# Hazel Phi: 11-type-constructors

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#### notes

• proofs are dilapidated

#### syntax

#### Declaratives

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa \mid \tau \text{ has principal (well formed) kind } \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{bse} ::> \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{Type}}(\mathrm{bse})} \mathsf{PK-Base} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi = \Phi_1, t :: \kappa, \Phi_2 \vdash \mathrm{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash t ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(t)} \mathsf{PK-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 :: \mathsf{Type} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \mathsf{Type}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 ::> \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{Type}}(\tau_1 \oplus \tau_2)} \mathsf{PK-\oplus} \qquad \frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, u :: \kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash (\emptyset^u ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}((\emptyset^u))} \mathsf{PK-EHole}$$

$$\frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, u :: \kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash ((\tau)^u ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(((\tau)^u))} \mathsf{PK-NEHole}$$

$$\frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, u :: \kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK} \quad t \notin \Phi}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash ((\tau)^u ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(((\tau)^u))} \mathsf{PK-NEHole}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash ((t)^u ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(((t)^u))}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash ((t)^u ::> \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(((t)^u))} \mathsf{PK-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash ((t)^u ::> \kappa, \Delta_2; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK} \quad t \notin \Phi}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t :: \kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \kappa_1} \mathsf{PK-Ap}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 ::> \kappa \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t :: \kappa_1} \cdot \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \kappa_1} \qquad \mathsf{PK-Ap}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa \mid \tau \text{ is well formed at kind } \kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa} \text{ WFaK-1} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_{1}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa} \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{1} \lesssim \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa} \text{ WFaK-Subsump}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa} \text{ WFaK-Reit} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::S_{\kappa}(\tau)} \text{ WFaK-Self}$$

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \kappa_{t} \neq \Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \kappa_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \Rightarrow \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \neq \Pi_{t} \Rightarrow \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \Rightarrow \Pi_{t \vdash \kappa} \circ \Pi_{t} \Rightarrow \Pi$$

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \Pi_{t :: \kappa_{3}} . \kappa_{4} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t :: \kappa_{3}} . \kappa_{4} \lesssim \Pi_{t :: \kappa_{1}} . \kappa_{2}$$

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \Pi_{t :: \kappa_{1}} . \kappa_{2} \qquad \text{WFaK-IICSKTrans}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2 \mid \kappa$  has matched  $\Pi$ -kind  $\Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathrm{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{KHole} \overset{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\mathtt{KHole}}.\mathtt{KHole}} \overset{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \text{-KHole} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \overset{\mathrm{norm}}{\equiv} \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{KHole}}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \overset{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{KHole}}(\tau)}.\mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{KHole}}(\tau \ t)} \overset{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \text{-SKHole}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{\text{norm}}{=} \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2} \; \underset{\Pi}{\blacktriangleright} \; \text{-}\Pi$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{*}{=} > \kappa_2 \mid \kappa_1 \text{ singleton reduces to } \kappa_2$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_{I})}(\tau) \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_{I})}(\tau) \overset{*}{\equiv} \mathtt{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_{I})} \overset{*}{\equiv} \mathtt{>-1} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{I} \overset{*}{\equiv} \mathtt{>} \kappa_{2}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{I} \overset{*}{\equiv} \mathtt{>} \kappa_{3}} \overset{*}{\equiv} \mathtt{>-Trans}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{norm}}{=} \kappa_2 \mid \kappa_1 \text{ has singleton normal form } \kappa_2$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{*}{\equiv} > S_{\mathsf{Type}}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{\mathsf{norm}}{\equiv} > S_{\mathsf{Type}}(\tau)} \stackrel{\mathsf{norm}}{\equiv} > \mathsf{-Type}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{*}{\equiv} > S_{\mathsf{KHole}}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{\mathsf{norm}}{\equiv} > S_{\mathsf{KHole}}(\tau)} \stackrel{\mathsf{norm}}{\equiv} > \mathsf{-KHole}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{*}{\equiv} > \mathbf{S}_{\Pi_{t::\kappa_{1}}.\kappa_{2}}(\tau)}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} > \Pi_{t_{1}::\kappa_{1}}.\mathbf{S}_{[t_{1}/t]\kappa_{2}}(\tau \ t_{1})} \stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} -\Pi$$

