

**git\_comments:**

**git\_commits:**

1. **summary:** for #675 desktop comment  
**message:** for #675 desktop comment

**github\_issues:**

1. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.
2. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.
3. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.  
**label:** code-design
4. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.
5. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.  
**label:** requirement
6. **title:** Using stream buffer to process COM\_QUERY & STMT\_EXECUTE response  
**body:** For MySQL protocol, Sharding-Proxy finish COM\_QUERY Response's fetch all data, but GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA still not implemented yet.

**github\_issues\_comments:**

1. After a short investigation, I found that GET\_MORE\_CLIENT\_DATA is talking about to transfer a file to MySQL server. Did you intend to do this? As to get more data from MySQL, I tried 'setFetchDirection' and 'setFetchSize' method in JDBC, and found nothing different from packet captured by tcpdump. I doubt the MySQL server don't support this feature. I'll start a deeper study for it later.
2. I finally find out what JDBC do to avoid the client occur an OUT\_OF\_MEMORY exception in ResultSet section of <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/connector-j/5.1/en/connector-j-reference-implementation-notes.html>. JDBC read one row at a time in client TCP buffer, and MySQL server will block in IO until client TCP buffer is not full. This mechanism don't depend on the MySQL protocol. We can avoid proxy from being OUT\_OF\_MEMORY just change the parameter of stmt: stmt = conn.createStatement(java.sql.ResultSet.TYPE\_FORWARD\_ONLY, java.sql.ResultSet.CONCUR\_READ\_ONLY); stmt.setFetchSize(Integer.MIN\_VALUE); Please note that this approach will lead to a lower performance, since each time the client call next() the data will be copied from native to heap. I'll test the memory usage between these two different statements, and upload the test result.
3. **body:** This test base on my runnable code just completed, and shows the difference of memory usage between stream ResultSet and non-stream ResultSet. sharding-proxy are running on my PC with VM options: -server -Xmx1g -Xms1g -Xmn128m -Xss256k -XX:+DisableExplicitGC -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSParallelRemarkEnabled -XX:LargePageSizeInBytes=128m -XX:+UseFastAccessorMethods -XX:+UseCMSInitiatingOccupancyOnly -XX:CMSInitiatingOccupancyFraction=99 5 clients connect to a sharding-proxy, each of the clients select 150000 rows concurrently. non-stream ResultSet: ![resultset](https://user-images.githubusercontent.com/24643893/39034408-de27d700-44a8-11e8-9998-7b875fdef6b6.png) stream ResultSet: ![resultsetstreaming](https://user-images.githubusercontent.com/24643893/39034426-f2fa6d5a-44a8-11e8-9185-5b64e792ead8.png) Stream ResultSet proved to be more efficiency in space and time.  
**label:** code-design

4. fixed at 2.1.0

**github\_pulls:**

**github\_pulls\_comments:**

**github\_pulls\_reviews:**

**jira\_issues:**

**jira\_issues\_comments:**