OMB Approved No. 2900-0808 Respondent Burden: 45 minutes Expiration Date: 04-30-2017

0	Department of Ve	eterans Affai
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## BACK (THORACOLUMBAR SPINE) CONDITIONS DISABILITY BENEFITS QUESTIONNAIRE

PRC		SUBMIT			ANY EXPENSES OR COST INCURRED IN THE AND RESPONDENT BURDEN INFORMATION ON
NAM	IE OF PATIENT/VETERAN				PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
info		naire as pa			airs (VA) for disability benefits. VA will consider the e right to confirm the authenticity of ALL DBQs
			MEDICAL RI	CORD REVIEW	
WAS	S THE VETERAN'S VA CLAIMS FILE	REVIEWE	D?		
Ш	YES NO				
IF YI	ES, LIST ANY RECORDS THAT WER	E REVIEV	VED BUT WERE NOT INCLUDE	D IN THE VETERAN'S VA CL	AIMS FILE:
IF N	O, CHECK ALL RECORDS REVIEWE	D:			
	Military service treatment records		Department of Defense Form 2	14 Separation Documents	
	Military service personnel records		Veterans Health Administration	medical records (VA treatment	nt records)
	Military enlistment examination		Civilian medical records		
	Military separation examination		Interviews with collateral witnes	sses (family and others who h	ave known the veteran before and after military service)
	Military post-deployment questionnai	re 🔲	Other:		
			No records were reviewed		
				- DIAGNOSIS	
	<b>FE:</b> These are condition(s) for which ence be provided for submission to V		tion has been requested on an e	xam request form (Internal V	A) or for which the Veteran has requested medical
a pre	evious diagnosis for this condition, or	if there is	a diagnosis of a complication du	e to the claimed condition, exp	. If there is no diagnosis, if the diagnosis is different from plain your findings and reasons in comments section. Date ate determined through record review or reported history.
1B. S	SELECT DIAGNOSES ASSOCIATED	WITH THE	CLAIMED CONDITION(S) (Ch	eck all that apply):	
П					our findings and reasons in comments section.)
	Mechanical back pain syndrome	-	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Lumbosacral sprain/strain	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Facet joint arthropathy (degenerative joint disease of lumbosacral spine)	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Degenerative disc disease	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Degenerative scoliosis	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Foraminal/lateral recess/ central stenosis		e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Ц	Degenerative spondylolisthesis		e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Ш	Spondylolysis/isthmic spondylolisthesis	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Intervertebral disc syndrome	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Radiculopathy	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Ankylosis of thoracolumbar spine	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
	Ankylosing spondylitis of the thoracolumbar spine (back)	ICD Cod	e:		
	<b>NOTE:</b> If there are systemic or oth appropriate DBQ for each affected		tional manifestations of ankylo	sing spondylitis, ALSO comp	lete the Non-degenerative Arthritis DBQ and the
	Vertebral fracture (vertebrae of the back)	ICD Cod	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Ш	Other (specify)				
	Other diagnosis #1:				
	ICD Code:	Da	te of diagnosis:		

		SEC	CTION I - DIAGNOSIS (Continued)			
1B. SELECT DIAG	NOSES ASSOCIATE	D WITH THE CLAIMED CON	IDITION(S) (Check all that apply) (Continued):			
Other diagno	osis #2:					
ICD Code: _		Date of diagnosis:				
Other diagno	osis #3:					
ICD Code: _		Date of diagnosis:				
1C. COMMENTS (	(if any):					
	NO N/A	BOUT THIS CONDITION (int	ternal VA only)?			
			ECTION II - MEDICAL HISTORY			
ZA. DESCRIBE TH	HE HISTORY (includi.	ng onset and course) OF 1HI	E VETERAN'S THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION (brief summary):			
		IAT FLARE-UPS IMPACT TH	E FUNCTION OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?			
	NO NT THE VETERAN'S	DESCRIPTION OF THE IMP	ACT OF FLARE-UPS IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:			
,						
2C. DOES THE VE		AVING ANY FUNCTIONAL LC	OSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) (regardless of			
	NO	DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION	ONAL LOSS OF ELINICTIONAL IMPAIRMENT IN HIS OF HER OWN WORDS.			
