# COS284 Practical Assignment 2: Floating-Point String Conversion and Processing

University of Pretoria Department of Computer Science

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# **Assignment Overview**

In this assignment, you will write assembly functions in YASM (Yet Another Assembler) that perform string-to-floating-point conversion, array processing, and integrate these functionalities into a single cohesive program. The tasks are designed to simulate real-world applications of low-level programming, such as memory management and data manipulation at the assembly level.

# Assignment Objectives

- 1. Convert a string representation of a number into a floating-point value.
- 2. Parse and extract multiple floating-point numbers from a formatted string.
- 3. Process an array of floating-point numbers to compute a result based on specific mathematical operations.

4. Integrate the functions to create a complete program that takes user input, processes it, and outputs the correct result.

#### Mission Details

The experience will simulate a low-level data processing operation:

```
Enter values separated by whitespace and enclosed in pipes (|): | 32.133 45.66 -21.255 |
The result is: -4950590716.5
```

The following sections will break down the tasks and provide hints where needed.

#### Task 1: String to Floating-Point Conversion

Your first task is to write a function that converts a null-terminated string into a floating-point number. If the conversion is unsuccessful, your function should return 0.0. You will write the necessary code for this conversion in the file **convert\_string\_to\_float.asm**. A partial skeleton will not be provided. Be sure to spell the file name correctly.

#### Task 2: Extracting and Converting Floats from a String

The second task requires you to extract multiple floating-point numbers from a string formatted as follows:

```
| 32.133 45.66 -21.255 |
```

You will write the necessary code in the file **extract\_and\_convert\_floats.asm**. This function will:

- Parse the input string.
- Convert the extracted substrings to floating-point numbers.
- Store the results in a dynamically allocated array.

A partial skeleton will not be provided. Be sure to spell the file name correctly.

## Task 3: Processing the Array of Floats

In this task, you will write a function that processes an array of floating-point numbers to produce a single result. The processing involves:

- Converting the float array to a double-precision array.
- Multiplying each element by the next in the array.
- Summing the resulting values.

You will write the necessary code for this in the file **process\_array.asm**. A partial skeleton will not be provided. Be sure to spell the file name correctly.

### Task 4: Integrating and Testing the Functions

Finally, you will integrate the previous tasks into a single program that:

• Prompts the user to enter a string of numbers in the format:

```
| 32.133 45.66 -21.255 |
```

- Uses the functions from Task 2 to parse and convert the string into an array of floats.
- Processes the array using the function from Task 3.
- Outputs the final computed result.

You will not need to write the integration code yourself. Instead, you will re-upload your tasks in one compressed file, which will then be used to test your implementation as a whole.

# Assumptions

You may assume the following:

- The input string will always be correctly formatted with numbers separated by spaces and enclosed within pipe characters.
- The input will not exceed a reasonable length for processing in memory.

## **Submission**

You will submit your assignment via **FitchFork** at ff.cs.up.ac.za. You will submit all of the files as an archive (.zip), and they will be graded individually. You will be graded on the following files:

```
convert_string_to_float.asm
extract_and_convert_floats.asm
process_array.asm
```

You need to submit all of these to be graded on all of the tasks. Partial marks are possible if some tasks are incomplete.

# Marking

The total is 10 marks, with a breakdown as follows:

- Task 1: 2 marks
- Task 2: 3 marks
- Task 3: 3 marks
- Task 4: 2 marks

## **Function Prototypes**

This is a high-level understanding of the functions you will be writing.

#### Advice

You will be splitting your logic into separate functions. Do not assume that a function will preserve the values in your registers when calling them. There are only 16 general-purpose registers, and although there is a calling convention to be respected, always maintain the stack as taught in the lectures.

You may use functions like fgets, printf, and strtof (to convert characters to floats).