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2 \mid \kappa_1 \text{ is equivalent to } \kappa_2$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \equiv \kappa} \text{ KEquiv-Refl} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_2 \equiv \kappa_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \text{ KEquiv-Symm}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_3 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \; \text{KEquiv-Trans}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{*}{\equiv} \succ \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \; \text{KEquiv-SReduc} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} \succ \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \; \text{KEquiv-SNorm}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2 \equiv \Pi_{t::\kappa_3}.\kappa_4} \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_4 \atop \Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2 \equiv \Pi_{t::\kappa_3}.\kappa_4$$
 KEquiv-П

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\equiv} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\kappa_1}(\tau_1) \equiv \mathtt{S}_{\kappa_2}(\tau_2)} \; \mathtt{KEquiv\text{-SKind}}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$   $\kappa_1$  is a consistent subkind of  $\kappa_2$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \texttt{KHole} \lesssim \kappa} \text{ CSK-KHoleL} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \lesssim \texttt{KHole}} \text{ CSK-KHoleR}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{KHole}}(\tau) \ \mathrm{OK} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \ \mathrm{OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{KHole}}(\tau) \lesssim \kappa} \ \mathtt{CSK\text{-}SKind}_{\mathtt{KHole}} \mathtt{L}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \text{ OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\texttt{KHole}}(\tau) \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \lesssim \mathtt{S}_{\texttt{KHole}}(\tau)} \text{ CSK-SKind}_{\texttt{KHole}} \mathtt{R}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2} \text{ CSK-KEquiv} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_3}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_3 \lesssim \kappa_4}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2} \qquad \text{CSK-Normal}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \text{ OK}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \lesssim \kappa} \text{ CSK-SKind} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{3} \lesssim \kappa_{1}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_{1}}.\kappa_{2} \lesssim \Pi_{t::\kappa_{3}}.\kappa_{4}} \vdash \kappa_{2} \lesssim \kappa_{4}}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_{1}}.\kappa_{2} \lesssim \Pi_{t::\kappa_{3}}.\kappa_{4}} \text{ CSK-PRIMEDIAL CSK-PRIMEDIAL$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\equiv} \tau_2} \text{CSK-?}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2 \mid \tau_1 \text{ is provably equivalent to } \tau_2 \text{ at kind } \kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau : \frac{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau} \, \operatorname{EquivAK-Ref1} \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_I}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_2} \, \operatorname{EquivAK-Symm} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_3}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_2} \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_3 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_I}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_2} \, \operatorname{EquivAK-Trans} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_3}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_2} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv S_{\kappa}(\tau_2) \, \operatorname{EquivAK-SKind} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 : \Pi_{\text{Li:}\kappa_1}, \kappa_3}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 : \frac{\kappa}{\Xi} \tau_2} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 : \Pi_{\text{Li:}\kappa_1}, \kappa_4 \qquad \Delta; \Phi, \underline{t} : \underline{\kappa_1} \vdash \tau_1 \, \underline{t} \stackrel{\kappa_3}{\Xi} \tau_2 \, \underline{t} \, \operatorname{EquivAK-\Pi} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1} \stackrel{\Pi_{\text{Li:}\kappa_1}, \kappa_3}{\Xi} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\pi_1}{\Xi} \tau_4 \quad \operatorname{EquivAK-Ap} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1} \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_3 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_4 \quad \operatorname{EquivAK-Ap} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1} \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_3 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_4 \quad \operatorname{EquivAK-\Phi} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1} \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_3 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_4 \quad \operatorname{EquivAK-\Phi} \\ \frac{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1}{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1} \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_3 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \quad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \stackrel{\text{Type}}{\Xi} \tau_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa \\ \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa \operatorname{OK} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash$$

$$\Delta; \Phi \vdash OK \mid Context \text{ is well formed}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cdot;\cdot\vdash\mathrm{OK}} \, \mathsf{CWF-Nil} \qquad \frac{t\notin\Phi \quad \Delta;\Phi\vdash\kappa\;\mathrm{OK}}{\Delta;\underline{\Phi,t::\kappa}\vdash\mathrm{OK}} \, \mathsf{CWF-TypVar} \qquad \frac{\mathrm{u}\notin\Delta \quad \Delta;\Phi\vdash\kappa\;\mathrm{OK}}{\underline{\Delta,\mathrm{u}::\kappa};\Phi\vdash\mathrm{OK}} \, \mathsf{CWF-Hole}$$
 Algorithm

