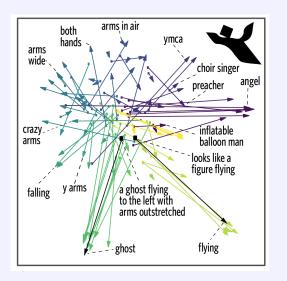
Hawkins, Frank, & Goodman 2020:

Scaling up via web-based experiments

- Cued version with feedback on each trial
- Message with a chat box
- After all exclusions, 83 dyads



Hawkins, Frank, & Goodman 2020: Content Analysis



Semantics converge within and diverge between groups

Dyads are well-studied in this paradigm,...

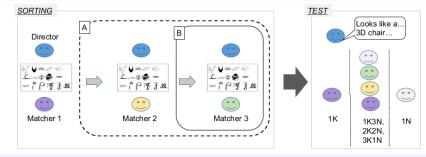
Dyads are well-studied in this paradigm,... but much real-life communication is not dyadic.

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How does efficient reference work in groups?

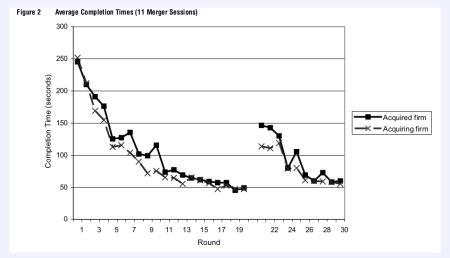
Yoon & Brown-Schmidt 2019: Audience design

Speaker trains with some matchers
Then talks with knowledgeable and/or naive listeners



Longer, more elaborated & disfluent utterances with mixed or naive listeners

Weber & Camerer 2003: Adversarially trained listeners



Hard to accommodate listeners with different concepts

FYP: Communication in small groups

Compare groups of 2/3/4 communicators Follow paradigm of Hawkins et al

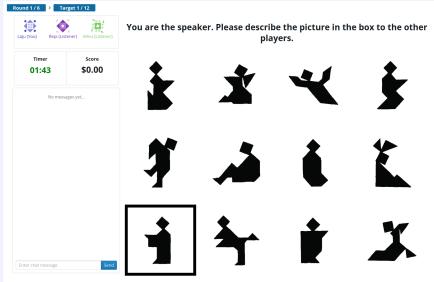
- · Rotate who the speaker is
- Different feedback

Questions we can address:

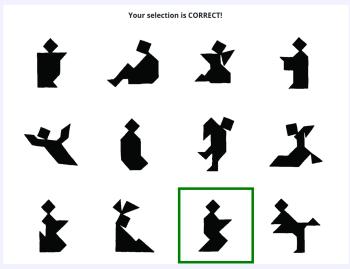
- · speed of convergence by group size
- managing multiple listeners
- use convention v new description
- where/when do conventions originate

Empirica (Almaatouq et al 2020)

Virtual Lab platform for real-time interactive experiments

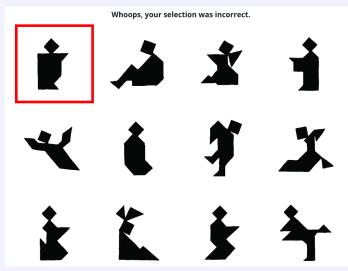


Experiment Framework



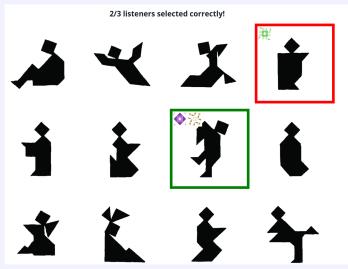
Bonus: 4 points

Experiment Framework



Bonus: 0 points

Experiment Framework



Bonus: Average of listeners = (2/3) * 4 points

Recruitment

Goal: 20 games in each of 2/3/4-player conditions Each game has 6 blocks of 12 tangrams

Recruitment

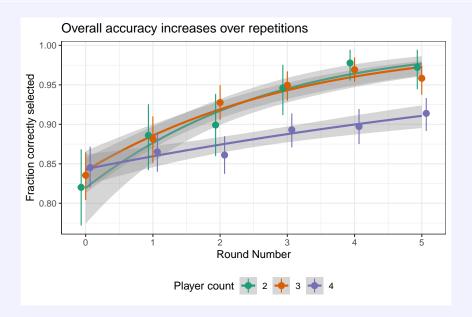
Goal: 20 games in each of 2/3/4-player conditions Each game has 6 blocks of 12 tangrams

Actual recruitment (over 3 days):

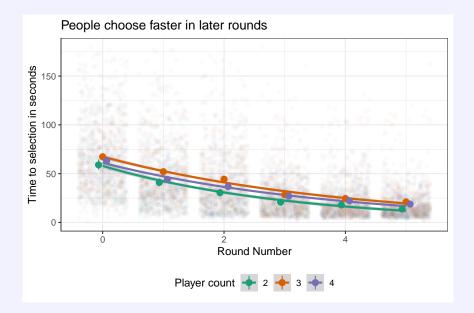
- 15 2-player games (+ 4 partial)
- 18 3-player games (+ 2 partial)
- 20 4-player games (+ 1 partial)

