## CSE-321 - Introduction to Algorithm Design Homework 05 26.12.2016

- 1.) Answer question below.
  - a) Why to we use greety algorithms?
  - b.) Do greedy algorithms always fail to find globally afternal solution? Why or why not? Provide concrete examples.
  - a) Greedy aboritrosi algoritro algoritro olorak da adlandirilmaktodir.
    Buradanda anlasilacagi üsere algoritma mümkün olon uc
    sonuca en yakın olan seaimi yaparak ilerler.
    En büyük ovantaj brinden biri hizli olmasıdır.

Ornegin climate 14T para bilinim nor ve T, 57,77,107 bosul paralorm vor. Greedy algoritma 121'e en yahn maksimum bosul parayi verip ikalami da optimum sehi He verir. Yani

LIT > 10T + T+T+T+T = Toplam 5 tone for a bullanild,
14T -> 7T+7T => 2 tonc poo bullanild.

Burada global olarat optimum abzimi bulanadigimizi kontlanis

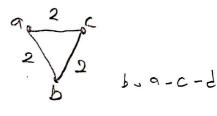
2.) Prove or disprove the following statements.



- a) If a is a minimum-weight edge in a connected weight graph, it must be among edges of at least one minimum sponning tree of the graph.
- b.) If e is a minimum weight edge in a connected weight graph, it must be among edges of each minimum spanning tree of the graph
- c.) If edge weights of a connected weighted graph are all distinct, the graph must have exactly one minimum spanning tree.
- d.) If edge weights of a connected weighted graph are not all distinct, the graph must have exactly one minimum spanning tree.

Krustal algoritmas agirlith bir graphita bûtin vertexleri icieren en kea yolu bulur.

- 1. A kerarlı bir graph icin harbangi bir düğüm sociilir.
- 2. Buna en yakın olan ve dörgü olusturmayan diğer vertex etlenir.
- 3. n-1 benor eblemene bador down edilir.
- 0.) Algoritmo bitien digionosi gradigi icin ve hor digionin lendizine en yakın (minimum -weight) düğümü seatiği icin ifade heinlille Lograph.
- b) Eger minimum weight 2 ise us graph 90 00 yorda li gibiyse a be iseaildigi taltirde 2/2 a-c edgeli minimum ureight obnasino lagmen secilments objective. You's bir iladadir.



- c.) Eger both agillible fall ise exactly I minimum spanning tree'si o'yo en yokin buar a-c-b-d
  b'ye en yokin d var a-c-b-d omegin a socildi.
- d.) Kasnlike yorkstir. I sikkinda Harkli ocyclikda olmayon graph giernistim. a-b-c, ac-b, c-b-a bunkern hepsi minimum spanning treedir.

3. Design a greety algorithm to solve O/I Knapsack Problem. Describe your greety approach in Letail. Write a program to show your algorithm including test on a sample set. Write code in Python. Analyse its best case, worst case, and everage case complexities.

Su problem bir torbonin icierisine en fozb esyanın yerbstirilmisini herbitler. Ağırılık olarak az, mali etiğeri aok olan esyabır szailmelidir.

Esya ya alınır ya bırakılır

W > kapasite index voeight value knapsack items [ ( , , ) => butun bilgileri tuta liste

- . ilk olarak bûtûn listeyi sıralarım (maliyetine göre) (bûyûkten kûciûge)
- · Listerin lelemator bitere ladora yarda respositege ulasora lada decom
- . Eger itemin degeri ve aantarin agirliginin toplami kapasitegi geamosse Gontaya o itemi kayarim aantarin agirligim gürcellerim aantarin degerini gürcellerim
- . Kapasite geailirse allorim.

5. Design a greety algorithm to solve Map (oloring Problem. Describe your greety approach in Letail. Write a program to show your algorithm including test on a sample set. Write code in Python. Analyze its best, worst, average case complexities.

Herita boyama algoritmasnota horitagi en az rentle boyamak ve konsului falli rent to boyamak lõsil amaatir.

Algoritmasi. : ilk vertexe renk ata (orn kirmizi)

- · 2. vertex ilk vertexin tompusu is è tarthi rent ata(mavi)
- · 2. verlex ilk verlexin honsusu degilse agni renk ata(t.1m,2)
- · n. vertexe tonsular. boyasızsa ilk rengi ata (trimizi)
- n. vertexe honsulu boyalysa bayasız don ilkrengi ata

Abaritma en iyi bipartite graphloca calisir.

KOXOM = 2 resk fullowal butun harita boyands.

F 0 / 0 W F 0 / 0 W F 0 / 0 W

Boton graphbon tomou otabou devinda en toto contro

L D M

6. Consider the problem of scheduling n Jobs of known durations ty... to for execution by a single processor. The Jobs can be executed in any order, one Job at a time. You want to find a schedule that minimizes the total time spect by all the Jobs in the system.

Design a greety algorithm for this problem. Does the greety algorithm always yield an optimal solution? Prove or disprove

islai non-terreasing about strabamalistic

toplonsive = +i, +(i, +ti2) + -- +(ti, +ti2+ -- tin) = Nti, + h-1) +i2 + -- +tin

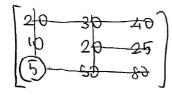
Toploni en assindimet iain daha traciól to leri daha bigit saylos atamalyse.

Gsistendeli toplon sire apaltilabilis.

7. Dosign a Greedy algorithm for the assignment problem (see section 3.4)
Does your greedy algorithm always yield on optimal solution? Prove or disprove.

Atama problembinin anacı ice en uygun tiriyi ataprat en teit maliyetli atamayı sağlamıtır.

Algoritma: Matrixde bulunon en liant elemen sea. Satir suitun isoretle (5 socilde 1. satur boyandi)



55

· Kala matrixde en Liuigi soa , boya 120 seailta)

(10,20,25) optimen as 20m degilder.

Greety algoritmas i her some optimum assimis vermes.

8) Write a pseudocodo of the greety algorithm for the change-making problem, with an amount n and coin denominations dixt2)... It as its input. What is the time efficiency class of your algorithm.

Abordonnin time efficiency:  $\sum_{i=1}^{m} c = m_i x = O(m)$ 

toplom possi bozullullorla ifale elme problemi su schilledir:

$$0 = 50$$
 $1(1) = 20$ 
 $1(2) = 10$ 
 $1(2) = 50$ 
 $1(2) = 10$ 
 $1(2) = 50$ 
 $10^{9}(0) = 0$ 
 $10^{9}(0) = 0$ 
 $10^{9}(0) = 0$ 
 $10^{9}(0) = 0$ 

Sonya obrah 50 liraya (CC1)=2 tane 20 > hrayla ifak ettim.

- 9. a. How can we use Prim's algorithm to find a spanning tree of a connected graph with no edges?
  - b. Is it a good objerithm for this problem?
  - a) Prim algoritmasının calısma matiği ağırlıklara dayanmaktadır. Dolaysiylə esper ağırlığın bir önemi yok ise bu algoritmayı kullarabilmek icin sonun değistimeyereğinden I ağırlık verebiliris
  - b.) Travel algoritmalorindon depth-first search yada breadth first search algoritmasi kullanlabilir.