Elimination contexts

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{E} & ::= & \diamond \\ & \mid & \mathcal{E} \ \tau \end{array}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2 \mid \tau_1 \text{ is equivalent to } \tau_2 \text{ at kind } \kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2} \tag{4}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \uparrow \kappa \mid \text{path } \tau \text{ has natural kind } \kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta : \Phi \vdash \text{bse} \uparrow \text{Type}}{\Delta : \Phi \vdash \text{bse} \uparrow \text{Type}} \ (5) \qquad \frac{\Phi = \Phi_1, t :: \kappa, \Phi_2}{\Delta : \Phi \vdash t \uparrow \kappa} \ (6) \qquad \frac{\Delta : \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \uparrow \text{Type}}{\Delta : \Phi \vdash \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \uparrow \text{Type}} \ (7) \qquad \frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, u :: \kappa, \Delta_2}{\Delta : \Phi \vdash 0 \downarrow u \uparrow \kappa} \ (8)$$

$$\frac{\Delta = \Delta_{1}, \mathbf{u} :: \kappa, \Delta_{2}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright (\tau)^{\mathbf{u}} \uparrow \kappa} \tag{9}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{1} \uparrow \kappa \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \kappa_{\omega} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{\omega} \stackrel{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \Pi_{t :: \kappa_{1}} \cdot \kappa_{2}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{1} \ \tau_{2} \uparrow [\tau_{2}/t] \kappa_{2}} \tag{10}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \underbrace{\mathcal{E}[\tau]}_{} \mathcal{E}[\tau]$  is a path

$$\frac{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{D} \rangle}{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{D} \rangle} (11) \qquad \frac{\Phi = \Phi_{1}, t :: \kappa, \Phi_{2}}{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{E}[t] \rangle} (12) \qquad \frac{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{E}[\tau] \rangle}{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{E}[\tau] \rangle} (13) \qquad \frac{\Delta = \Delta_{1}, u :: \kappa, \Delta_{2};}{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{E}[\tau] \rangle} (14) \qquad \frac{\Delta = \Delta_{1}, u :: \kappa, \Delta_{2};}{\Delta : \Phi \triangleright \langle \mathbb{E}[\tau] \rangle} (15)$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau_1] \leadsto \mathcal{E}[\tau_2]$   $\mathcal{E}[\tau_1]$  single step weak head reduces to  $\mathcal{E}[\tau_2]$   $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau] \bowtie \mathcal{E}[\tau]$  does not weak head reduce

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau]}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\lambda t :: \kappa. \tau) \ \tau_{1}] \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{E}[\tau_{1}/t]\tau} \ (16) \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau]}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau]} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \uparrow \kappa \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow S_{\kappa}(\tau_{\psi})}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau] \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{E}[\tau_{\psi}]} \ (17)$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \widehat{\mathcal{E}[\tau]}) \quad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \uparrow \kappa \quad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \kappa_{\omega} \quad \kappa_{\omega} \neq \mathbf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau_{\psi})}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathcal{E}[\tau]}$$
(19)

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \downarrow \tau_{\psi} \mid \tau$  weak head normalizes to  $\tau_{\psi}$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \leadsto \tau_{\chi} \quad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\chi} \Downarrow \tau_{\psi}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \Downarrow \tau_{\psi}} \tag{20}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \leadsto \tau}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \Downarrow \tau} \tag{21}$$

