

	A	B
1	<b>English</b>	<b>Somali</b>
2	Wildfire: Historical Fires	Dabka duurka: Dababka Taariiqda ah
3	Wildfire: Most Likely	Dabka duurka: Inta badan Ugu dhow
4	Landslide: Steep Slopes/Most Likely	Dhulka buurta: Dalcadaha Buurta/Inta badan Ugu dhow
5	Landslide: Historical	Dhulka buurta: Taariiqiga
6	Volcano: Lahar Zones	Folkaano: Aagaga Qulqulka foolkaanada
7	Flood: Sandbag Distribution Centers	Fatahaad: Xarumaha Qeybinta Jawaanka ciida
8	Flood: Dam Failure	Fatahaad: Howlgabka Biyo xireenka
9	Flood: Erosion Risk	Fatahaad: Halista Nabaadguurka
10	Flood: Worst Case Scenario	Fatahaad: Xaalada Dacwada Ugu xun
11	Flood: Most Likely Scenario	Fatahaad: Xaaladaha Inta badan Ugu dhow
12	Earthquake: Unreinforced Masonry Buildings	Dhulgariirka: Dhismooyinka Bulkeetiga Culus
13	Earthquake: Tsunami	Dhulgariirka: Bad-gariirka
14	Earthquake: Liquefaction	Dhulgariirka: Godadka
15	Earthquake: Worst Case Scenario	Dhulgariirka: Xaalada Dacwada Ugu xun
16	Earthquake: Cascadia M9.0	Dhulgariirka: Cascadia M9.0
17	Earthquake: Most Likely Scenario	Dhulgariirka: Xaaladaha Inta badan Ugu dhow
18	King County Emergency Management	Maamulka Gurmadka Gobolka King
19	Find out more about local resources and information at the [King County EM website].	Wax badan ka ogow illaha deegaanka iyo warbixinta [Gobolka King EM websaydka ].
20	Alert King County	Digniin sii Gobolka King
21	Get real-time alerts about what's happening in King County. Find out more [here].	Hel digniinada waqtiga dhabta ah waxa ka dhacayo Gobolka King. Wax badan ka ogow [halkaahn].
22	Alert Seattle	Digniin sii Seattle
23	Be the first to know what's happening near you. Find out more [here].	Noqo qofka ugu horeeyo ee ogaado waxa aktaada ka dhacayo. Wax badan ka ogow [halkaahn].
24	Seattle Office of Emergency Management	Xafiiska Maamulka Gurmadka Seattle
25	The [Seattle OEM] website has many great resources for finding out more.	Websaydka [Seattle OEM] wuxuu leeyahay illo badan oo wanaagsan ee ogaanshaha wax badan.
26	King County	Gobolka King
27	Children run through the water on a hot summer day at the International Fountain at Seattle Center on July 28, 2016. (Sophia Nahli Allison/The Seattle Times)	Carruurta waxay ku ordoon biyaha maalinta kuleelaha kuleelka ah ee International Fountain ee Xarunta Seattle Luuliyo 28, 2016. (Sophia Nahli Allison/The Seattle Times)
28	Man shows that people in Seattle don't just need umbrellas during the rainy season as he stands under his for shade from the sun on July 1, 2015. (Ted S. Warren / Associated Press)	Ninka wuxuu muujinayaa in dadka joogo Seattle aysan u baahneyn kaliya dalad inta lagu jiro xiliga roobka sida u joogsado hoostiisa hooska quraxda ee Luuliyo 1, 2015. (Ted S. Warren / Saxaafada La xiriirto)
29	Seattle doesn't usually get hit by big snowstorms, but when deep snow falls, cars stay off the streets and children rush for their sleds. In this photo, taken in 1937, a group of children pull their sleds up Eleventh East in the Roanoke district on Capitol Hill. The hill was known as "Devil's Dip" among locals in the area. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Seattle inta badan ma dhufato duufaan weyn, laakin baraf dhaca qotoda dheer, baabuurta wadada way ka joogaan carruurtana waxay ku degdegaan gaariga barafka. Sawirkaan, la qaaday 1937, koox carruur ah ayaa ku jiidayo gaarigooda barafka Eleventh East ee degmada Roanoke ee Capitol Hill. Buurta waxay u garanayaan "Devil's Dip" kuwa ka midka ah aaga. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
