MATH-F310: Differential Geometry I - Assignment 5 -

Differential of maps and critical points

- 1. \diamondsuit ¹ Prove that a function with vanishing differential on a connected surface is constant.
- 2. \diamondsuit Define the height function $h:(x,y,z)\mapsto z$ on the torus:

$$T := \left\{ \left(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - R \right)^2 + z^2 = r^2 \right\}, R > r.$$

Find out its critical points. Explain with pictures the critical points of the function $(x, y, z) \mapsto y$.

- 3. \diamondsuit The holomorphic map $z \mapsto z^2$ extends to a smooth map $f: S^2 \to S^2$ using stereographic projection. Compute the differential of this map at a point $p \in S^2$ and find out the critical points of f.
- 4. \clubsuit If $f: S_1 \to S_2$ is a diffeomorphism between two surfaces, prove that at each $x \in S_1$, the derivative df_x is an isomorphism of tangent spaces.
- 5. \clubsuit For $t \in \mathbb{R}$, let $F_t : \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the rotation of angle t along the z-axis. Prove that for all $t \in \mathbb{R}$, $f_t := F_t|_{S^2} : S^2 \to S^2$ is a diffeomorphism. Compute the differential of f_t . For any $p \in S^2$, define its flow line as $\gamma_p : \mathbb{R} \to S^2, t \mapsto f_t(p)$. Compute $\gamma_p'(t)$.
- 6. † Prove that the set of critical points of a smooth function on a surface is closed and hence compact if the surface is compact.
- 7. † Suppose S is an oriented surface and $n: S \to S^2$ is its Gauss map. Compute the differential of n.

¹Exercises marked by a \diamondsuit will be done in class (if time permits). Exercises marked by a ♣ are to prepare at home for the second test. Exercises marked by a † are extra exercises.