IF YES, DOCUMENT THE VETERAN'S DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONAL LOSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:						
		SECTION III - INITIA	L RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS			
Measure ROM with	n a goniometer. During		nt of painful motion, which could be evidenced by visible behavior such as facial expression, wincing,			
Following the initial that 3 repetitions of	I assessment of ROM	) can serve as a representativ	ection 5.  g. For VA purposes, repetitive use testing must be included in all joint exams. The VA has determined we test of the effect of repetitive use. After the initial measurement, reassess ROM after 3 repetitions.			
3A. INITIAL ROM		1011 474.				
	Joint Movement	ROM Measurement	If ROM testing is not indicated for the veteran's condition or not able to be performed, please explain why, and then proceed to Section 5:			
	Forward Flexion (normal endpoint = 90 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				
	Extension (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				
BACK	Right Lateral Flexion (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				
	Left Lateral Flexion (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				
	Right Lateral Rotation (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				
	Left Lateral Rotation (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform				

	SECTION	ON III - INITIAL RANGE OF MOT	TION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS (Co.	ntinued)				
3B. DO ANY ABNORMAL ROM	Ms NOTED ABO	OVE CONTRIBUTE TO FUNCTIONAL	LOSS?					
YES (you will be asked to	to further descr	ibe these limitations in Section 7 bel	'ow)					
NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE	ABNORMAL R	ROMs DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:						
3C. IF ROM DOES NOT CONF	FORM TO THE	NORMAL RANGE OF MOTION IDEN	ITIFIED ABOVE BUT IS NORMAL FOR TH	IIS VETERAN (for reas	ons other than a back			
condition, such as age, bo	ody habitus, nei	urologic disease), EXPLAIN:						
	SE	CTION IV - ROM MEASUREME	NTS AFTER REPETITIVE USE TEST	ING				
4A. POST-TEST ROM MEASU	JREMENTS			T				
Is the veteran a	able to perform r	repetitive-use testing?	Is there additional limitation in ROM after repetitive-use testing?	Joint Movement	Post-test ROM Measurement			
Yes If yes, perform re	petitive-use test	ting	Yes	Forward Flexion				
No If no, provide rea	son below, then	proceed to Section 5	No, there is no change in ROM after repetitive testing	Extension				
			·	Left Lateral				
			If yes, report ROM after a minimum of 3 repetitions.	Flexion				
				Right Lateral Flexion				
			If no, documentation of ROM after repetitive-use testing is not required.	Left Lateral				
			repetitive use testing is not required.	Rotation				
				Right Lateral Rotation				
4B. DO ANY POST-TEST ADD	DITIONAL LIMIT	ATIONS OF ROMS NOTED ABOVE		Rotation				
YES (you will be asked to further describe these limitations in Section 7 below)								
NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE POST-TEST ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF ROMS DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:								
NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE POST-TEST ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF ROMS DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:								
		SECTION	ON V - PAIN					
5A. ROM MOVEMENTS PAIN	FUL ON ACTIV	E, PASSIVE AND/OR REPETITIVE U	SE TESTING					
Are any ROM movements								
painful on active, passive	If you (there	are painful movements), does the						
and/or repetitive use testing?		ontribute to functional loss or	If no (the pain does not contribute to fur	actional loss or addition	nal limitation of ROM),			
(If yes, identify whether active, passive, and/or repetitive use	add	litional limitation of ROM?	explain why the p	ain does not contribute:				
in question 5D)								
		iII be and a dee Condi on deconile						
Yes		ou will be asked to further describe mitations in Section 7 below)						
No	No No	muutons in seetion / setow)						
	IGHT-BEARING	G OR IN NON WEIGHT-BEARING						
Is there pain when the joint is used in weight-bearing or non								
weight-bearing?	,	pain when used in weight-bearing	If no (the pain does not contribute to fur	actional loss or additio	nal limitation of ROM)			
(If yes, identify whether weight-		t-bearing), does the pain contribute		ain does not contribute:				
bearing or non weight-bearing	to functional id	oss or additional limitation of ROM?						