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \xrightarrow{\kappa} \tau_{\omega}$   $\tau$  normalizes to  $\tau_{\omega}$  at kind  $\kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \mathsf{Type} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \Downarrow \tau_{\psi} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\psi} \longrightarrow^{\kappa_{\psi}} \tau_{\omega} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa_{\psi} \lesssim \mathsf{Type}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}} \tag{22}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \mathsf{KHole} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \Downarrow \tau_{\psi} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \overline{\tau_{\psi}} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\psi} \longrightarrow^{\kappa_{\psi}} \tau_{\omega}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}} \tag{23}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \mathsf{KHole} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \Downarrow \lambda t :: \kappa_1.\tau_1 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa_1 \Longrightarrow \kappa_\omega \qquad \Delta; \Phi, t :: \kappa_1 \triangleright \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \lambda t :: \kappa_\omega.\tau_\omega} \tag{24}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{Type}}(\tau_s) \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\mathsf{Type}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega \qquad \tau_\omega = \tau_s}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega} \tag{25}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{KHole}}(\tau_s) \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\mathsf{KHole}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega \qquad \tau_\omega = \tau_s}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_\omega} \tag{26}$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \Pi_{t::\kappa_{\omega_1}}.\kappa_{\omega_2} \quad \Delta; \Phi, t_1::\kappa_{\omega_1} \triangleright \tau \ t_1 \stackrel{[t_1/t]\kappa_{\omega_2}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \lambda t_1::\kappa_{\omega_1}.\tau_{\omega}}$$
(27)

 $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\psi} \longrightarrow^{\kappa} \tau_{\omega}$  path  $\tau_{\psi}$  normalizes to  $\tau_{\omega}$  with kind  $\kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{bse} \longrightarrow^{\mathsf{Type}} \mathsf{bse}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{bse} \longrightarrow^{\mathsf{Type}} \mathsf{bse}} \ (28) \qquad \frac{\Phi = \Phi_1, t :: \kappa, \Phi_2}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright t \longrightarrow^{\kappa} t} \ (29) \qquad \frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \stackrel{\mathsf{Type}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega_1} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_2 \stackrel{\mathsf{Type}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega_2}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \oplus \tau_2 \longrightarrow^{\mathsf{Type}} \tau_{\omega_1} \oplus \tau_{\omega_2}} \ (30)$$

$$\frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, \mathbf{u} :: \kappa, \Delta_2}{\Delta; \Phi \rhd (\!\!|\!|^{\mathbf{u}} \longrightarrow^{\kappa} (\!\!|\!|^{\mathbf{u}})\!\!|^{\mathbf{u}}} \ (\mathbf{31}) \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta = \Delta_1, \mathbf{u} :: \kappa, \Delta_2}{\Delta; \Phi \rhd (\!\!|\!|^{\mathbf{u}} \longrightarrow^{\kappa} (\!\!|\!|^{\mathbf{u}})\!\!|^{\mathbf{u}}} \ (\mathbf{32})$$

$$\frac{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \longrightarrow^{\kappa} \tau_{\omega_1} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \kappa_{\omega} \qquad \Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_{\omega} \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\kappa_1}.\kappa_2 \qquad \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_2 \stackrel{\kappa_1}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega_2}}{\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_1 \ \tau_2 \longrightarrow^{[\tau_{\omega_2}/t]\kappa_2} \tau_{\omega_1} \ \tau_{\omega_2}}$$
(33)

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{ \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \longrightarrow \kappa_{\omega} } \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{Type} \longrightarrow \mathsf{Type} \end{array} } \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{Type} \longrightarrow \mathsf{Type} \end{array} } \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{Type} \longrightarrow \mathsf{Type} \\ \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \Longrightarrow \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{Type}}(\tau_{\omega}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \Longrightarrow \mathsf{S}_{\mathsf{Rylo}1e}(\tau_{\omega}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{S}_{\kappa}(\tau) \Longrightarrow \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{S}),\mathsf{L}}(\tau_{\mathsf{L}}) \Longrightarrow \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{L}),\mathsf{L}}(\tau_{\mathsf{L}}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{K} \Longrightarrow \mathsf{\Pi}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{S}),\mathsf{L}}(\mathsf{K}_{\mathsf{L}}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{K} \Longrightarrow \mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{L}),\mathsf{L}}(\mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{L}}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{K} \Longrightarrow \mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{L}),\mathsf{L}}(\mathsf{L}) \\ \hline \Delta; \Phi \triangleright \mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{L}(\mathsf{L}),\mathsf{L}}(\mathsf{$$

### Metatheory

subderivation preserving inferences:

- premiss
- COK (Context OK)
- PoS (premiss of subderivation)

Lemma 1 (COK). If  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathcal{J}$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash OK$  in a subderivation (where  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathcal{J} \neq \Delta; \Phi \vdash OK$ )

Proof. By induction on derivations.

