

Hazel Phi: 11-type-constructors

July 28, 2021

SYNTAX

Kind	κ	$::=$	$\mathbf{Type} \mid \mathbf{KHole} \mid \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \mid \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2$
User Types	$\hat{\tau}$	$::=$	$t \mid \mathbf{bse} \mid \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \mid \langle \rangle^u \mid \langle \hat{\tau} \rangle^u \mid \lambda t::\mathbf{Type}.\hat{\tau} \mid \tau_1 \tau_2$
Internal Types	τ	$::=$	$t \mid \mathbf{bse} \mid \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \mid \langle \rangle^u \mid \langle \tau \rangle^u \mid \langle t \rangle^u \mid \lambda t::\kappa.\tau \mid \tau_1 \tau_2$
Base Types	\mathbf{bse}	$::=$	$\mathbf{Int} \mid \mathbf{Float} \mid \mathbf{Bool}$
BinOp	\oplus	$::=$	$\times \mid + \mid \rightarrow$
Type Pattern			
User Expression			
Internal Expression			

DECLARATIVES

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa$ τ has principal (well formed) kind κ

$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{bse} ::> \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{Type}}(\mathbf{bse})} \text{PK-Base}$	$\frac{\Delta; \Phi_1, t::\kappa, \Phi_2 \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash t ::> \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(t)} \text{PK-Var}$
$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 :: \mathbf{Type} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \mathbf{Type}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 ::> \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{Type}}(\tau_1 \oplus \tau_2)} \text{PK-}\oplus$	$\frac{\Delta_1, u::\kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \langle \rangle^u ::> \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\langle \rangle^u)} \text{PK-EHole}$
$\frac{\Delta_1, u::\kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \text{OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \langle \tau \rangle^u ::> \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\langle \tau \rangle^u)} \text{PK-NEHole}$	$\frac{\Delta_1, u::\kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \text{OK} \quad t \notin \text{dom}(\Phi)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \langle t \rangle^u ::> \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\langle t \rangle^u)} \text{PK-Unbound}$
$\frac{\Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \lambda t::\kappa_1.\tau ::> \mathbf{S}_{\Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2}(\lambda t::\kappa_1.\tau)} \text{PK-}\lambda$	
$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 ::> \kappa \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \kappa_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \tau_2 ::> [\tau_2/t]\kappa_2} \text{PK-Ap}$	

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa$ τ is well formed at kind κ

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: > \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa} \text{WFaK-1} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: > \kappa_1 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa} \text{WFaK-Subsump} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: > \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa} \text{WFaK-Reit} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau)} \text{WFaK-Self} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \Pi_{t::\kappa_3} \cdot \kappa_4 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_3} \cdot \kappa_4 \lesssim \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2} \text{WFaK-PCSKTrans} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_1) \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 :: \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa} \text{WFaK-Flatten}
\end{array}$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \Pi \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2$ κ has matched Π -kind $\Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{KHole} \Pi \Pi_{t::\mathbf{KHole}} \cdot \mathbf{KHole}} \Pi\text{-KHole} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \equiv \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{KHole}}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \Pi \Pi_{t::\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{KHole}}(\tau)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{KHole}}(\tau \ t)} \Pi\text{-SKHole} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \equiv \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \Pi \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2} \Pi\text{-}\Pi
\end{array}$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2$ κ_1 is equivalent to κ_2

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \equiv \kappa} \text{KEquiv-Ref1} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_2 \equiv \kappa_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \text{KEquiv-Symm} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \text{KEquiv-Trans} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_1)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_1)}(\tau) \equiv \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_1)} \text{KEquiv-SKind}_{\mathbf{SKind}} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}(\tau) \equiv \Pi_{t_1::\kappa_1} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{[t_1/t]\kappa_2}(\tau \ t_1)} \text{KEquiv-SKind}_{\Pi} \\
\\
\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_4}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2 \equiv \Pi_{t::\kappa_3} \cdot \kappa_4} \text{KEquiv-}\Pi \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \equiv^{\kappa_1} \tau_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\kappa_1}(\tau_1) \equiv \mathbf{S}_{\kappa_2}(\tau_2)} \text{KEquiv-SKind}
\end{array}$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$ κ_1 is a consistent subkind of κ_2

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{KHole} \lesssim \kappa} \quad (1) \quad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \lesssim \text{KHole}} \quad (2) \quad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{SKHole}(\tau) \text{ OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{SKHole}(\tau) \lesssim \kappa} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{SKHole}(\tau) \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \lesssim \text{SKHole}(\tau)} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2} \quad (5) \quad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_3 \lesssim \kappa_4 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_4 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2} \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{S}_\kappa(\tau) \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{S}_\kappa(\tau) \lesssim \kappa} \quad (7) \quad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_3 \lesssim \kappa_1 \quad \Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_3 \vdash \kappa_2 \lesssim \kappa_4}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2 \lesssim \Pi_{t::\kappa_3} \cdot \kappa_4} \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\equiv} \tau_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{S}_{\kappa_1}(\tau_1) \lesssim \text{S}_{\kappa_2}(\tau_2)} \quad (9)$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2$ τ_1 is provably equivalent to τ_2 at kind κ