30	In this photo, workers clear snow off the railroad tracks south of King Street station. Record low temperatures and heavy snow plagued the Seattle area during the winter of 1950. Seattle recorded nine days of temperatures below ten degrees between January 12 and February 4, 1950. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan, shaqaalaha waxay nadiifiyaan wadada taraagyada ee saldhiga King Street. Qor heer kululka hoose iyo barafka culus ee ku dhufatay aaga Seattle inta lagu jiro qaboobaha 1950. Seattle waxay qortay sagaal maalmood ee heer kululka ka hoose heerka toban maalmood ee inta u dhaxeysa Janaayo 12 iyo Febraayo 4, 1950. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)

	A	B
31	This view taken during the big snow storm of 1916 looks west on Pike Street from 3rd Avenue. (MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	Aragtidaan waxaa la sameeyay inta lagu jiray duufaanta barafka culuska 1916 waxay eegtaa galbeedka Pike Street ee 3rd Avenue. (MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
32	Over five feet of snow fell on Seattle in early January 1880. The city wasn't used to such heavy snow. Schools closed, trains didn't run, and the city's activities ground to a halt . This photo was taken on January 10th, 1880 after the great snow. It shows the view up Cherry Street from First Avenue towards First Hill. (MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	In ka badan shan fiit oo baraf ah ayaa ku soo dhacay Seattle gudaha horaantii Janaayo 1880. Caasimada ma isticmaalin baraf weyn oo noocaas. Dugsiyada waa la xiray, tareenada maysan shaqeynin, iyo howlaha caasimada dhulka la joojinayo. Sawirkaan waxaa la qaaday 10-ka Janaayo, 1880 kadib barafka weynaa. Waxay muujisaa aragtida Cherry Street ee First Avenue ee dhinaca First Hill. MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
33	Record low temperatures and heavy snow plagued the Seattle area during the winter of 1950. On Friday January 13, downtown Seattle received an average of ten inches of snow, with Sea-Tac airport reporting 21.4 inches, just shy of a 24-hour snowfall record. Although the snow let up on Saturday, the cold temperatures persisted for several more days. Seattle recorded nine days of temperatures below ten degrees between January 12 and February 4, 1950. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Qor heer kululka hoose iyo barafka culus ee ku dhufatay aaga Seattle inta lagu jiro qaboobaha 1950. Maalinta Jimcaha Janaayo 13, magaalada hoose Seattle waxay heshay isku celcelis toban inji oo baraf ah, iyo garoonka Sea-Tac oo soo wargelinayo 21.4 inji, oo ka xishoodo 24-saac diiwaanka baraf dhaca. Inkastoo barafka oo kor aaday Sabtida, heer kululka qabowga wuxuu ku adkeystay dhoor maalmood oo kale. Seattle waxay qortay sagaal maalmood ee heer kululka ka hoose heerka toban maalmood ee inta u dhaxeysa Janaayo 12 iyo Febraayo 4, 1950. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
34	During a 1955 snowstorm in Seattle a boy puts on tire chains for one dollar. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Inta lagu jiro 1955 duufaanta barafka ee Seattle wiil ayaa geliyay taayarada katiinadaha oo hal doolar ah. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
35	In this 1958 photo, children and adults stay cool by swimming at Lake Sammamish in Bellevue, Washington. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection.)	Sawirkaan 1958, carruurta iyo dadka weyn way qaboobaan ku dabaalashada Lake Sammamish ee Bellevue, Washington. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI.)
