

## Lab – Euclidean Algorithms (Basic and Extended)

From the book, we are presented with a basic Euclidean algorithm (recursive method), which I used to implement the code below on Google Colab and tested it on some values and printed their outcomes.

Lab - Euclidean Algorithms.ipynb ☆

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### Euclidean Algorithm: Basic Implementation

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[2] # Euclidean Algorithm Basic

# Recursive method

def Euclid\_Basic(a, b):

# Take care of negative values

a, b = abs(a), abs(b)

if b == 0:

return a

else:

return Euclid\_Basic(b, a % b)

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[7] # Testing the function Euclid\_Basic

a = 64

b = 24

gcd = Euclid\_Basic(a, b)

print("The gcd is:", gcd)

The gcd is: 8

For the extended Euclidean algorithm, the book explained it very well, but I still faced trouble in implementing it correctly; therefore, the geeksforgeeks link helped me resolve that problem. I printed the outcomes on the Google Colab shown below.

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### Euclidean Algorithm: Extended Implementation

```
[5] # Euclidean Algorithm Extended
import math

# Recursive method
def Euclid_Extended(a, b):
    # Take care of negative values
    a, b = abs(a), abs(b)

    if a == 0:
        return b, 0, 1
    else:
        gcd, x, y = Euclid_Extended(b % a, a)
        return gcd, y - math.floor((b / a)) * x, x
```

```
✓ [13] # Testing the function Euclid_Extended
0s a = 1759
    b = 550
    gcd, x, y = Euclid_Extended(a, b)
    print("The gcd is:", gcd)
    print("The x value is: ", x)
    print("The y value is: ", y)
```

```
The gcd is: 1
The x value is: -111
The y value is: 355
```

## References:

Pearson Education. (2013). *Cryptography and network security: Principles and practice*.

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/euclidean-algorithms-basic-and-extended/>