Algebra_Lineal_220325

March 22, 2025

```
[2]: import numpy as np
 [3]: # Creando una lista normal de python
      v1 = [2,4,6]
 [4]: # Creando un arrgelo/vector de numpy
      v2 = np.array([2,4,6])
 [5]: type(v1)
 [5]: list
 [6]: type(v2)
 [6]: numpy.ndarray
 [7]: # Crea un vector con unos, del tamaño que yo le indique en el argumento
      v3 = np.ones(3)
      vЗ
 [7]: array([1., 1., 1.])
 [8]: # Crear un vector dentro de un rango especificado (inicio, fin (hasta antes de))
      v4 = np.arange(1,8)
      v4
 [8]: array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 [9]: # suma con listas de python
      v5 = [1,2,3,4]
      v6 = [5,6,7,8]
[10]: v5+v6
[10]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[15]: v5-v6
```

```
TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[15], line 1
       ----> 1 v5-v6
       TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for -: 'list' and 'list'
[18]: v5 * 7
[18]: [1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
       4,
       1,
       2,
       3,
[13]: #suma con arreglos/vectores de numpy
      v7 = np.array([1,2,3,4])
      v8 = np.array([5,6,7,8])
[14]: v7+v8
[14]: array([ 6, 8, 10, 12])
```

```
[17]: #resta
      v7-v8
[17]: array([-4, -4, -4, -4])
[19]: # multiplicación
      v7*7
[19]: array([7, 14, 21, 28])
[21]: # Producto punto, escalar o interior
      x = np.array([1,2,3])
      y = np.array([4,5,6])
      sum(x*y)
[21]: 32
[22]: np.dot(x,y)
[22]: 32
[23]: #Calculando la norma
      x1 = np.array([1,2,3,4])
      np.linalg.norm(x1)
[23]: 5.477225575051661
[26]: # Operaciones con matrices
      A = np.array([[1,3,2],
                   [1,0,0],
                   [1,2,2]])
      Α
[26]: array([[1, 3, 2],
             [1, 0, 0],
             [1, 2, 2]])
[27]: # Multiplicación por escalar
      A * 2
[27]: array([[2, 6, 4],
             [2, 0, 0],
             [2, 4, 4]])
```

```
[28]: B = np.array([[1,0,5],
                    [7,5,0],
                    [2,1,1])
[29]: # Suma de matrices
      A + B
[29]: array([[2, 3, 7],
             [8, 5, 0],
             [3, 3, 3]])
[30]: # Resta de matrices
      A - B
[30]: array([[ 0, 3, -3],
             [-6, -5, 0],
             [-1, 1, 1]])
[31]: # Para ver la dimensión de una matriz
      A.shape
[31]: (3, 3)
[32]: # Para ver la cantidad de elementos
      A.size
[32]: 9
[33]: # Multiplicación de matrices
      A1 = np.arange(1,13).reshape(3,4)
      A1
[33]: array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4],
             [5, 6, 7, 8],
             [ 9, 10, 11, 12]])
[34]: B1 = np.arange(8).reshape(4,2)
      В1
[34]: array([[0, 1],
             [2, 3],
             [4, 5],
             [6, 7]])
[35]: A1 @ B1
```