Lab - Spam Text Message Classification using Naive Bayes Classifier.

```
! pip install -q kaggle
from google.colab import files
files.upload()
     Choose Files kaggle.json
     • kaggle.json(application/json) - 67 bytes, last modified: 1/23/2023 - 100%
     Saving kaggle icon to kaggle icon
! mkdir ~/.kaggle
! cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
! chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
! kaggle datasets download -d team-ai/spam-text-message-classification
     Downloading spam-text-message-classification.zip to /content
       0% 0.00/208k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
     100% 208k/208k [00:00<00:00, 28.3MB/s]
! mkdir Spam-Text-Classification
! unzip /content/spam-text-message-classification.zip -d /content/Spam-Text-Classification
     Archive: /content/spam-text-message-classification.zip
       inflating: /content/Spam-Text-Classification/SPAM text message 20170820 - Data.csv
```

Importing Important Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
```

Load The Downloaded Data.

This data has two columns named "Message" and "Category".

The "Category" column has non-spam (ham) and spam labels for each message.

data = pd.read_csv('/content/Spam-Text-Classification/SPAM text message 20170820 - Data.csv')
data.head()

	Category	Message	1
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	
3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	
4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	

data.shape

(5572, 2)

data['Message'] = data['Message'].str.lower() # Lower case all messages

data.head()

Message	Category	
go until jurong point, crazy available only	ham	0
ok lar joking wif u oni	ham	1
free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win fa cup fina	spam	2
u dun say so early hor u c already then say	ham	3
nah i don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	ham	4

```
data['Message'] = data['Message'].str.replace('[^\w\s]', ' ', regex=True) # Remove punctutions
```

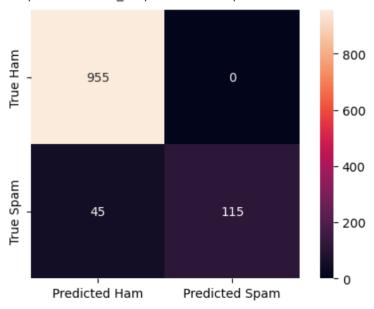
data.head()

ategory Messag	Category	
ham go until jurong point crazy available only .	ham	0
ham ok lar joking wif u or	ham	1
spam free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win fa cup fina.	spam	2
ham u dun say so early hor u c already then sa	ham	3
ham nah i don t think he goes to usf he lives aro.	ham	4

Here I perform the training and the testing. Then I build a pipeline and lastly, evaluate the results.

```
y = data['Category']
X = data['Message']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X train,X test,y train,y test=train test split(X,y,test size=0.2,random state=0)
# Build model pipeline
model = make_pipeline(TfidfVectorizer(), MultinomialNB())
# Train the model using training data
model.fit(X train, y train)
# Predict the classes of test data
predicted_categories = model.predict(X_test)
# Accuracy score of the model
print("The model accuracy is:", accuracy_score(y_test, predicted_categories))
     The model accuracy is: 0.9596412556053812
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, predicted_categories)
plt.rcParams['figure.dpi']= 100
# Plot/draw confusion matrix
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix,square=True, annot=True, fmt="d", yticklabels=["True Ham", "True Spam"],
    xticklabels=["Predicted Ham", "Predicted Spam"])
```





Observations:

Analysis of the results:

- 955 Non-Spam (ham) mails have been correctly classified
- 115 Spam mails have been correctly classified
- 0 Non-Spam (ham) mails have been classified as Spam mails (False Positives or Type I Error)
- 45 Spam mails have been classified as Non-Spam (False Negatives or Type II Error)

The model accuracy is 96% (rounded 0.9596412556053812), which is impressive for this problem.

Here I perform testing on some examples messages.

Example of a Spam message:

```
# Testing example

# Spam Example

my_sentence = "WINNER!! As a valued network customer you have been selected to receivea £900 prize reward
p = model.predict([my_sentence])
print('Spam message' if p=='spam' else 'Ham/non-spam message')
```

Spam message

Example of a Non-spam / ham message:

```
# Non-spam example
my_sentence = "Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives around here though"
p = model.predict([my_sentence])
print('Spam message' if p=='spam' else 'Ham/non-spam message')
```

Ham/non-spam message

References Used:

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/team-ai/spam-text-message-classification

https://colab.research.google.com/github/alvinntnu/python-notes/blob/master/nlp/naive-bayes.ipynb#scrollTo=EsveAy4T3flz