36	Seattleites looking for a place to cool down could also go to West Seattle beaches. In this 1911 photo, women and girls wade in the shallow water on a calm summer day, while others watch from the pier. Some of the girls are wearing their play clothes in the water. At this time, women wore bathing dresses which covered most of their bodies. (MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	Dadka reer Seattle ah ee raadinayo meel ay isku qaboojiyaan waxay sidoo kale aadi karaan Galbeedka xeebaha Seattle. Sawirkaan 1911, naagta iyo gabdhaha waxay ku lugeeyeen biyaha badda ee maalinta isdajinta kuleelaha, iyada oo dadka kale ka daawadaan dakada yar. Qaar ka mid ah gabdhaha waxay xiranyihiin dharkooda ciyaarta ee biyaha. Waqtigaan, dumarka waxay xirtaan dharka qubeyska ee daboolka jirkooda inta badan. (MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
37	Lahar (dark deposit on the snow) originating in the MountSt. Helens Crater after an explosive eruption 1982. The lahar flowed from the crater into the north fork of the Toutle River and eventually reached the Cowlitz River 80km (50mi) downstream. (USGS)	Qulqulka foolkaanada (haraaga madow ee barafka) oo ka soo jeedo Bohosha Mount St. Helen ka dib dhacdada qaraxa ee 1982. Qulqulka foolkaanada waxay ka qulqulaan bohosha ee fargeetada Wabiga Toutle River iyo ugu dambeyntii gaaray Wabiga Cowlitz 80km (50mi) qulqulka hoose. (USGS)
38	This photo shows the summit of Mount Rainier viewed toward the southwest. The dashed red lines trace the 5,000 year old Osceola collapse crater now mostly filled in with lava flows. (USGS)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa fiida Buurta Rainier ee laga eego dhinaca galbeedka koonfur. Leemanka gaduudan ee la tuuray waxay raadraacayaan 5,000 sanno jir ee burburkii Osceola bohosha waxay hadeer inta badan ku buuxsantaa qulqulka dhagaxa dabka. (USGS)
39	This aerial photo was taken of the summit and crater atop Mount Rainier. (USGS)	Sawirkaan anteenada waa laga qaaday fiida iyo bohosha ugu sareysa Buurta Rainier. (USGS)
40	This photo shows a debris flow deposit along Tahoma Creek. The original depth of flow can be seen by the mud markings on the trees.(USGS)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa qulqulka haraaga ee illaa Tahoma Creek. Qotodheerida asalka ah ee qulqulka waxaa lagu arki karaa aastaamaha dhoobada ee geedaha. (USGS)
41	Volcano evacuation sign along a Washington road.(USGS)	Aastaanta guurista foolkaanada ee illaa wadada Washington. (USGS)
42	The slope on the right shows a deposit of rocks, sand, mud, and other materials carried 31 miles from Mount Rainier during the Osceola Mudflow. This deposit is about 26 feet thick! (USGS)	Jiirada midig waxay tusineysaa haraaga dhagaxaanta, ciida, dhoobada, iyo qalabyada kale ee ay sido 31 mayles ka bilow Buurta Rainier inta lagu jiro Qulqulka dhoobada Osceola. Haraagaan qiyaastii waa 26 fiit qaraweyn! (USGS)
43	Mount Saint Helens and Mount Rainier looking north. (USGS)	Buurta Saint Helens iyo Buurta Rainier eegida wuqooyiga. (USGS)

	A	B
44	This photo shows the hills on fire with a man and water bucket in the center. This photo was taken in 1926. (credit: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa buuraha dabka ee ninka la jiro iyo baakida biyaha ee xarunta. Sawirkaan waxaa la qaaday 1926. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
45	Landslides have always been common in certain areas during rainy weather. This photo shows a 1948 slide on a hill in West Seattle with homes below. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Dhulalka buurta marwalba waxay ahaayeen mid caadi ku aagaga gaarka ah inta lagu jiro cimilada roobka ah. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa 1948 ee dhaqaaqa buurta ee Galbeedka Seattle iyo guryaha ka hoose. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
46	This photo shows a house damaged in a 1950 slide on Beacon Hill. (MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa guriga waxyeeloobay ee 1950 dhaqaaqa Beacon Hill. (MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