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 ::> \kappa_1 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \text{S}_\kappa(\tau_2)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 :: \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_4 \quad \Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_2}{t} \equiv \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa_2}{t}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\equiv} \tau_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\equiv} \tau_4}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \tau_2 \stackrel{[\tau_2/t]\kappa_2}{\equiv} \tau_3 \tau_4} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau} \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (14)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_3 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{S}_\kappa(\tau)}{\equiv} \tau_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (16)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\equiv} \tau_3 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\equiv} \tau_4}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\equiv} \tau_3 \oplus \tau_4} \quad (17)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \lambda t::\kappa_1. \tau_1 \stackrel{\Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa}{\equiv} \lambda t::\kappa_2. \tau_2} \quad (18)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\equiv} \tau_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \quad (19)$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$ κ is well formed

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{Type} \text{ OK}} \quad (20)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{KHole} \text{ OK}} \quad (21)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{S}_\kappa(\tau) \text{ OK}} \quad (22)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \text{ OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \kappa_2 \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2 \text{ OK}} \quad (23)$$

$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ Context is well formed

$$\frac{}{; \vdash \text{OK}} \quad (24)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa \vdash \text{OK}} \quad (25)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta, u::\kappa; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}} \quad (26)$$

Variables implicitly assumed to be fresh as necessary

METATHEORY

Lemma 1 (Weakening). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau::\kappa$, then $\Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \tau::\kappa$ when $\Delta; \Phi, t::\kappa_1 \vdash \text{OK}$*

Proof. By rule induction/length of proof.

L1. (9)

□

Proof. By rule induction/length of proof.

L2. (9)

□

Lemma 2 (OK-PK). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau::>\kappa$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 3 (OK-WFaK). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau::\kappa$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 4 (OK-MatchPi). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \blacktriangleright \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \kappa_2$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} \kappa_2 \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 5 (OK-KEquiv). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \text{ OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_2 \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 6 (OK-CSK). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \text{ OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_2 \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 7 (OK-TEquivAK). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1::\kappa$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2::\kappa$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$*

Lemma 8 (OK-KWF). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$*

Lemma 9 (OK-Substitution).

*If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_L::\kappa_{L1}$ and $\Delta; \Phi, t_L::\kappa_{L1} \vdash \kappa_{L2} \text{ OK}$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_L/t_L]\kappa_{L2} \text{ OK}$
(induction on $\Delta; \Phi, t_L::\kappa_{L1} \vdash \kappa_{L2} \text{ OK}$)*

Lemma 10 (K-Substitution).

*If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_{L1}::\kappa_{L1}$ and $\Delta; \Phi, t_L::\kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau_{L2}::\kappa_{L2}$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_{L1}/t_L]\tau_{L2}::[\tau_{L1}/t_L]\kappa_{L2}$
(induction on $\Delta; \Phi, t_L::\kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau_{L2}::\kappa_{L2}$)*

Proof. By simultaneous rule induction/length of proof.

The interesting cases per lemma:

OK-PK.	(1)	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{bse} :: \mathbf{S}_{\text{Type}}(\text{bse})$	by (9)
		$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{bse} :: \text{Type}$	by (10)
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\text{Type}}(\text{bse}) \text{ OK}$	by (43)
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$	by premiss
	(8)		bad
OK-WFaK.	(12)	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \kappa$	by (10)
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_2) \text{ OK}$	by (43)
OK-KEquiv.	(22)	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau \ t ::> \kappa$	
OK-Substitution.	(41)	$\Delta; \Phi, t_L :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \text{OK}$	premiss (41)
		$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{L1} \text{ OK}$	by subderivation premiss (46)
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$	by OK-KWF
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_L / t_L] \text{Type OK}$	by (41) and degenerate subst
	(43)	$\Delta; \Phi, t_L :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau :: \kappa$	premiss (43)
		$\Delta; \Phi, t_L :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \text{OK}$	by OK-WFaK
		$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{L1} \text{ OK}$	by subderivation premiss (46)
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \text{OK}$	by OK-KWF
		$\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_{L1} / t_L] \tau :: [\tau_{L1} / t_L] \kappa$	by K-Substitution on premiss
	*	$\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_L / t_L] \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \text{ OK}$	by (43)

□

Lemma 11 (PK-Unicity). *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_L ::> \kappa_{L1}$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_L ::> \kappa_{L2}$ then κ_{L1} is κ_{L2}*

Lemma 12. *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_1$ and $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa_2$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$*

Lemma 13. *If $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \mathbf{S}_{\kappa_2}(\tau)$, then $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$*