

## Objectives

Practice computing regular perturbation expansions for algebraic and differential equations.

## Instructions

Use Mathematica to solve the following problems. Use the template introduced for the previous homework. Write up discussions of your results.

## Problems

1. (Bender & Orszag, Problem 7.1 a) Use second-order perturbation theory to find approximations to the roots of  $x^2 + x + 6\epsilon = 0$ .
2. (Bender & Orszag, Problem 7.10) Compute all of the coefficients in the perturbation series solution to the initial-value problem

$$y' = y + \epsilon xy, \quad y(0) = 1.$$

Show that the series converges for all values of  $\epsilon$ . Also, compute the perturbation series indirectly by expanding the explicit exact solution in powers of  $\epsilon$ .

3. (Bender & Orszag, Problem 7.19) Show that the solution to the initial-value problem

$$y'' + y + \epsilon y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0,$$

remains bounded for all real  $x$ . Obtain a first-order perturbative approximation to  $y(x)$  and show that it is unbounded as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ . Conclude that the first-order approximation is valid only for  $|x| < O(\epsilon^{-1})$ .