47	In December 1921, torrential rains caused train wrecks, washed out bridges, and flooded Seattle streets and neighborhoods. Three people were buried under this slide in West Seattle when their house was swept away by a landslide. (credit: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	Gudaha Diseembar 1921, roobabka mahiigaanka ah ayaa sababay burburka tareenka, buundooyinka dhaqmay, iyo wadooyinka Seattle ee fatahoobay iyo dariska. Sadex qof ayaa lagu duugay hoosta dhaqaaqan ee Galbeedka Seattle markii guryahooda ay xaaqeen dhulka guurka. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
48	In February 1934, a sudden landslide blocked Westlake Avenue near McGraw Street with tons of mud, brush and trees. At the same time, part of the north end of Perkins Lane was slipping downwards at the rate of several inches per day. Over near West Seattle's Beach Drive, tons of mud kept oozing downwards, threatening several abandoned homes on Atlas Street. This photo shows a Seattle-area home sliding downhill as the side of the hill gives way. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Gudaha Febraayo 1934, dhul buur lama filaan ah ayaa xiray Westlake Avenue ee u dhow McGraw Street iyo tananka dhoobada, buraashida iyo geedaha. Isla waqtigaas, qeyb ka mid ah dhammaadka wuqooyiga ee Perkins Lane wuxuu hoos ayuu u sii godoobayay oo qiimaha dhoor injis maalintiiba. In kabadan ku dhawaad Beach Drive Galbeedka Seattle, tanan dhooba ah ayaa kusii qulqulayay hoosta, oo u hanjabayo dhoor guryaha culus ee Atlas Street. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa aaga guriga Seattle oo ka sareynaya buurta hoose sida dhinaca buurta siiso wado. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
49	Some of Seattle's hills are unstable, and landslides have always been common in certain areas during rainy weather. This photo shows a 1948 slide on a hill in West Seattle with homes in front. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Qaar ka mid ah buuraha Seattle ma xasiloon, iyo dhulka buuraha caadi ayay marwalba ka ahaayeen aagaga noocaas ah inta lagu jiray cimilada roobka. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa 1948 ee taraaraxa buurta ee Galbeedka Seattle iyo guryaha hore. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
50	The Northeast 124th Street bridge at West Snoqualmie Valley Road east of Redmond is washed out during flooding Wednesday. (Ken Lambert / The Seattle Times)	Buundada 124th Street ee Wuqooyiga galbeed ee Galbeedka Snoqualmie Valley Road bariga Redmond waa la xaalufiyay inta lagu jiray fatahaada Arbacada. (Ken Lambert / The Seattle Times)
51	A flooded road off Highway 203 near Duvall on Wednesday. (Ken Lambert / The Seattle Times)	Wadada fatahday ee Highway 203 u dhow Duvall ee Arbacada. (Ken Lambert / The Seattle Times)
52	A man surveys the flooded scene Wednesday along Northeast 124th Street at West Snoqualmie Valley Road, east of Redmond. (Ken Lambert/The Seattle Times)	Nin ayaa sahmiiyay aaga fatahaada Arbacada illaa Wuqooyinga bari 124th Street ee Galbeedka Snoqualmie Valley Road, bariga Redmond. (Ken Lambert/The Seattle Times)
53	During some western Washington winters, heavy rains and melting snow cause widespread flooding in the river valleys. In this January 1946 photo, the White River has overflowed its banks and flooded the town of Thomas, near Kent. The view looks east on what is now the S277th valley bypass. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Inta lagu jiro qaar ka mid ah qaboobaha galbeedka Washington, roobab xoogan iyo baraf dhalaalayo ayaa sababo faafida fatahaada ee dooxada wabiga. Gudaha Janaayo 1946 sawirka, Wabiga White wuu buux dhaafay geesahiisa oo ku fatahay magaalada Thomas, ee u dhow Kent. Aragtida waxay eegtaa bariga oo waxa hadeer ah S277aad dooxada lagu dhaafayo. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