in question 5D)								
Yes	Yes (yo	ou will be asked to further describe						
	these li	mitations in Section 7 below)						
☐ No	☐ No							
5C. LOCALIZED TENDERNES	SS OR PAIN ON	I PALPATION						
Does the Veteran have localize								
or pain to palpation of joints of		If yes, describe including	location, severity and relationship to condi	tion(s) listed in the Diag	nosis section:			
☐ Yes ☐ N	0							
]								
5D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:								
.,								

SECTION VI - GUARDING AND MUSCLE SPASM					
6A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE GUARDING OR MUSCLE SPASM OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?  YES NO					
6B. GAIT:  NORMAL  ABNORMAL  Due to:  Muscle spasm  Guarding  Other, describe and provide etiology:					
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:					
6C. SPINAL CONTOUR:  NORMAL  ABNORMAL  Due to:  Muscle spasm  Guarding  Other, describe and provide etiology:					
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:					
SECTION VII - FUNCTIONAL LOSS AND ADDITIONAL LIMITATION OF ROM					
NOTE: The VA defines functional loss as the inability, due to damage or infection in parts of the system, to perform normal working movements of the body with normal excursion, strength, speed, coordination and/or endurance. As regards the joints, factors of disability reside in reductions of their normal excursion of movements in different planes.  Using information from the history and physical exam, select the factors below that contribute to functional loss or impairment (regardless of repetitive use) or to additional limitation of ROM after repetitive use for the joint or extremity being evaluated on this DBQ:					
7A. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY (check all that apply and indicate side affected):					
Less movement than normal (due to ankylosis, limitation or blocking, adhesions, tendon-tie-ups, contracted scars, etc.)					
More movement than normal (from flail joints, resections, nonunion of fractures, relaxation of ligaments, etc.)					
Weakened movement (due to muscle injury, disease or injury of peripheral nerves, divided or lengthened tendons, etc.)					
Excess fatigability					
Incoordination, impaired ability to execute skilled movements smoothly  Pain on movement					
Swelling					
Deformity					
Atrophy of disuse					
Instability of station					
Disturbance of locomotion					
Interference with sitting					
Interference with standing					
Other, describe:					

could significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is <i>used repeatedly over a period of time</i> and that opinion, if feasible, should be express terms of the degree of additional ROM loss due to pain on use or during flare-ups. The following section will assist you in providing this required opinion.  7B. ARE ANY OF THE ABOVE FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION?  YES ( <i>If yes, complete question 7C and 7D</i> )  NO ( <i>If no, proceed to question 7D</i> )  7C. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination significantly limit functional.  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the point is used repeatedly over a period of time and that opinion, if feasible, should be express terms of the degree of additional ROM loss due to pain and that opinion, if feasible, should be express terms of the degree of additional ROM loss due to pain and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed to the pain and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed to the pain and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed to the pain and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed to the pain and that opinion is feasible, should be expressed to the pain and the providing this required opinion.	ARE ANY OF THE ABOVE FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION?  YES (If yes, complete question 7C and 7D)  NO (If no, proceed to question 7D)  CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is sed repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Forward Flexion  Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Flexion  Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral  Est. ROM is Flexion  Est. ROM is
YES (If yes, complete question 7C and 7D)   NO (If no, proceed to question 7D)   TC. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION   Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?    If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:   If there is a functional loss due to pain and/or when the joint is used repe	YES (If yes, complete question 7C and 7D)  NO (If no, proceed to question 7D)  CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is sed repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:  Forward Flexion
NO (If no, proceed to question 7D)  7C. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time used repeatedly over a period of time.  Forward Flexion	NO (If no, proceed to question 7D)  CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is ed repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:    Forward
TC. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM can estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Forward Flexion	Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Forward Flexion
Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:    Forward Flexion	Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is ed repeatedly over a period of time?  If yes, please estimate ROM due to pain and/or functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  If there is a functional loss due to pain, during flare-ups and/or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time:    Forward   Est. ROM is not feasible
incoordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?    Touring flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time	specification significantly limit functional lity during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?    Yes   No
incordination significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?    St. ROM is   Extension   Est. ROM is   Flexion   Est. ROM is   Est. ROM is   Flexion   Es	functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time?  Forward Flexion  Est. ROM is not feasible  Extension  Yes No  No  No  Moderate dispersion of time trunctional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be estimated, please describe the functional loss:  Used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be est
Flexion not feasible  Extension Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Flexion Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral Flexion Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Flexion Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  To. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY NOT ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  IS THERE ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS (not associated with limitation of motion) DURING FLARE-UPS OR WHEN THE JOINT IS USED REPEATEDLY OVER A PE	Flexion not feasible  Extension Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral Est. ROM is
