project Data Mining

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Objectifs:

- Maitriser l'API de twitter pour l'extraction des tweets
- Maitriser la partie NLP (natural language processing) avec NLTK en Pyt
- Appliquer les principes de nettoyage des données
- Classer les tweets : regrouper ensemble les tweets qui sont similaire
- s. C'est une étape qui peutêtre considérée comme une étape

Specifications

Imaginons que vous avez un compte Twitter, et que vous lez suivre les tweets sur ce reseau social. Vu le nombre colossal de Tweets, et faute de temps, vous n'avez pas la possibilite de les lire tous. Pour cela, vous avez besoin d'une application qui va jouer le role d'assistantet qui va vous effectuer un resume de toutes ces informations. Une des approches qu'on peut utiliser estde le classer sous former de groupes de sorte a ce qu'on presente a l'utilisateur un seul Tweet de chaque groupe. Pour cela, on doit proceder en trois grandes etapes :

Travail faire

On a Telecharger les tweets a partir de Twitter en utilisant l'API de twitter. Pour cela, vous devriez un compte « Twitter Developper ». Pour cela, vous devriez telecharger au moins 10 mille twwets. Pour la documentation de l'API de twitter, vous pouvez consulter les liens suivants :

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import tweepy
consumer_key="LHZVzcEN30hfmN2cPBqkoB3wq"
consumer_secret="DGZ7gQFDlqXoPfmAUWHOsY2eMTA0qhgKVb3rbExcx8Vhav3x3a"
access_token="1325046107437752325-a2zNm36NnzJqTFBFkIagjzpkdCadjs"
access_token_secret="7ohQJ7WTf2DuHsr9NNwPkOPXq5zUkaycrzo2nPhPUoGLL"
auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(consumer_key, consumer_secret)
auth.set_access_token(access_token, access_token_secret)
api = tweepy.API(auth)
```

```
In [2]: |twitter data analysis = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['text'])
         tweets = tweepy.Cursor(api. user_timeline , id="twitter").items( 15000)
         # Iterate and print tweets
         i=0
         for tweet in tweets:
              twitter_data_analysis.loc[i,"text"] = tweet.text
In [3]:
         import csv
         twitter_data_analysis.to_csv('twitter_data_analysis.csv',index = False)
         twitter_data_analysis.head(10)
Out[3]:
                                                     text
                 RT @shesooosaddity: if you had a twitter befor...
           1
                                         @CloudNaii 40404
          2
                @issahairplug drink water replaced good morning
           3
                   @Ne_ThatGuy we're taking oomf to the Fleets
             @_JusJust_ remember "I dedicate my 500th Tweet...
          5
                                 @ambr_ncole they're tourists
          6
                   @PhallonXOXO proof you're doing it right (3)
          7
                 some of you hating...\n\nbut we see you Fleeti...
                  That thing you didn't Tweet but wanted to but ...
          8
          9
                                     @quakerraina this is art
In [4]: |twitter_data_analysis.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          Int64Index: 3218 entries, 0 to 3217
         Data columns (total 1 columns):
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 3218 entries, 0 to 3217
Data columns (total 1 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
    ------
    0 text 3218 non-null object
dtypes: object(1)
memory usage: 210.3+ KB
```

Pretraitement des tweets

Dans cette etape, l'objectif est d'eliminer le texte inutile des tweets tels que les #, les noms des utilisateurs, les url,emoji ...