54	The White and Green Rivers flooded almost every year. In November 1906, over 50 square miles of land between Tacoma and Seattle were under water. This photo shows the White River flood in O'Brien (near Kent) during the winter of 1906-1907. A group of men stands outside the bar on the wooden sidewalk. One has brought his small boat up to the edge of the walk. (credit: MOHAI)	Wabiyada White iyo Green waxay fatahaan ku dhawaad sannad walba. Gudaha Nofeembar 1906, in kabadan 50 wareeg oo maylasha dhulka u dhaxeeyo Tacoma iyo Seattle biya ayaa ka hooseeyay. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaan fatahaada Wabiga White ee O'Brien (u dhow Kent) inta lagu jiro qaboobaha 1906-1907. Kooxda ragga ayaa joogsado banaanka qeybta ee dhinaca socodka alwaaxa. Mid wuxuu keenay doontiisa yar geeska socodka. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI)

	A	B
55	Late in 1914, workers for Seattle City Light completed a masonry dam and reservoir at Cedar Lake, on the Cedar River. Unfortunately, the soil on one side of the lake was very porous, and the reservoir did not hold water well. Within months, the water table rose in the nearby town of Cedar Falls. This 1915 photographic postcard shows Rattlesnake Lake flooding the original town of Cedar Falls, Washington. (credit: MOHAI)	Dabayaaqadii 1914, shaqaalaha Seattle City Light waxay dhameystireen biyo xireenka dhagaxa iyo haraha biyaha ee Cedar Lake, ee Wabiga Cedar. Nasiib daro, ciida oo hal dhinac ee haraha aad ayay u dhagaxeyseyd, iyo haraha biyaha si wanaagsan uma celin biyaha. Dhoor bilood gudahood, jadwalka biyaha waxay ku kureen meel u dhow Cedar Falls. Midaan 1915 kaarka boorka sawirka wuxuu muujinayaa fatahaada Haraha Rattlesnake magaalada asalka ee Cedar Falls, Washington. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI)
56	Flooding was a serious problem in Kent since its founding in pioneer days. Until a dam was built in the 1950s, the Green River flooded almost every winter. Water covered farms and washed away roads and bridges. This photo shows people leaving a flooded house near Kent during a Green River Flood in 1938. (credit: MOHAI)	Fatahaada waxay ku aheyd dhibaato dhab ah Kent tan iyo aasaaskeeda maalmaha soo saaro. Illaa biyo xireenka waxaa la dhisay 1950s, Wabiga Green wuxuu fatahaa ku dhawaadkuu qaboobe walba. Biyaha waxay dabooleen beeraha oo waxay xaalufiyeen wadooyinka iyo buundooyinka. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa dadka oo ka tagayo guryaha fatahay ee u dhow Kent inta lagu jiray Fatahaada Wabiga Green ee 1938. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI)
57	In mid-April 1938, heavy rains caused flooding near Kent and Auburn, and throughout the Green River Valley. In this photo workers pile sandbags along the edges of a flooding road in the Green River Valley. The photo was taken looking east on S. 259th, one block east of Highway 167. The Green River is located about 500 feet to the right. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Bartamaha-Abriil 1938, roob xoogan ee sababay fatahaada u dhow Kent iyo Auburn, iyo illaa dhinaca Dooxada Wabiga Green. Sawirkaan shaqaalaha waxay ku safayaan jawaanada ciida geesaha wadooyinka fatahayee Dooxada Wabiga Green. Sawirka waxaa la qaaday iyada oo la eegayo bariga S. 259aad, hal wado bariga Highway 167. Wabiga Green wuxuu ku yaalaa qiyaastii 500 fiit ee midigta. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
58	This photo shows a father (Carl Elliott) carrying his daughter (Carola Elliott) through floodwaters in Earlington, near Renton, in 1947. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa aabo (Carl Elliott) oo sida gabadhiisa (Carola Elliott) illaa biyaha fatahaada ee Earlington, u dhow Renton, gudaha 1947. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
59	Heavy rains in November and December 1960 caused serious flooding along western Washington's many rivers. Along Jones Road, east of Renton, the flood waters of the Cedar River destroyed earlier flood control structures and nearly washed away the Lund home. After decades of serious flooding along the Cedar and other King County rivers, voters approved major flood control bond issues in 1960 and 1964. (credit: MOHAI)	Roobabka xoogan ee Nofeembar iyo Diseembar 1960 wuxuu sababay fatahaad halis ah illaa wabiyo badan ee galbeedka Washington. Illaa Jones Road, bariga Renton, fatahaada Wabiga Cedar wuxuu baabi'iyay qaabdhismeedyada xakameynta fatahaada jirtay iyo ku dhawaadkii wuxuu xaalufiyay guriga Lund. Labaatan sanno kadib oo fatahaad halis ah ee illaa Cedar iyo wabiyada kale ee Gobolka King, codbixiyaasha waxay anisixyeen xaduuda xakameynta fatahaada ee la sameeyay 1960 iyo 1964. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI)