Right Lateral Flexion Solution	Right Lateral Flexion
Flexion not feasible  Left Lateral Flexion Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  7D. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY NOT ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  IS THERE ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS (not associated with limitation of motion) DURING FLARE-UPS OR WHEN THE JOINT IS USED REPEATEDLY OVER A PE	Yes No Flexion not feasible Est. ROM is
Left Lateral Flexion Est. ROM is not feasible  Right Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  Left Lateral Rotation Est. ROM is not feasible  To. Contributing factors of disability Not associated with limitation of motion) During flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a personal process.	Left Lateral Est. ROM is
Rotation — Inot feasible  Left Lateral Rotation — Est. ROM is not feasible  7D. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY NOT ASSOCIATED WITH LIMITATION OF MOTION  IS THERE ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS (not associated with limitation of motion) DURING FLARE-UPS OR WHEN THE JOINT IS USED REPEATEDLY OVER A PERMITTED CONTRIBUTION OF MOTION	Tickion not readilic
Rotation	
IS THERE ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS (not associated with limitation of motion) DURING FLARE-UPS OR WHEN THE JOINT IS USED REPEATEDLY OVER A PE	
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE:	
SECTION VIII - MUSCLE STRENGTH TESTING  8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement  1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement  2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated  3/5 Active movement against gravity  4/5 Active movement against some resistance  5/5 Normal strength	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement  1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement  2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated  3/5 Active movement against gravity  4/5 Active movement against some resistance  5/5 Normal strength	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength    Side   Flexion/   Rate   Is there a reduction in   If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the   If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement  1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement  2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated  3/5 Active movement against gravity  4/5 Active movement against some resistance  5/5 Normal strength    Side   Flexion/   Rate   Is there a reduction in   If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the   If no (the reduction is not entirely	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength? If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side  Flexion/ Extension  Rate Strength  Is there a reduction in muscle strength?  If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?  Hip Flexion  /5  Knee Flexion  /5	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement   1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement   2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated   3/5 Active movement against gravity   4/5 Active movement against some resistance   5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate   Extension Strength   Strength   Strength   If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength?  If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:  Hip Flexion /5  Knee Flexion /5  Knee Extension /5  Ankle Plantar /5	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement  1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement  2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated  3/5 Active movement against gravity  4/5 Active movement against some resistance  5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Extension Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength?  If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?    Hip Flexion   /5   Knee Flexion   /5   Knee Extension   /5   Ankle Plantar   /5   Knee Flexion   /5   Knee Flexio
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Extension Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength?  Flexion /5  Knee Flexion /5  Knee Extension /5  Ankle Plantar Flexion /5  Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle   /5   Ankle   /5    Ankle	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Extension   Strength   Is there a reduction in muscle strength?   If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?      Hip Flexion   /5
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Extension Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength?  If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?  If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:    Hip Flexion	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength? If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:  Hip Flexion /5  Knee Flexion /5  Ankle Plantar Flexion /5  Ankle Dorsiflexion /5 Yes No Yes No
8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Strength Is there a reduction in muscle strength? If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?  Hip Flexion /5  Knee Flexion /5  Knee Extension /5  Ankle Plantar Flexion /5  Ankle Dorsiflexion /5   Yes   No   Yes   Yes   No   Yes   Yes   No   Yes   Ye	MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:  0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength  Side Flexion/ Rate Extension   Strength   Is there a reduction in muscle strength?   If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section?    Knee Flexion   /5    Knee Flexion   /5    Ankle Plantar Flexion   /5    Foot Abduction   /5    Material According to The Following Scale:  If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:  If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:

			SECTION VIII -	MUSCLE STRENGTH TESTING (C	Continued)		
0/5 No musclo 1/5 Palpable o 2/5 Active mo 3/5 Active mo	e movement or visible muscle ovement with grav ovement against g	contraction ity elimina ravity	TH ACCORDING TO TH n, but no joint movement tted	E FOLLOWING SCALE (Continued):			
4/5 Active mo 5/5 Normal st	ovement against s rrength	ome resis	tance				
Side	Flexion/ Extension	Rate Strength	Is there a reduction in muscle strength?	If yes, is the reduction entirely due to the claimed condition in the Diagnosis section			
	Hip Flexion	/5					
	Knee Flexion	/5					
LEFT	Knee Extension	/5					
	Ankle Plantar Flexion	/5					
	Ankle Dorsiflexion	/5	Yes No	Yes No			
	Foot Abduction	/5					
	Foot Adduction Great Toe	/5					
	Extension	/5					
8B. DOES THE V	IF YES, IS THE MUSCLE ATROPHY DUE TO THE CLAIMED CONDITION IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION?						
