

SM-4331 Exercise 0

1. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a sample taken from a population with mean μ and variance σ^2 .
 - (a) Write down the formula for the sample mean \bar{X} and unbiased sample variance s^2 .
 - (b) Show that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i - n\bar{X}$$

- (c) Find the expectation of \bar{X} and s^2 .
2. Let $X_i \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, for $i = 1, \dots, n$.
 - (a) What is $E(X_i)$ and $\text{Var}(X_i)$?
 - (b) What is $\text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$, $i \neq j$?
 - (c) Write down distributions for the following random variables:
 - i. $Y = aX_i + b$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - ii. $Z = X_1 + \dots + X_n$.
 - iii. $W = X_1 - X_2$.
3. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a sample taken from a population with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Suppose that $\bar{X}_n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$, and that \bar{X}_n is the sample mean,
 - (a) What is a 95% confidence interval for \bar{X}_n ?
 - (b) What is the distribution of $Z = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$?
 - (c) What is a 95% confidence interval for Z ?
4. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent random variables, and let a_1, \dots, a_n be constants. Show that

$$E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i E(X_i)$$

and

$$\text{Var}\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 \text{Var}(X_i)$$

5. For random variables X and Y
 - (a) Write down the formula for $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$.
 - (b) Show that
$$\text{Cov}(X + Y, X - Y) = \text{Var}(X) - \text{Var}(Y)$$
6. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\{-(x - \mu)/2\sigma^2\}$.
 - (a) Show that $\log f(x) = -\frac{1}{2} \log 2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \log \sigma^2 - (x - \mu)/2\sigma^2$.

(b) Obtain $\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \log f(x)$.

(c) Obtain $\frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma^2} \log f(x)$.

7. A random variable X has distribution as follows:

x	-1	0	1	2
$f(x)$	3/8	2/8	2/8	1/8

(a) Is X discrete or continuous?

(b) What is $P(X \leq 0)$?

(c) Find $E(X)$ and $\text{Var}(X)$.

8. A continuous random variable, X , has the following cdf:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-x} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) Calculate $P(0.5 < X < 1)$.

(b) Find x such that $P(X > x) = 0.05$.

(c) Determine $E(X)$ and $\text{Var}(X)$.

9. A random variable, X , has the following pdf:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x/3 & \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \\ (3-x)/3 & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(a) Derive the cdf of X .

(b) Find the mean and standard deviation of X .