60	This photo gives an aerial view of the flooded town of Orillia, near Renton. Over a week of heavy rains in mid-December 1933 caused mudslides and flooding throughout western Washington state. On December 10, the Seattle Times reported that all area rivers were near flood stage. The Duwamish, Green, and White Rivers had overflowed their banks, flooding towns throughout the valley. (credit: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster & Stevens Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu ku siinayaa aragtida anteenada ee magaalada fatahday ee Orillia, u dhow Renton. In ka badan isbuuc roobab xoogan da'ay ee bartamaha Diseembarta 1933 ee ay sababtay dhoobada badan iyo fatahaada illaa gobolka galbeedka Washington. Diseembarta 10, Seattle Times ayaa soo wargeliyay in aagaga oo dhan waxay ahaayeen heer fatahaad u dhow. Wabiyada Duwamish, Green, iyo White way buux dhaafeen geesahooda, magaalooyinka fatahayo oo illaa dooxada. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, PEMCO Webster iyo Aruurinta Stevens)
61	After the earthquake destroyed the outside wall of their architecture office in Pioneer Square, a couple finish removing items from the debris. (Tom Reese/The Seattle Times)	Dhul gariirka kadib dhulgariirka wuxuu baabi'iyay banaanka darbiga ee xafiiskooda naqshada ee Pioneer Square, lamaanaha dhameeyo ka saarida sheeyada haraaga. (Tom Reese/The Seattle Times)
62	The Nisqually earthquake on Feb. 28, 2001, caused damage in Pioneer Square, including to this vehicle on Second Avenue and South Jackson that was showered with bricks. (Greg Gilbert/The Seattle Times)	Dhulgariirka Nisqually ee Febraayo. 28, 2001, wuxuu sababay waxyeelada Pioneer Square, oo ay ku jiraan gaarigaan ee Second Avenue iyo South Jackson oo lagu qubeeyay bulkeetiyo. (Greg Gilbert/The Seattle Times)
63	Earthquake damage to a Seattle warehouse from 1949 M7.1 earthquake. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Waxyeelada dhulgariirka ee baqaarada Seattle ka bilow 1949 M7.1 dhulgariirka. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
64	This photo shows earthquake damage at Union Station in Seattle. This was following a magnitude 6.5 earthquake that struck the region in 1965. (credit:MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa waxyeelada Saldhiga Union ee Seattle. Tani waxay xigtay baaxada 6.5 dhulgariirka ku dhufatay gobolka 1965. (aqoonsiga:MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)

	A	B
65	This photo shows a crack that developed along Spokane Street in Seattle. It was caused from a magnitude 7.1 earthquake that hit the region in 1949. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa dilaaca baxay illaa Spokane Street ee Seattle. Waxaa sababay baaxada dhulgariirka 7.1 ee ku dhufatay gobolka 1949. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
66	This photo shows fallen bricks and damage caused by the 1949 magnitude 7.1 earthquake that hit the region. This is along 2nd avenue in downtown Seattle. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa bulkeetiyada soo dhacayo iyo waxyeelada uu sababay 1949 baaxada 7.1 dhulgariirka ku dhufatay gobolka. Tani waxaa la jirto 2nd Avenue ee magaalada hoose ee Seattle. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
67	In this photo, visitors to Green Lake Park have parked their bicycles as they look at the cracks made by the April 1949 magnitude 7.1 earthquake. Much of the land along the southwestern part of the lake cracked and subsided. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan, martida u socdo Darjiinka Green Lake waxay ku baakimeen baskiiladooda iyada oo eegayo dilaacyada uu sababay Abriil 1949 baaxada 7.1 dhulgariirka. Inta badan dhulka iyo qeybta galbeedka koonfur ee haraha dilaacay iyo yaraatay. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