FOR ANY MUSCLE ATROPHY DUE TO A DIAGNOSES LISTED IN SECTION 1, INDICATE SIDE AND SPECIFIC LOCATION OF ATROPHY, PROVIDING MEASUREMENTS IN CENTIMETERS OF NORMAL SIDE AND CORRESPONDING ATROPHIED SIDE, MEASURED AT MAXIMUM MUSCLE BULK.							
LOCATION OF MUSCLE ATROPHY:  RIGHT LOWER EXTREMITY (specify location of measurement such as "10cm above or below elbow"):							
CIRCUMEE	RENCE OF MOR	RE NORM	AL SIDE: CM	CIRCUMFERENCE OF ATROPHIED	SIDE: CM		
l				such as "10cm above or below elbow"):			
CIRCUMFE	ERENCE OF MOF	RE NORM	AL SIDE: CM	CIRCUMFERENCE OF ATROPHIED	SIDE: CM		
8C. COMMENTS	, IF ANY:						
				SECTION IX - ANKYLOSIS			
COMPLETE THIS	S SECTION IF VE	TERAN F	AS ANKYLOSIS OF THE	E THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back).			
fixed in flexion of mouth and chew	or extension, and ing; breathing lin toaxial or cervica	the ankyl nited to di l subluxa	osis results in one or mo iaphragmatic respiration tion or dislocation; or ne	re of the following: difficulty walking b gastrointestinal symptoms due to press	pine, the entire thoracolumbar spine, or the entire spine is ecause of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the ure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or retching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neutral position		
9A. INDICATE SE							
	ankylosis of the er e ankylosis of the		•				
	•		ne (cervical and thoraco	lumbar)			
No ankylosi	is	·	,	,			
9B. COMMENTS	, IF ANY:						
				SECTION X - REFLEX EXAM			
	OON REFLEXES	- RATE D	EEP TENDON REFLEXE	S (DTRs) ACCORDING TO THE FOLLO	WING SCALE:		
0 Absent 1+ Hypoact 2+ Normal	ive	R	IGHT:	KNEE: + ANKLE: +			
3+ Hyperac	tive without clonu	s	LEFT:	KNEE: + ANKLE: +			

	SECTION X - REFLEX EXAM (Continued)							
10B. COMMENTS, IF ANY:								
			CTION XI - SENSOR	YEXAM				
	OR SENSATION TO LIGHT TOUCH (do	T						
Side	Upper Anterior Thigh (L2)	Thi	gh/Knee <i>(L3/4)</i>	Lower Leg/Ankle (L4/	L5/S1)	Foot/Toes (L5)		
RIGHT	Normal Decreased Absent	Norma	al Decreased Absent		creased sent	Normal Decreased Absent		
LEFT	Normal Decreased Absent	Norma	al Decreased Absent		creased sent	Normal Decreased Absent		
11B. WERE OTHE	R SENSORY TESTS INDICATED AND	PERFORME	D?		•			
	NO							
IF YES, INDICATE					1			
Side	Position Sense (grasp great toe on sides and ask patient to identify up and down movement)  Not tested  Vibration Sensation (place low-pitched tuning fork over to identify up and down movement)  IP joint of great toe)  Not tested  Cold Sensation (test distal extremities for cold sensation with side of tuning fork or other cold object)							
RIGHT	Normal Decreased	Absent	Normal D	ecreased Absent	Nor	mal Decreased Absent		
LEFT Normal Decreased Absent Decreased Absent Decreased Absent Decreased Absent								
11C. OTHER SENSORY FINDINGS, IF ANY:								
SECTION XII - STRAIGHT LEG RAISING TEST								
<b>NOTE:</b> This test can be performed with the Veteran seated or supine. Raise each straightened leg until pain begins, typically at 30-70 degrees of elevation. The test is positive if the pain radiates below the knee, not merely limited to the back or hamstring muscles. Pain is often increased on dorsiflexion of the foot, and relieved by knee flexion. A positive test suggests radiculopathy, often due to disc herniation.								
