

$$\max_{q(z)} \mathcal{L}(q(z)) = \int_z q(z) \log \frac{p(x, z)}{q(z)} \quad \text{Assume } q(z) = \prod_{i=1}^I q_i(z_i)$$

$$\mathcal{L}(q(z)) = \mathcal{L}(\prod q(z_i)) = \int_z \prod q(z_i) \log \frac{p(x, z)}{\prod q(z_i)} dz$$

$$\log \hat{p}(x, z_j) = E_{\prod_{i \neq j} q(z_i)} [\log p(x, z)]$$

$$= \int_{z_j} q(z_j) \left[ \int_{\prod_{i \neq j} z_i} \prod_{i \neq j} q(z_i) \log p(x, z) dz_{-j} \right] dz_j - \int_z \prod q(z_i) \sum_{i=1}^I \log q(z_i) dz$$

$$\stackrel{+}{=} \int_{z_j} q(z_j) \log \hat{p}(x, z_j) dz_j - \int_{z_j} q(z_j) \log q(z_j) dz_j$$

$$= \int_{z_j} q(z_j) \log \frac{\hat{p}(x, z_j)}{q(z_j)} dz_j = -KL(q(z_j) || \hat{p}(x, z_j))$$

$$q(z_j) = \hat{p}(x, z_j) \text{ max } \mathcal{L} \Rightarrow \log q(z_j) = \log \hat{p}(x, z_j)$$

$$\text{so } \log q(z_j) = E_{\prod_{i \neq j} q(z_i)} [\log p(x, z)]$$

$$\int_z \pi f(z_i) \sum_l \log f(z_l) dz \stackrel{+}{=} \int_{z_j} f(z_j) \log f(z_j) dz_j$$

$$\text{LHS} = \sum_l \int_z \log f(z_l) \pi f(z_i) dz$$

$$= \sum_l \int_{z_l} f(z_l) \log f(z_l) \left[ \int_{z_l} \pi f(z_i) dz_l \right] dz_l$$

$$\stackrel{+}{=} \int_{z_j} f(z_j) \log f(z_j) dz_j$$