Include all complete blocks

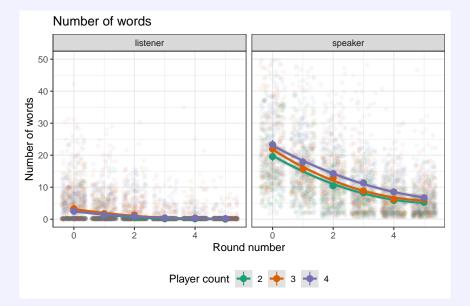
Results: Accuracy is high and increasing



Results: Faster in later rounds

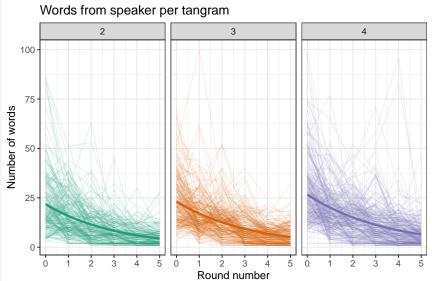


Results: Reduction in words over time

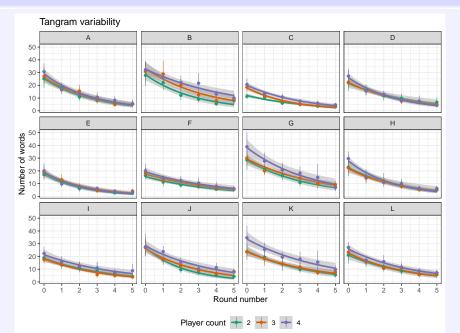


Results: Variability in reduction rate

Most groups/tangrams reduce gradually



Results: Tangrams vary in nameability



Results: Models

Bayesian model to allow for correlated variability

- Block: -3.22 words [-4.95, -1.55]
- Player count: 1.93 words [-0.15, 4.02]
- Speaker choosing wrong on the previous block: 4.15 words [2.54, 5.79]

Example: iBaby

A(S):Looks like a letter 'i'

C: does it look like with its hand out or not

B: ^

A(S): no hand it is just a head and a body.

C: oke

A(S): more like a baby that has been swaddled in a blanket

② B(S): swaddled baby

B(S): I

B(S): i

③ C(S): the baby i

D(S): baby swaddled, looks like an i

A(S): swaddled baby

6 B(S): iBaby



Example: Skydiving ghost superman

A(S):flying man

A(S): like superman

A(S): hands in the air

A(S): like skydiving

B(S): the diver with no legs

A: ok

3 C(S): This one looks like a ghost to me, but you called it superman or skydiver

A: ok no legs?

C(S): Correct A: ok

4 A(S): ghost, superman, skydiver

B(S): sky diver, ghost

A: ok

© C(S): Skydiving ghost superman



Example: Karate kid

*

A(S): Similar to the karate kid movie

A(S): the crane kick

B: Haha! Does it look like they have dangly sleeves!

C: I don't know that one.

A(S): yes

D:yes i see, thats a good explenation.

Example: Lack of shorthand

- A(S):Diamond on top. Body with no real arms or legs. The body is shaped like a boot with the diamond on top.
 C: Is the boot pointed left or right?
- B(S): diamond on top, large body beneath it. Left is a straight line all the way down, small variations on the right to the main body
- 3 C(S): Diamond in center on top. Left side straight, right side carved out like a vase.
- D(S): Diamond head, flat topped body, straight on the left side with two triangles pointing out on the left D(S): *on the right

 D(
- S A(S): Diamond on top. Left side is straight, right side is obstructed, looks like a boot
 - B: what do you mean by obstructed?
 - A(S): The left side of the body is right, right side has bents in it
- 6 B(S): Diamond on top of a long large body/rectangle. Left side is complete, right side has bits missing

Example: Meta doesn't always help

1 ...A(S): yes, the legs are like a zig zag

C: CODE name ZIGZAG

A(S): There are no legs upwards

B(S): okay so similar to begger guy but no foot pointing up

B(S): its like a zigzag

B(S): i forgot the code name

D: zigzag yea

A: The one standing with knees bent

B(S): yeah

B(S): standing

C: Yeah zigzag

O(S): The begger with no foot coming out from the left

B: zigzag

C(S): zigzag it is

C(S): sorry i forgot

4 D(S): zigzag

A(S): zigzag

6 B(S): beggar guy

B(S): zigzag



Future analyses: Semantics

Convergence by group size

Accuracy & convergence

Geometric v metaphorical language

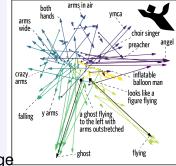
· Where/when are (atypical) concepts introduced?

arms in air choir singer figure flying

Future analyses: Semantics

- · Convergence by group size
- Accuracy & convergence
- Geometric v metaphorical language

Where/when are (atypical) concepts introduced?





How far does this generalize?

- · Group size
- Stimuli
- Game set ups, feedback

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What makes communication more efficient?

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Online implementation makes iterations, variations easy

Comments, Questions?

Looking for feedback on

- Analyses
- · Future data sets