No interesting cases.

Lemma 2 (Exchange).

If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi_1$ ,  $t_{L1}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$ ,  $t_{L2}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$ ,  $\Phi_2 \vdash \mathcal{J}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi_1$ ,  $t_{L2}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$ ,  $t_{L1}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$ ,  $\Phi_2 \vdash OK$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi_1$ ,  $t_{L2}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$ ,  $t_{L1}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$ ,  $\Phi_2 \vdash \mathcal{J}$ 

Proof. By induction on derivations.

No interesting cases.

(Only rules with  $\Phi$  extended in the conclusion are interesting, which is only CWF-TypVar, but when  $\mathcal{J}$  is CWF, Exchange is identity)

Corollary 3 (Marked-Exchange).

If  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L1}}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L2}}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$   $\vdash \mathcal{J}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L2}}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L1}}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$   $\vdash$  OK, then  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L2}}$ :: $\kappa_{L2}$ ,  $\underline{t_{L1}}$ :: $\kappa_{L1}$   $\vdash \mathcal{J}$ 

Proof. Exchange when  $\Phi_2 = \cdot$ 

Lemma 4 (Weakening).

If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \mathcal{J}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi$ ,  $t_L :: \kappa_L \vdash \text{OK}$  and  $t_L \notin \mathcal{J}$  and  $\forall t \in \kappa_L, t \notin \mathcal{J}$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi$ ,  $t_L :: \kappa_L \vdash \mathcal{J}$ 

Proof. see addendum

Lemma 5 (K-Substitution).

If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_{L1} :: \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}, \underline{t_L} :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau_{L2} :: \kappa_{L2}$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash [\tau_{L1}/t_L]\tau_{L2} :: [\tau_{L1}/t_L]\kappa_{L2}$  (induction on  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi$ ,  $\underline{t_L} :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau_{L2} :: \kappa_{L2}$ )

Lemma 6 (PK-Substitution). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_{L1} :: \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}, t_L :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \tau_{L2} ::> \kappa_{L2}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash [\tau_{L1}/t_L]\tau_{L2} ::> \kappa_{L3}$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash [\tau_{L2}/t_L]\kappa_{L2} \equiv \kappa_{L3}$ 

Lemma 7 (OK-Substitution).

If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_L :: \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}$ ,  $\underline{t_L} :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \kappa_{L2}$  OK, then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash [\tau_L/t_L]\kappa_{L2}$  OK (induction on  $\Delta$ ;  $\underline{\Phi}$ ,  $\underline{t_L} :: \kappa_{L1} \vdash \kappa_{L2}$  OK)

Theorem 8 (OK-PK). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa$  OK

Theorem 9 (OK-WFaK). If  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa$  OK

Theorem 10 (OK-MatchPi). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa \prod_{\Pi} \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} . \kappa_2$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa$  OK and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \Pi_{t::\kappa_1} . \kappa_2$  OK

Theorem 11 (OK-KEquiv). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_1$  OK and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_2$  OK

Theorem 12 (OK-CSK). If  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1$  OK and  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_2$  OK

Theorem 13 (OK-EquivAK). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_1 \stackrel{\kappa}{\equiv} \tau_2$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_1 :: \kappa$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_2 :: \kappa$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa$  OK

Proof. see addendum  $\Box$ 

Proof.

Weakening By induction on derivations.

Note: When applying Weakening in the induction, check that the left premiss is always a subderivation, and check variable exclusion conditions are satisfied (usually checked elsewhere in the derivation).

