# **Apache Spark—Real Time Project—Marketing Analysis**

Analyze marketing data for call campaign by bank

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### 1. Load data and create Spark data frame

```
val dataset = sc.textFile("/user/shyamal.hazra_mindtree/Labdata/Project
1_dataset_bank-full (2).csv")

val parsedata=dataset.map(x=>x.replaceAll("\"",""))

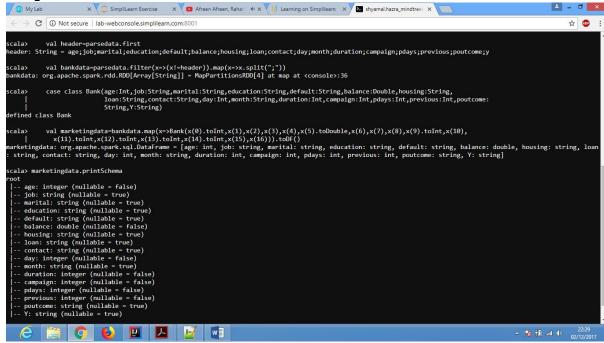
val bankdata=parsedata.filter(x=>(x!=header)).map(x=>x.split(";"))

case class
Bank(age:Int,job:String,marital:String,education:String,default:String,balance:Double,housing:String,

loan:String,contact:String,day:Int,month:String,duration:Int,campaign:Int,pdays:Int,previous:Int,poutcome: String,Y:String)

val marketingdata=bankdata.map(x=>Bank(x(0).toInt,x(1),x(2),x(3),x(4),x(5).toDouble,x(6),x(7),x(8),x(9).toInt,x(10),x(11).toInt,x(12).toInt,x(13).toInt,x(14).toInt,x(15),x(16))).toDF()
```

#### Output:



# 2. Give marketing success rate. (No. of people subscribed / total no. of entries)

```
val successRecors=marketingdata.filter($"Y"==="yes").count()
val totalrecord=marketingdata.count()
val successRecors=marketingdata.filter($"Y"==="yes").count()
val successRate=(successRecors/totalrecord.toFloat)*100
```

#### Output:

```
| Smplites | X | Smplites | Energy | Lauring on Smplites | X | Laurin
```

### 2a Give marketing failure rate

```
val failrecord=marketingdata.filter($"Y"==="no").count()
val failrate=(failrecord/(totalrecord.toFloat))*100
```

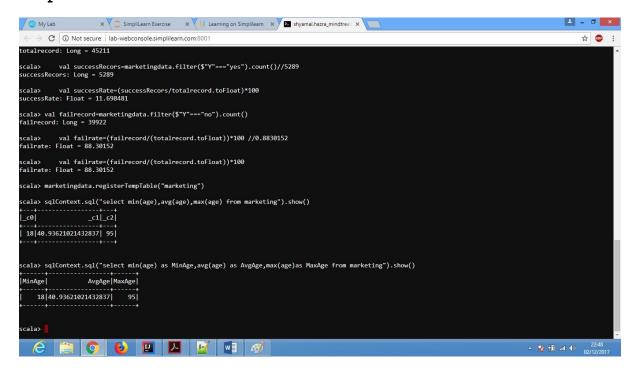
#### Output:

# 2. <u>Maximum, Mean, and Minimum age of average targeted</u> customer

marketingdata.registerTempTable("marketing")

 ${\tt sqlContext.sql("select min(age) \ as \ MinAge,avg(age) \ as \ AvgAge,max(age)as \ MaxAge from \ marketing").show()}$ 

#### Output:



# 4. Check quality of customers by checking average balance, median balance of customers

sqlContext.sql("select avg(balance)as AvergaeBalance,percentile\_approx(balance,
0.5)as MedianBalance from marketing").show()

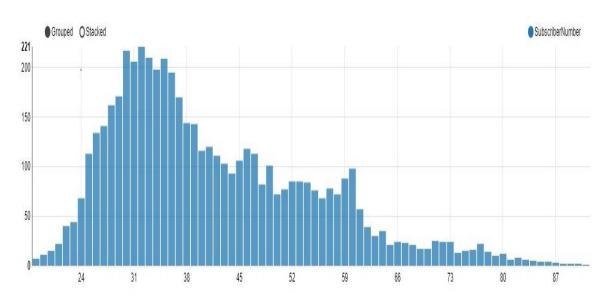
### **Output:**

### 5. Check if age matters in marketing subscription for deposit

 $\verb|sqlContext.sql("select age,count(*)| as SubscriberNumber from marketing where Y='yes' group by age order by SubscriberNumber desc").show()|$ 

**Output:** Yes age matters as we can see in figure below that major Number of subscriber are in age range of 27-38.

(N.B::Using Zeppelin notebook for better visualization)

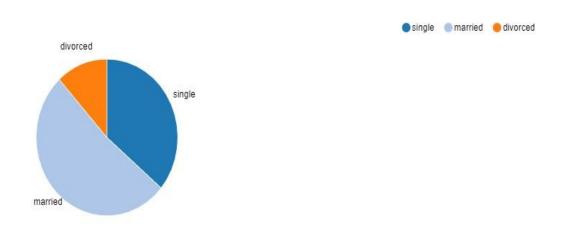


### 6. Check if marital status mattered for subscription to deposit.

sqlContext.sql("select marital,count(\*) as SubscriberNumber from marketing where Y='yes' group by marital order by SubscriberNumber desc").show()

Output: Yes martial status matters as we can see from below result

(N.B::Using Zeppelin notebook for better visualization)

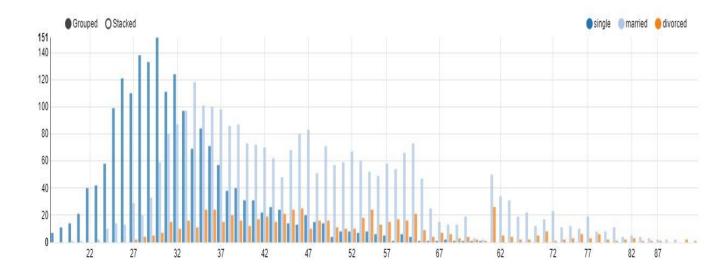


# 7. Check if age and marital status together mattered for subscription to deposit scheme

sqlContext.sql("select age,marital,count(\*) as SubscriberNumber from marketing
where Y='yes' group by age,marital order by SubscriberNumber desc").show()

**Output:**Yes age and martial status mattered for subscription, as we can see from output below

(N.B::Using Zeppelin notebook for better visualization)



# 8. Do feature engineering for column—age and find right age effect on campaign

```
val ageIndexer = sqlContext.udf.register("ageIndexer", (age:Int) => {
  if(age<20){
    "Teen"
  else if(age>=20 && age<=35){
    "Youth"
  else if(age>=36 && age<=60)
    "Mid age"
  else {
    "Senior citizen"
})
val ageIndexedDf=marketingdata.filter(marketingdata("Y") ==="yes") withColumn("age",
ageIndexer(marketingdata("age")))
ageIndexedDf.registerTempTable("marketingIndexed")
val ageindexer=new StringIndexer().setInputCol("age").setOutputCol("AgeIndex")
val model=ageindexer.fit(ageIndexedDf)
model.transform(ageIndexedDf).select("age", "AgeIndex").groupBy("AgeIndex").count().
show()
```

**Output:**By feture engineering we can see that age group 36-60 has highest effect of campaign.