```
In [5]: import re
         for index, row in twitter_data_analysis.iterrows():
             err = row['text']
             new0 = re.sub(r"http\S+", "", err)
             new1 = re.sub(r"#\S+", "", new0)
new2 = re.sub(r"@\S+", "", new1)
                                    new2)
             new3 = re.sub(r"\n+", "", new2)
new4 = re.sub(r"RT+", "", new3)
             new5 = re.sub("\d+", '', new4)
             emoji_pattern = re.compile("["
                                           u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F" # emoticons
                                           u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF"
                                                                       # symbols & pictographs
                                           u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF" # transport & map symbol
                                           u"\U0001F1E0-\U0001F1FF"
                                                                      # flags (iOS)
                                                                      # chinese char
                                           u"\U00002500-\U00002BEF"
                                           u"\U00002702-\U000027B0"
                                           u"\U00002702-\U000027B0"
                                           u"\U000024C2-\U0001F251"
                                           u"\U0001f926-\U0001f937"
                                           u"\U00010000-\U0010ffff"
                                           u"\u2640-\u2642"
                                           u"\u2600-\u2B55"
                                           u"\u200d"
                                           u"\u23cf"
                                           u"\u23e9"
                                           u"\u231a"
                                           u"\ufe0f" # dingbats
                                           u"\u3030"
                                           "]+", flags=re.UNICODE)
             new6 = re.sub(emoji_pattern, "", new5)
             twitter_data_analysis.loc[index,'text'] =new6
```

In [6]: twitter_data_analysis.head(40)

Out[6]:

	text		
0	if you had a twitter before rt this		
1			
2	drink water replaced good morning		
3	we're taking oomf to the Fleets		
4	remember "I dedicate my th Tweet to:"		
5	they're tourists		
6	proof you're doing it right		
7	some of you hatingbut we see you Fleeting		
8	That thing you didn't Tweet but wanted to but		
9	this is art		
10	aren't we all six feet		
11	this Tweet just graduated with honors		
12	saw it, love it, can't wait for the wedding p		
13			
14	breathe		
15	apology accepted		
16	н		
17	THIRSTY		
18	looking hydrated		
19	the moon will share		
20	bark among the stars		
21	rubber ducky knew all along		
22	If the moon can hydrate so can you		
23	Reading an article before Retweeting it? That'		
24	Hey everyone, we made a temporary change to th		
25	Me seeing my Twitter friends I've never met		
26			
27	dedication		
28	not a single person on this app		
29	but was it a good Tweet?		
30	checks out		
31	you forgot one:		
32	mutual acknowledgment of good Tweets is frien		
33			

		text	
	34	how it started it never ended we get it	
	35	just make sure your DMs are open	
	36	that was a classic	
	37	no don't stop	
	38	strangers to bffs on Twitter real quick	
	39	cool cool cool cool	
[7]: [8]:	import nltk	<pre>a_analysis.to_csv('clining_twitter_data ad('stopwords')</pre>	a_anarysis.csv ,index = 1
	<pre>[nltk_data] [nltk_data]</pre>	Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\nidhal\AppData\Roaming\ni Package stopwords is already up-to-o	
t[8]:	True		

Traitement des tweets: NLP (Natural LanguageProcessing)

On doit proceder a !'analyse du tweet en respectant les differentes etapes du NLP (Natural LanguageProcessing). La bibliothèque a utiliser est NLTK en Python.

```
In [9]: from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
ps = PorterStemmer()
stemed_dataset=[]
for i in range(0,twitter_data_analysis.shape[0]):
    stemmed_array=twitter_data_analysis['text'][i].split()
    stemmed=[ps.stem(word) for word in stemmed_array if not word in set(stopwords stemmed=' '.join(stemmed)
    stemed_dataset.append(stemmed)
print(stemed_dataset[0:10])
```

['twitter rt', '', 'drink water replac good morn', "we'r take oomf fleet", 'rem emb "I dedic th tweet to:____"', "they'r tourist", 'proof right', 'hating...but see fleet', 'that thing didn't tweet want didn't got close like nah. We place f or...', 'art']

```
In [10]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
    cv = CountVectorizer()
    X=cv.fit_transform(stemed_dataset)
    print(X)
```

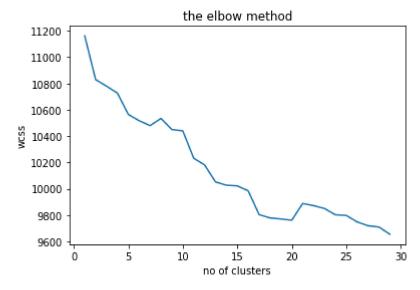
```
(0, 2505)
               1
(0, 1977)
               1
(2, 683)
               1
(2, 2609)
               1
(2, 1915)
               1
(2, 985)
               1
(2, 1517)
               1
(3, 2619)
               1
(3, 2312)
               1
(3, 1638)
               1
(3, 875)
               1
(4, 1908)
               1
(4, 589)
               1
(4, 2352)
               1
(4, 2495)
               1
               1
(4, 2413)
(4, 0)
               1
(5, 2368)
               1
(5, 2442)
               1
(6, 1820)
               1
(6, 1947)
               1
(7, 875)
               1
(7, 1061)
               1
(7, 321)
               1
(7, 2035)
               1
(3212, 1362)
(3212, 159)
               1
(3212, 1626)
               1
(3212, 453)
               1
(3213, 286)
               1
(3213, 2374)
               1
(3213, 1263)
               1
(3213, 118)
               1
(3214, 2619)
               1
(3214, 896)
               1
(3214, 1362)
               1
(3214, 2507)
               1
(3214, 59)
               1
(3214, 2657)
               1
(3214, 452)
               1
(3215, 992)
               1
(3215, 1097)
               1
(3215, 821)
               1
(3216, 366)
               1
(3217, 985)
               2
(3217, 1517)
               1
(3217, 2495)
               1
(3217, 1577)
               1
(3217, 80)
               1
(3217, 1026)
```

Classification des tweets

Etant donne un ensemble de tweets, l'objectif est de les resumer sous formes de groupes de sorte a ce que les Tweets qui sont dans le meme groupe soient similaires. Ainsi, l'utilisateur pourra par la suite lire juste un Tweet de chaque groupe (le Tweet qui est le centro"ide de groupes). on a Utiliser l'algorithme K-Means pour classer les Tweets en k classes ,valeurs de k allant de 1 a30 par exemple).

```
In [11]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
         wcss=[]
In [12]: | for i in range(1,30):
             Kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i,init='k-means++',max_iter=300,n_init=10,random_sta
             Kmeans.fit(X)
             wcss.append(Kmeans.inertia )
         INICIALIZACION COMPLECE
         Iteration 0, inertia 20498.000
         Iteration 1, inertia 11076.509
         Iteration 2, inertia 11063.863
         Iteration 3, inertia 10972.384
         Iteration 4, inertia 10807.074
         Iteration 5, inertia 10796.986
         Converged at iteration 5: center shift 0.000000e+00 within tolerance 1.263624
         e-07
         Initialization complete
         Iteration 0, inertia 11271.000
         Iteration 1, inertia 11145.480
         Iteration 2, inertia 11105.142
         Iteration 3, inertia 11037.026
         Iteration 4, inertia 10979.415
         Converged at iteration 4: center shift 0.000000e+00 within tolerance 1.263624
         e-07
         Initialization complete
         Iteration 0, inertia 11257.000
         Iteration 1, inertia 10937.616
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(range(1,30),wcss)
plt.title('the elbow method')
plt.xlabel('no of clusters')
plt.ylabel('wcss')
plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: true_k=30
Kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=true_k,init='k-means++',n_init=1)
Kmeans.fit(X)
```

La cellule suivante contient les mots cles de chaque cluster

```
In [15]:
         print("Top terms per cluster:")
         order_centroids = Kmeans.cluster_centers_.argsort()[:, ::-1]
         terms = cv.get_feature_names()
         for i in range(true_k):
             print("Cluster %d:" % i)
             for ind in order_centroids[i, :10]:
                 print(' %s' % terms[ind])
             print()
         print("\n")
          freeeezi
          freedom
         Cluster 27:
          we
          tIny
          four
          fren
          freestylin
          freeeezi
          freedom
          free
          freak
          frank
         Cluster 28:
          pa
          sco
          tu
```

On a choisir un Tweet par classe comme representant. Les tweets choisis seront les resumes de toutes les informations contenues dans les tweets.

```
In [16]: result final twitter data analysis = pd.DataFrame(columns = [ 'text'])
         i=0
         j=0
         while i<30:
             while True:
                 Y=cv.transform([stemed_dataset[j]])
                 prediction=Kmeans.predict(Y)
                 if i == prediction:
                     print("tweet of cluster "+str(prediction)+twitter data analysis.loc[j
                     result_final_twitter_data_analysis.loc[i,"text"] =twitter_data_analys
                     j=0
                     break
                 j+=1
             i+=1
         result_final_twitter_data_analysis.to_csv('result_final_twitter_data_analysis.cs\
         tweet of cluster [0] if you had a twitter before rt this
         tweet of cluster [1]
         tweet of cluster [2] drink water replaced good morning
         tweet of cluster [3] we're taking oomf to the Fleets
         tweet of cluster [4] remember "I dedicate my th Tweet to:____"
         tweet of cluster [5] they're tourists
         tweet of cluster [6] proof you're doing it right
         tweet of cluster [7]some of you hating...but we see you Fleeting
         tweet of cluster [8] That thing you didn't Tweet but wanted to but didn't but go
         t so close but then were like nah. We have a place for...
         tweet of cluster [9] this is art
         tweet of cluster [10] aren't we all six feet
         tweet of cluster [11] this Tweet just graduated with honors
         tweet of cluster [12] saw it, love it, can't wait for the wedding pics
         tweet of cluster [13]
         tweet of cluster [14]breathe
         tweet of cluster [15] apology accepted
         tweet of cluster [16] H
         tweet of cluster [17] THIRSTY
         tweet of cluster [18] looking hydrated
         tweet of cluster [19] the moon will share
         tweet of cluster [20] bark among the stars
         tweet of cluster [21] rubber ducky knew all along
         tweet of cluster [22]If the moon can hydrate so can you
         tweet of cluster [23] Reading an article before Retweeting it? That's growth.Bef
         ore you Retweet an article, we'll remind you to read it...
         tweet of cluster [24]Hey everyone, we made a temporary change to the Retweet fu
         nction. When you hit the Retweet button, you can either...
         tweet of cluster [25] Me seeing my Twitter friends I've never met in person su
         cceed.
         tweet of cluster [26]
         tweet of cluster [27] dedication
         tweet of cluster [28] not a single person on this app
         tweet of cluster [29] but was it a good Tweet?
```

conclusion: ¶

on a charge les tweets d'apres l'api de twitter, on les a mis dans le fichier csv twitter_data_analysis. puis on a fait le data cleaning et on a mis le resultat dans le fichier cleaning_twitter_data_analysis.csv.Et enfin on a mis un tweet de chaque cluster dans le fichier result_final_twitter_data_analysis.

<u>lien ghithub</u> (https://github.com/hazbri/projectDataMining/)