 $\frac{\overline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \text{OK}} \text{ IH}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi} \vdash \kappa_L \text{ OK}} \text{ PoS}$  $\frac{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1}} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_{2}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1}} \vdash \text{OK}} \xrightarrow{\text{Premiss}} \text{COK}} t \notin \Phi$  $\frac{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1}} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_{2}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1}} \vdash \text{OK}} \xrightarrow{\text{COK}} \underline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi} \vdash \kappa_{1} \text{ OK}}$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi}, t :: \kappa_{\underline{1}} \vdash \kappa_{\underline{L}} \text{ OK}$  $t \neq t_L$  $t_L \notin \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1}$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_2$  premiss  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{\underline{I}}, t_{\underline{L}} :: \kappa_{\underline{L}}} \vdash \text{OK}$   $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{\underline{I}}, t_{\underline{L}} :: \kappa_{\underline{L}}} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_{\underline{2}}$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \kappa_1 \text{ OK}$  $t \notin \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L}$ ----- CWF-TypVar  $\Delta; \underline{\underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L}, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \text{OK}$ — Marked-Exchange  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_2$   $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \lambda t :: \kappa_1 . \tau ::> S_{\Pi_t :: \kappa_1 . \kappa_2}(\lambda t :: \kappa_1 . \tau)$ 

 $\frac{}{sim}$  EquivAK- $\Pi$ 

 $\frac{}{sim}$  KWF-II

 $\frac{\overline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \text{OK}} \text{ IH}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi \vdash \kappa_L} \text{ OK}} \text{ PoS} \qquad \frac{\overline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_4} \text{ premiss}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \text{OK}} \text{ COK}$ 

 $\frac{\overline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1} \vdash \kappa_{3} \equiv \kappa_{4}}} \text{ premiss}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{1} \vdash \text{OK}}} \text{ COK}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi \vdash \kappa_{1} \text{ OK}}}$  $\frac{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{\underline{1}}} \vdash \kappa_{\underline{3}} \equiv \kappa_{\underline{4}} \text{ premiss}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_{\underline{1}}} \vdash \text{OK}}$   $t \notin \Phi$  $\frac{\overline{t_L \notin \mathcal{J}} \text{ IH}}{t \neq t_L} \frac{\overline{t \in \mathcal{J}}}{}$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1 \vdash \kappa_L \text{ OK}}$  $t_L \notin \Phi, t :: \kappa_1$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1} \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_2$  premiss  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1}, t_L :: \kappa_L \vdash \text{OK}$   $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t :: \kappa_1}, t_L :: \kappa_L \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_2$  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \kappa_1 \text{ OK}$  $t \notin \Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L$ —— CWF-TypVar  $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L}, t :: \kappa_1 \vdash OK$ 

 $\Delta; \underline{\Phi}, \underline{t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \Pi_{t :: \kappa_1} . \kappa_2 \equiv \Pi_{t :: \kappa_3} . \kappa_4$ 

 $\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L}, t :: \kappa_1 \vdash \kappa_3 \equiv \kappa_4$ 

 $\frac{\overline{\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \text{ premiss } \overline{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \text{OK}} \text{ IH}}{\Delta; \underline{\Phi, t_L :: \kappa_L} \vdash \kappa_1 \equiv \kappa_2} \text{ Weakening}$ 

O?K-.\*
By simultaneous induction on derivations.

K-Substitution by type size??

The interesting cases per theorem:

OK-Substitution

OK-PK

— KWF-SKind  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \mathtt{S}_{\mathtt{Type}}(\mathtt{bse}) \ \mathrm{OK}$ 

OK-WFaK

 $\Delta; \Phi \vdash [\tau_2/t] \kappa_2 \text{ OK}$  OK-Substitution

Definition 1 (Singleton Depth).

$$SSize: "\{\kappa\}" \to \mathbb{N}$$

$$SSize(\kappa_x) = \begin{cases} SSize(\kappa) + 1 & \text{if } \kappa_x = S_{\kappa}(\tau) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Lemma 14 ( $\stackrel{*}{\equiv}$ >-diminution). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{*}{\equiv} \succ \kappa_{L1}$ , then  $SSize(\kappa_L) > SSize(\kappa_{L1})$ 

Proof. By induction on derivations (and transitivity of > on  $\mathbb{N}$ )