RIGHT: N								
		SEC	TION XIII - RADICUL	.OPATHY				
NOTE: Radiculor	oathy is considered to be any condition	n due to disea	se of the nerve roots and	I nerves located in the back	k.			
13A. DOES THE V	ETERAN HAVE RADICULAR PAIN OF	R ANY OTHER	R SUBJECTIVE SYMPTO	MS DUE TO RADICULOP	ATHY?			
YES	NO							
IF YES, COMPLET	TE QUESTIONS 13B-13K, INCLUDING	SYMPTOMS	, SEVERITY OF RADICU	ILOPATHY AND NERVE R	OOTS INVO	DLVED (check all that apply)		
IF THE VETERAN PLEASE PROVIDE	REPORTED RADICULAR-TYPE SYM E RATIONALE:	PTOMS IN TH	HE MEDICAL HISTORY S	SECTION ABOVE THAT YO	OU FIND AR	E NOT DUE TO RADICULOPATHY,		
12D CONCTANT	DAIN AT TIMES EVODUSIATING / 7	hi aatima eeee	tom)					
Present  If present, indicate  Right lower e	13B. CONSTANT PAIN, AT TIMES EXCRUCIATING (subjective symptom)  Present Absent (does not occur) Pain is present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in question 13K below)  If present, indicate location and severity:  Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe  Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe							
13C. INTERMITTE	NT PAIN (subjective symptom)							
Present	Absent (does not occur)	Pain is preser	nt, but not due to radiculo	pathy (if checked, provide	rationale in	question 13K below)		
· ·	location and severity:							
Right lower e		Modera Modera						
Present		ain is present	, but not due to radiculop	athy (if checked, provide re	ationale in q	nuestion 13K below)		
	location and severity:		. 🗖 -					
Right lower e		Modera Modera						

SECTION XIII - RADICULOPATHY (Continued)
13E. PARESTHESIAS AND/OR DYSESTHESIAS (subjective symptom)
Present Absent (does not occur) Paresthesias and/or dysesthesias are present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in question 13K below)
If present, indicate location and severity:  Right lower extremity:  None  Mild  Moderate  Severe
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
13F. NUMBNESS (subjective symptom)  Present Absent (does not occur) Numbness is present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in question 13K below)
If present, indicate location and severity:
Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
13G. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OBJECTIVE FINDINGS DUE TO RADICULOPATHY NOT ADDRESSED IN THE PHYSICAL EXAM SECTION?
YES NO
IF YES, DESCRIBE:
13H. INDICATE SEVERITY OF RADICULOPATHY (evaluate severity by incorporating the effects of subjective symptoms and objective findings, if any) AND SIDE AFFECTED:
Right lower extremity: Not affected Mild Moderate Severe
Left lower extremity: Not affected Mild Moderate Severe
13I. SPECIFY NERVE ROOTS INVOLVED (check all that apply):
INVOLVEMENT OF L2/L3/L4 NERVE ROOTS (femoral nerve)
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both
INVOLVEMENT OF L4/L5/S1/S2/S3 NERVE ROOTS (sciatic nerve)
If checked, indicate side affected:  Right  Both
OTHER NERVES (specify nerve root involved):
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both
13J. DOMINANT HAND
RIGHT LEFT AMBIDEXTROUS
13K. COMMENTS, IF ANY:
SECTION XIV - OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES
14. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER OBJECTIVE NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES OR FINDINGS (including, but not limited to bowel or bladder problems) ASSOCIATED WITH A THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION?
YES NO
IF YES, DESCRIBE CONDITION AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO ANY CONDITION LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION:
NOTE: If there are neurological abnormalities other than those addressed in the Physical Exam or Radiculopathy sections above, ALSO complete appropriate Disability Benefits Questionnaire for each condition identified.
SECTION XV - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES
NOTE: For VA purposes, IVDS is a group of signs and symptoms due to nerve root irritation that commonly includes back pain and sciatica (pain along the course of
the sciatic nerve) in the case of lumbar disc disease, and neck and arm or hand pain in the case of cervical disc disease.
15A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE IVDS OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE?