68	The Bemis Bag Company factory in Seattle, shown here, was damaged significantly in the 1949 M7.1 earthquake that rocked the region. It is located just south of the downtown business district. (credit: MOHAI)	Warshada Bemis Bag Company ee Seattle, ee halkaan aad ka aragtid, waxaa si weyn u waxyeelowday 1949 M7.1 dhulgariirka gilgilay gobolka. Wuxuu ku yaalaa koonfurta degmada ganacsiga magaalada hoose. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI)
69	Shortly before noon on Wednesday, April 13, 1949, a magnitude 7.1 earthquake rocked the area from British Columbia to Oregon and caused extensive damage. Seven people died and at least 64 were injured. This photo shows damage in Pioneer Square at the Seattle Hotel at 1st and Yesler Way. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Markiiba maqribka ka hor Arbacada, Abriil 13, 1949, baaxada 7.1 dhulgariirka gilgilay aaga ee ka imaado British Columbia illaa Oregon oo sababay waxyeelo weyn. Todoba qof ayaa ku dhintay ugu yaraan 64 ayaa dhaawacmay. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa waxyeelada Pioneer Square ee Seattle Hotel ee Wadada 1aad iyo Yesler. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
70	This photo shows people standing outside the Busy Bee Cafe looking at the crushed cars and fallen brick on 2nd Ave. The brick fell from the top of the Hotel Seattle after the April 13, 1949 earthquake, which registered 7.1 on the Richter Scale. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa dad taagan banaanka Busy Bee Cafe oo fiirinayo baabuurta burburtay iyo bulkeetiga soo dhacay ee 2nd Ave. Bulkeetiga wuxuu ka soo dhacay dusha Hotel Seattle kadib Abriil 13, 1949 dhulgariirka, kaas oo diiwaangashan 7.1 ee Baaxada Richter. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
71	A magnitude 6.5 hit the region in 1965 damaging many buildings. This photo shows bricks fallen from the damaged Fisher Flour Mill onto a nearby car. (credit: MOHAI, Seattle PI Collection)	Baaxada dhufashada 6.5 gobolka ee 1965 oo waxyeelayo dhismooyin badan. Sawirkaan wuxuu muujinayaa bulkeetiyada ka soo dhacay Fisher Flour Mill ee waxyeeloobay ee baabuurta u dhow. (aqoonsiga: MOHAI, Seattle Aruurinta PI)
72	The quake caused a mudslide that flowed into the Cedar River in Renton's Maple Valley, creating a dam and flood, and shifted a truck that nearly reached a house. (Tom Reese/The Seattle Times)	Dhul gariirka wuxuu sababay dhoobada badan ee ku qulqushay Wabiga Cedar ee Dooxada Renton Maple, oo aasaasayo biyo xireenka iyo fatahaada, oo ka wareegay xamuulka oo ku dhawaadkii gaaray guriga. (Tom Reese/The Seattle Times)
73	A plane takes off from Boeing Field as a crew stands on the runway assessing the damage and discusses the repair of the cracks caused by the earthquake. (Ellen M. Banner/The Seattle Times)	Diyaarad ayaa ka ka kacday Goobta Boeing sida shaqaalaha taaganyihiin wadada orodka oo qiimeynayo waxyeelada oo ka hadlayo sameynta dilaacyada uu sababay dhul gariirka. (Ellen M. Banner/The Seattle Times)
74	There was a lot of cleanup to do at this Pioneer Square grocery store after the 6.8 earthquake shook goods off the shelves. (Alan Berner/The Seattle Times)	Waxaa jiray nadiifin badan ee lagu sameynayo dukaanka bagaashka Pioneer Square kadib 6.8 dhulgariirka gilgilay alaabaha iska faalooyinka. (Alan Berner/The Seattle Times)
75	Winter Weather	Cimilada Qaboobaha
76	Landslide	Dhulka buurta
77	Summer Weather	Cimilada Kuleelaha
78	Wildfire	Dabka duurka
79	Volcano	Foolkaanada
80	Flood	Fatahaada
81	Earthquake	Dhul gariirka
82	This site is a collaboration of HazardReady, the University of Montana, King County, and the City of Seattle.	Aagaan waa iskaashiga HazardReady, Jaamacada Montana, Gobolka King, iyo Caasimada Seattle.
83	**NOTE: THIS IS A [BETA VERSION] AND INFORMATION IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE**	**OGEYSIINTA: TANI WAA [NOOCA BETA] IYO WARBIIXINTA WAY ISBADELI KARTAA**
84	Seattle and King County Ready	Gobolka Seattle iyo King Diyaar ah
85	A disaster preparedness website	Websaydka u diyaargarowga masiibada

	A	B
86	A natural disaster could strike your area at any time. Find out about where you live, work, or play in King County, WA.	Masiibada dabiiciga ah waxay ku dhafan kartaa aagaaga xili walba. Ogow halka aad dagantahay, ka shaqeysid, ama kaga ciyaartid Gobolka King, WA.