Lemma 15 ( $\stackrel{*}{\equiv}$ >-n+1-nicity). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{*}{\equiv}$ >  $\kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{*}{\equiv}$ >  $\kappa_{L2}$  where  $SSize(\kappa_L) = n+1$  and  $SSize(\kappa_{L1}) = SSize(\kappa_{L2}) = n$ , then  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Proof. By  $\equiv$ >-diminution,  $\equiv$ >-Trans cannot be the last inference of a derivation of  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \equiv$ >  $\kappa_{L1}$  since  $SSize(\kappa_1) \ge SSize(\kappa_3) + 2$  (in  $\equiv$ >-Trans). Thus,  $\equiv$ >-1 must have been the last inference. Similarly for  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \equiv$ >  $\kappa_{L2}$ , thus  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Lemma 16 ( $\stackrel{*}{\equiv}$ -stepwise). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{*}{\equiv} \succ \kappa_{L1}$  where  $SSize(\kappa_L) = m$  and  $SSize(\kappa_{L1}) = n$  and m > n + 1, then the derivation must contain subderivations of each singleton depth inbetween

Proof. More precisely this says, where m > n by  $\equiv >$ -diminution, the derivation must contain subderivations of each  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_i \equiv > \kappa_j$  where  $m \geq i > j \geq n$ ,  $SSize(\kappa_k) = k$  when  $m \geq k \geq n$ ,  $\kappa_m = \kappa_L$ ,  $\kappa_n = \kappa_{L1}$ .

By induction on derivations (base case is where m = n + 2, which necessitates a last inference of  $\equiv >$ -Trans. Each premiss must have SSize difference of 1, fulfilling hypothesis)

Lemma 17 ( $\equiv >-m+n$ -nicity). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \equiv > \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_L \equiv > \kappa_{L2}$  where  $SSize(\kappa_L) = m+n$  and  $SSize(\kappa_{L1}) = SSize(\kappa_{L2}) = n$ , then  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Proof. By  $\equiv >$ -stepwise and  $\equiv >$ -n+1-nicity when m>n+1.

By  $\equiv > -n + 1$ -nicity when m = n + 1.

No other cases by  $\equiv >$ -diminution.

Theorem 18 ( $\stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv}$ -Unicity). If  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_L \stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} \kappa_{L2}$ , then  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Proof. (this is a really quick sketch)

All  $\stackrel{\text{norm}}{=}$  rules have  $\stackrel{*}{=}$  premiss with rhs singleton depth 1. By  $\stackrel{*}{=}$  -m + n-nicity, where n=1.

Theorem 19 ( $^{\blacktriangleright}_{\Pi}$ -Unicity). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_L \stackrel{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_L \stackrel{\blacktriangleright}{\Pi} \kappa_{L2}$ , then  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Proof. (this is a really quick sketch)

By unicity of  $\stackrel{\text{norm}}{\equiv} >$ .

Theorem 20 (PK-Unicity). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_L ::> \kappa_{L1}$  and  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau_L ::> \kappa_{L2}$ , then  $\kappa_{L1} = \kappa_{L2}$ 

Proof. (this is a really quick sketch)

As PK is syntax directed, proof is by inspection for all rules except PK- $\lambda$  (variables in contexts are unique—see context rules), which is by induction on derivations, and PK-Ap, which requires of unicity of  $\Pi$  (above theorem).  $\square$ 

Theorem 21 (PK-Principality). If  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::> \kappa_1$  and  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \tau ::\kappa_2$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$ 

Proof. From definition of  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \tau :: \kappa$  and CSK-SKind

Theorem 22 (why is this here?). If  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim S_{\kappa_2}(\tau)$ , then  $\Delta$ ;  $\Phi \vdash \kappa_1 \lesssim \kappa_2$ 

Prop 23 (APN-1). If  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\psi} \longrightarrow^{\kappa} \tau_{\omega}$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \overline{\tau_{\psi}}$ 

Proof. By inspection.

Prop 24 (AKN-1). If  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow S_{\kappa_{\omega}}(\tau_{\omega})$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau_{\omega} \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}$ Proof. Sim ind with some other simple props probably  $\Box$ Prop 25 (ATN-1). If  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \kappa \Longrightarrow \kappa_{\omega}$  and  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}$ , then  $\Delta; \Phi \triangleright \tau \stackrel{\kappa_{\omega}}{\Longrightarrow} \tau_{\omega}$ Proof. Sim ind with some other simple props probably

## Elaboration

 $\overline{\text{todo}}$