☐ YES ☐ NO
15B. IF YES TO QUESTION 15A ABOVE, HAS THE VETERAN HAD ANY INCAPACITATING EPISODES (a period of acute signs and symptoms due to IVDS that requires
bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician) OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS?
☐ YES ☐ NO
15C. IF YES TO QUESTION 15B ABOVE, PROVIDE THE TOTAL DURATION OF ALL INCAPACITATING EPISODES OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS:
Less than 1 week
At least 1 week but less than 2 weeks  At least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks
At least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks
At least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks
At least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks  At least 6 weeks  At least 6 weeks

SECTION XV - INTERVER	RTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES (Continued)					
15D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:						
SECTION XVI - OTHER PERTINEN	T PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS, SYMPTOMS AND SCARS					
	RTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS, OR ANY SCARS ONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?					
YES NO IF YES, COMPLETE QU	UESTIONS 16B-16D.					
16B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER PEI CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SE	RTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS RELATED TO ANY ECTION ABOVE?					
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE (br	ief summary):					
16C. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY SCARS (su. THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?	argical or otherwise) RELATED TO ANY CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN					
YES NO						
IF YES, ARE ANY OF THESE SCARS PAINFUL OR UNSTABLE; HAVE A TOTAL AREA EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 39 SQUARE CM (6 square inches); OR ARE LOCATED ON THE HEAD, FACE OR NECK?						
YES NO IF YES, ALSO COMPLETE VA FORM 21-0960F-1, SCARS/DISFIGUREMENT.						
IF NO, PROVIDE LOCATION AND MEASUREMENT						
Location:	Measurements: length cm X width cm.					
<b>NOTE:</b> An "unstable scar" is one where, for any read measurements in Comment section below. It is	eason, there is frequent loss of covering of the skin over the scar. If there are multiple scars, enter additional locations is not necessary to also complete a Scars DBQ.					
16D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:						
	SECTION XVII - ASSISTIVE DEVICES					
17A. DOES THE VETERAN USE ANY ASSISTIVE D MAY BE POSSIBLE?	DEVICES AS A NORMAL MODE OF LOCOMOTION, ALTHOUGH OCCASIONAL LOCOMOTION BY OTHER METHODS					
YES NO IF YES, IDENTIFY ASSIST	STIVE DEVICES USED (check all that apply and indicate frequency):					
Wheelchair Fr	requency of use: Occasional Regular Constant					
	requency of use: Occasional Regular Constant					
	requency of use: Occasional Regular Constant					
	requency of use:					
	requency of use: Occasional Regular Constant					
17B IE THE VETEDAN LISES AND ASSISTIVE DEV	VICES, SPECIFY THE CONDITION AND IDENTIFY THE ASSISTIVE DEVICE USED FOR EACH CONDITION:					
TIB. II THE VETERAN OSES ANT ASSISTIVE DEV	AIGES, SPECIFF THE CONDITION AND IDENTIFF THE ASSISTIVE DEVICE USED FOR EACH CONDITION.					
SECTION	XVIII - REMAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF THE EXTREMITIES					
FUNCTION REMAINS OTHER THAN THAT WH	SPINE (back) CONDITION, IS THERE FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF AN EXTREMITY SUCH THAT NO EFFECTIVE IIICH WOULD BE EQUALLY WELL SERVED BY AN AMPUTATION WITH PROSTHESIS? (Functions of the upper					
	while functions for the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)					
NO NO	AT AMPUTATION WITH PROTHESIS WOULD EQUALLY SERVE THE VETERAN.					
IF YES, INDICATE EXTREMITIES FOR WHICH THI	IS APPLIES: RIGHT LOWER LEFT LOWER					
	E CONDITION CAUSING LOSS OF FUNCTION, DESCRIBE LOSS OF EFFECTIVE FUNCTION AND PROVIDE					
SPECIFIC EXAMPLES (brief summary):						
	ne examiner to quantify the level of remaining function; it is not intended to inquire whether the Veteran should					
	For example, if the functions of grasping (hand) or propulsion (foot) are as limited as if the Veteran had an eck "yes" and describe the diminished functioning. The question simply asks whether the functional loss is to the affected limb.					

