## Harris - Venkaksh plus Stork, Robin Zhung

Abstract: The class number formula describes the behavior of the Dedekind zeta function at s = 0 and s = 1. The Stark and Gross conjectures extend the class number formula, describing the behavior of Artin L-functions and p-adic L-functions at s = 0 and s = 1 in terms of units and class numbers. The Harris-Venkatesh conjecture describes the residue of Stark units modulo p, giving a modular analogue to the Stark and Gross conjectures while also serving as the first verifiable part of the broader Prasanna-Venkatesh conjectures. In this talk, I will draw a picture, formulate a unified conjecture combining Harris-Venkatesh and Stark for weight one modular forms, and describe the proof of this in the imaginary dihedral case.

Modular Forms Zeta Function Dodckind Zeta Function Stark and Gross Conjective

Title: Moduleur Grelfund pairs multiplicity-free triplets (Manyle gamma facto)

Question: When is on induced representation multiplicity free? Ind A(P) Multiplicity free triple: If each component is multiplicity free (CAHIP) Crestand Pair: (Co. H) if (Co. H, tive) is multiplicity free

\$,: Multiplicity the new in finite groups with chanceturistic ? O

S. Chamme factors in char(o) or this!= P

Greneral Criterion over a Consider Hecke algebra HIGH, H. P. C) = space of an continuous functions. It commutative multiplicity free.

Schus Lemma Grelfund's Trick

Example: Whilaker Models

Representation Theory Symmetry of groups Chassical branching rules Adding blocks Familianity with common groups Subrepresentation

Induction Triva - twial

Reducability

p-adic groups

Endowophism Anti-Involution

Surjective

Functor

Projective

Jusedive

Lucas Laughand's correspondence

Field

Whitever Model

Ranca - Selbers Gramma Fereton

Cover

Collupse