87	This is based on <a href="http://www.opb.org/news/widget/aftershock-find-your-cascadia-earthquake-story/" target="_blank">Aftershock</a> , an earthquake preparedness application for Oregon residents. <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/carson-macpherson-krutsky-400645105" target="_blank">Carson MacPherson-Krutsky</a> and <a href="https://hs.umt.edu/geosciences/faculty/bendick/" target="_blank">Dr. Rebecca Bendick</a> , a graduate student and her advisor at the University of Montana, had the idea to expand it for other locales and types of disasters. <a href="https://github.com/nein09" target="_blank">Melinda Minch</a> and <a href="https://github.com/eldang" target="_blank">Eldan Goldenberg</a> adapted it for that purpose. Source for a general-purpose version of this site is available on <a href="https://github.com/missoula-ready/disaster-preparedness" target="_blank">Github</a> . Content and data are supported by several entities including the <a alt="logo" href="http://www.umt.edu/" target="_blank">University of Montana</a> , <a alt="logo" href="http://www.kingcounty.gov/" target="_blank">King County</a> , and the <a alt="logo" href="http://www.seattle.gov/" target="_blank">City of Seattle</a> .	Tani waxay ku saleysantahay <a href="http://www.opb.org/news/widget/aftershock-find-your-cascadia-earthquake-story/" target="_blank">Aftershock</a> , codsiga diyaargarowga dhulgariirka oo dadka dagan Oregon. <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/carson-macpherson-krutsky-400645105" target="_blank">Carson MacPherson-Krutsky</a> and <a href="https://hs.umt.edu/geosciences/faculty/bendick/" target="_blank">Dhaqtar. Rebecca Bendick</a> , ardayga qalinjabinayo iyo lataliyaheeda ee Jaamacada Montana, wuxuu qabaan fikrada lagu balaarinayo deegaanada kale iyo noocyada masiibooyinka. <a href="https://github.com/nein09" target="_blank">Melinda Minch</a> and <a href="https://github.com/eldang" target="_blank">Eldan Goldenberg</a> loo habeeyay ujeedadaas. Isha nooca ujeedada guud ee aagaan waxaa laga heli karaa <a href="https://github.com/missoula-ready/disaster-preparedness" target="_blank">Github</a> . Tusmada iyo xogta waxaa lagu taageeray hay'adaha oo ay ku jiraan <a alt="logo" href="http://www.umt.edu/" target="_blank">Jaamacada Montana</a> , <a alt="logo" href="http://www.kingcounty.gov/" target="_blank">King Gobolka</a> , iyo <a alt="logo" href="http://www.seattle.gov/" target="_blank">Caasimada Seattle</a> .
88	In Recent History	Taariiqda Hadeer
89	How to Prepare	Sida loo Diyaargarooobo
90	What to Expect	Waxa La filanayo
91	It's likely you have most items you need for your <a href="http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/Emergency/Preparedness/FamilyPlans/FamilyDisasterSuppliesKitRedCross.pdf" target="_blank">family supply kit</a> already. Find out what else to add and get it organized before the next event hits. It's also a good idea to have an emergency	Waxay u dhowdahay inaad haysatid sheeyada ugu badan ee aad ugu baahantahay <a href="http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/Emergency/Preparedness/FamilyPlans/FamilyDisasterSuppliesKitRedCross.pdf" target="_blank">fsanduuqa saadka qoyska</a> marhore. Ogow waxa kale ee lagu darayo oo la diyaarinayo ka hor inta aysan ku dhufan dhacdada labaad. Sidoo kale waa afkaar wanaagsan in la yeesho degdeg
92	<a href="http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/Emergency/Preparedness/FamilyPlans/carkit.pdf" target="_blank">car kit</a> .	<a href="http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/Emergency/Preparedness/FamilyPlans/carkit.pdf" target="_blank">sanduuqa gaariga</a> .