SECTION XIX - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING
NOTE: Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, even if in the past, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened. Imaging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS; Electromyography (EMG) studies are rarely required to diagnose radiculopathy in the appropriate clinical setting. For purposes of this examination, the diagnoses of IVDS and radiculopathy can be made by a history of characteristic radiating pain and/or sensory changes in the legs, and objective clinical findings, which may include the asymmetrical loss or decrease of reflexes, decreased strength and/or abnormal sensation.
19A. HAVE IMAGING STUDIES OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE BEEN PERFORMED AND ARE THE RESULTS AVAILABLE?  YES NO
IF YES, IS ARTHRITIS DOCUMENTED?  YES NO
19B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE A VERTEBRAL FRACTURE?  YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE PERCENT OF LOSS OF VERTEBRAL BODY HEIGHT: %
19C. ARE THERE ANY OTHER SIGNIFICANT DIAGNOSTIC TEST FINDINGS OR RESULTS?  YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE TYPE OF TEST OR PROCEDURE, DATE AND RESULTS (brief summary):
19D. IF ANY TEST RESULTS ARE OTHER THAN NORMAL, INDICATE RELATIONSHIP OF ABNORMAL FINDINGS TO DIAGNOSED CONDITIONS:
SECTION XX - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT
NOTE: Provide the impact of only the diagnosed condition(s), without consideration of the impact of other medical conditions or factors, such as age.
20. REGARDLESS OF THE VETERAN'S CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS, DO THE CONDITION(S) LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION IMPACT HIS OR HER ABILITY TO PERFORM ANY TYPE OF OCCUPATIONAL TASK (such as standing, walking, lifting, sitting, etc.)?  YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE THE FUNCTIONAL IMPACT OF EACH CONDITION, PROVIDING ONE OR MORE EXAMPLES:

		SECTION XXI - REMARKS		
21. REMARKS, IF ANY:				
	SECTION XXII - I	PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION AND	SIGNATURE	
CERTIFICATION - To the best of my ki	nowledge, the inf	formation contained herein is accurate	, complete and current.	
22A. PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE		22B. PHYSICIAN'S PRINTED NAME		22C. DATE SIGNED
22D. PHYSICIAN'S PHONE NUMBER	22E. PHYSICIAN	'S MEDICAL LICENSE NUMBER	22F. PHYSICIAN'S ADDRI	ESS
NOTE: VA may request additional medical inf	ormation, including	g additional examinations, if necessary to o	complete VA's review of the	veteran's application.
MPORTANT - Physician please fax the	completed form			
		(VA Regional Office FAX No	.)	
NOTE: A list of VA Regional Office FAX Nur	nbers can be found	l at www.vba.va.gov/disabilityexams or o	btained by calling 1-800-82	7-1000.
PRIVACY ACT NOTICE: VA will not disclose in	formation collected of	on this form to any source other than what has	been authorized under the Priva	acy Act of 1974 or Title 38, Code of

Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses (i.e., civil or criminal law enforcement, congressional communications, epidemiological or research studies, the collection of money owed to the United States, litigation in which the United States is a party or has an interest, the administration of VA programs and delivery of VA benefits, verification of identity and status, and personnel administration) as identified in the VA system of records, 58/VA21/22/28, Compensation, Pension, Education and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records - VA, published in the Federal Register. Your obligation to respond is required to obtain or retain benefits. VA uses your SSN to identify your claim file. Providing your SSN will help ensure that your records are properly associated with your claim file. Giving us your SSN account information is voluntary. Refusal to provide your SSN by itself will not result in the denial of benefits. VA will not deny an individual benefits for refusing to provide his or her SSN unless the disclosure of the SSN is required by a Federal Statute of law in effect prior to January 1, 1975, and still in effect. The requested information is considered relevant and necessary to determine maximum benefits under the law. The responses you submit are considered confidential (38 U.S.C. 5701). Information submitted is subject to verification through computer matching programs with other agencies.

RESPONDENT BURDEN: We need this information to determine entitlement to benefits (38 U.S.C. 501). Title 38, United States Code, allows us to ask for this information. We estimate that you will need an average of 30 minutes to review the instructions, find the information, and complete the form. VA cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed. You are not required to respond to a collection of information if this number is not displayed. Valid OMB control numbers can be located on the OMB Internet Page at <a href="https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain">www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain</a>. If desired, you can call 1-800-827-1000 to get information on where to send comments or suggestions about this form.