

## Exercise Sheet 2

1. Apply the Newton's method with step size 1 to the following problem:

$$\min_{x=(t_1, t_2)^T \in \mathbb{R}^2} t_1^2 + t_2^2 + t_1^4 \quad (1)$$

with starting point  $x_0 = (\epsilon, \epsilon)^T$  where  $\epsilon > 0$  is very small, calculate the next iterate and you should find that  $\|x_1\|_2 = O(\epsilon^3)$ .

2. Write a program on quasi-Newton method with exact line search to solve the problem:

$$\min_{x=(t_1, t_2)^T \in \mathbb{R}^2} t_1^2 + 2t_2^2 \quad (2)$$

starting from  $x_0 = (1, 1)^T$ . Use BFGS and DFP update formula, respectively. Set the initial matrix  $H_0 = I$  for both methods.

3. Prove that if  $J_k^T r_k \neq 0$ , the Cauchy point of the trust region subproblem for nonlinear least-squares problem

$$\min q_k(d) = \frac{1}{2} \|J_k d + r_k\|_2^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \|d\|_2 \leq \Delta_k$$

satisfies

$$q_k(0) - q_k(s_k^c) \geq \frac{1}{2} \|J_k^T r_k\| \min \left\{ \frac{\|J_k^T r_k\|}{\|J_k^T J_k\|}, \Delta_k \right\}.$$

4. Find the KKT point(s) of the following problem:

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{x=(t_1, t_2)^T \in \mathbb{R}^2} \quad & t_1 + t_2 \\ \text{s. t.} \quad & 2 - 2t_1^2 - t_2^2 \geq 0, \quad t_2 \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

5. Write a program to apply a penalty function method to solve

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{x=(t_1, t_2)^T \in \mathbb{R}^2} \quad & t_1 + t_2 \\ \text{s. t.} \quad & t_1^2 + t_2^2 - 2 = 0. \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the iterates generated in the first two iterations, namely,  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ .