

## Mobile Programing

Chapter 2.3. Implicit Intent

#### **Note**

- This slide is based on Google Android code labs slides
- Original slides:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1eu-LXxiHocSktGYpG04PfE9Xmr\_pBY5P





## 2.3 Implicit Intents

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- Intent—recap
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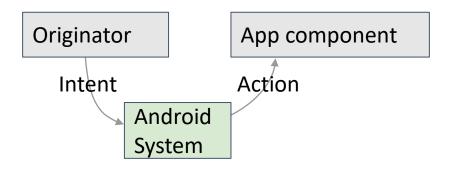
## Recap: Intent



#### What is an Intent?

#### An Intent is:

- Description of an operation to be performed
- Messaging object used to request an action from another <u>app component</u> via the Android system.





#### What can an Intent do?

#### An Intent can be used to:

- start an Activity
- start a Service
- deliver a Broadcast

Services and Broadcasts are covered in other lessons



## Explicit vs. implicit Intent

**Explicit Intent** — Starts an Activity of a specific class

Implicit Intent — Asks system to find an Activity class with a registered handler that can handle this request



## Implicit Intent overview



## What you do with an implicit Intent

- Start an Activity in another app by describing an action you intend to perform, such as "share an article", "view a map", or "take a picture"
- Specify an action and optionally provide data with which to perform the action
- Don't specify the target Activity class, just the intended action



# What system does with implicit Intent

- Android runtime matches the implicit intent request with registered intent handlers
- If there are multiple matches, an App Chooser will open to let the user decide



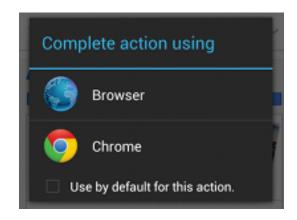
### How does implicit Intent work?

- The Android Runtime keeps a list of registered Apps
- 2. Apps have to register via AndroidManifest.xml
- Runtime receives the request and looks for matches
- 4. Android runtime uses Intent filters for matching
- 5. If more than one match, shows a list of possible matches and lets the user choose one
- 6. Android runtime starts the requested activity



## App Chooser

When the Android runtime finds multiple registered activities that can handle an implicit Intent, it displays an <a href="App Chooser">App Chooser</a> to allow the user to select the handler





## Sending an implicit Intent



## Sending an implicit Intent

1. Create an Intent for an action

```
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_CALL_BUTTON);
```

User has pressed Call button — start Activity that can make a call (no data is passed in or returned)

1. Start the Activity

```
if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
    startActivity(intent);
}
```



## Avoid exceptions and crashes

Before starting an implicit Activity, use the package manager to check that there is a package with an Activity that matches the given criteria.

```
Intent myIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_CALL_BUTTON);

if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
    startActivity(intent);
}
```



# Sending an implicit Intent with data URI

1. Create an Intent for action

```
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL);
```

Provide data as a URI

```
intent.setData(Uri.parse("tel:8005551234"));
```

1. Start the Activity

```
if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
    startActivity(intent);
}
```



### Providing the data as URI

Create an URI from a string using Uri.parse(String uri)

- Uri.parse("tel:8005551234")
- Uri.parse("geo:0,0?q=brooklyn%20bridge%2C%20brooklyn%2C%20ny")
- Uri.parse("<a href="http://www.android.com"/">http://www.android.com</a>");

#### **Uri documentation**



### Implicit Intent examples

#### Show a web page

```
Uri uri = Uri.parse("http://www.google.com");
Intent it = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW,uri);
startActivity(it);
```

#### Dial a phone number

```
Uri uri = Uri.parse("tel:8005551234");
Intent it = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, uri);
startActivity(it);
```



# Sending an implicit Intent with extras

1. Create an Intent for an action

```
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_WEB_SEARCH);
```

1. Put extras

```
String query = edittext.getText().toString();
intent.putExtra(SearchManager.QUERY, query));
```

1. Start the Activity

```
if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
    startActivity(intent);
}
```



## Category

Additional information about the kind of component to handle the intent.

- CATEGORY\_OPENABLE
   Only allow URIs of files that are openable
- CATEGORY\_BROWSABLE
   Only an Activity that can start a web browser to display data referenced by the URI



#### Sending an implicit Intent with type and category

1. Create an Intent for an action

```
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION CREATE DOCUMENT);
```

1. Set mime type and category for additional information

```
intent.setType("application/pdf"); // set MIME type
intent.addCategory(Intent.CATEGORY_OPENABLE);
```

continued on next slide...



#### Sending an implicit Intent with type and category

3. Start the Activity

```
if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
   startActivityForResult(myIntent,ACTIVITY_REQUEST_CREATE_FILE);
}
```

4. Process returned content URI in onActivityResult()



# Common actions for an implicit Intent

#### Common actions include:

- ACTION\_SET\_ALARM
- ACTION\_IMAGE\_CAPTURE
- ACTION\_CREATE\_DOCUMENT
- ACTION\_SENDTO
- and many more



## Apps that handle common actions

Common actions are usually handled by installed apps (both system apps and other apps), such as:

- Alarm Clock, Calendar, Camera, Contacts
- Email, File Storage, Maps, Music/Video
- Notes, Phone, Search, Settings
- Text Messaging and Web Browsing

- → <u>List of common</u> <u>actions for an</u> <u>implicit intent</u>
- → <u>List of all</u> available actions



https://developer.android.com/guide/components/intents-common



## Receiving an Implicit Intent



# Register your app to receive an Intent

- Declare one or more Intent filters for the Activity in AndroidManifest.xml
- Filter announces ability of Activity to accept an implicit Intent
- Filter puts conditions on the Intent that the Activity accepts



## Intent filter in AndroidManifest.xml



#### Intent

- action Match one or more action constants
  - o android.intent.action.VIEW matches any Intent with ACTION VIEW
  - o android.intent.action.SEND matches any Intent with <u>ACTION SEND</u>

- category additional information (<u>list of categories</u>)
  - o android.intent.category.BROWSABLE—can be started by web browser
  - o android.intent.category.LAUNCHER—Show activity as launcher icon



#### Intent filters: data

- data Filter on data URIs, MIME type
  - android:scheme="https"—require URIs to be https protocol
  - android:host="developer.android.com"—only accept an Intent from specified hosts
  - o android:mimeType="text/plain"—limit the acceptable types of documents



## An Activity can have multiple filters



## A filter can have multiple actions & data



### Learn more



#### Learn more

- Intent class documentation
- Uri documentation
- List of common apps that respond to implicit intents
- List of available actions
- List of categories
- Intent Filters

#### What's Next?

- Concept Chapter: <u>2.3 Implicit Intents</u>
- Practical: <u>2.3 Implicit Intents</u>

