

Data 520 Introduction to Programming

The 9522: A python project

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Figure: Beezub

Outline

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The 9522 and Rejects

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- ▶ **What is a reject?**
A reject is data that the system collects but then cannot process or put into the correct category. Rejects are typically a 'new' item that simply needs the interface created or built in the system. Sometimes this is an existing item that is coming into the system in a new way and needs an additional interface.

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A reject is data that the system collects but then cannot process or put into the correct category. Rejects are typically a 'new' item that simply needs the interface created or built in the system. Sometimes this is an existing item that is coming into the system in a new way and needs an additional interface.
- ▶ **What is an interface?** The interface matches the data into the correct department. The system matches the product information (feeder key and feeder system).

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- ▶ The report is **unwieldy** (6,600 pages). I have to save the text file as a word file and then search the word file for the feeder key, IP number, or description information. Since this is typically numerical it can result in multiple 'hits' many for the wrong field. I also cannot easily compare the multiple hits in the word file.

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- ▶ As an excel file I would be able to search on the columns and view any similar items (all at the same time). It helps in identifying items to see what department(s) similar items are used in.

Methodology

- ▶ **Source data** My first step was to take a VERY critical look at the structure of the report. The report includes headers on each page which can bisect the data at any point. In addition to the information I want, the data also includes data I don't want that is part of the Bill of Materials.

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- ▶ **The desired end result** A csv (excel file) that I will be able to filter to check items, sort to identify duplicate products and otherwise manipulate the data. With the goal being a better, more accurate and consistent database.
- ▶ **Pseudocode** First, I wrote down (pen paper) what I needed to do.

Pseudocode

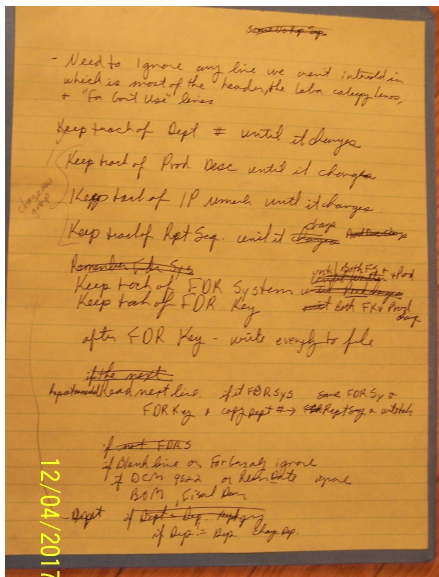


Figure: 9522 pseudocode

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|-------------|-----------|-------|---------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| MM | MM | 2222222222 | 00000000 | 444 | LL | IIIIIIIIII | SSSSSSSSSS | TTTTTTTTTT |
| MMM | MMM | 22222222222 | 000000000 | 4444 | LL | IIIIIIIIII | SSSSSSSSSSSS | TTTTTTTTTTT |
| MMMM | MMMM | 22 | 22 | 00 00 | 44 44 | LL | II SS SS | TT |
| MM MM | MM MM | 22 | 00 | 00 00 | 44 44 | LL | II SS | TT |
| MM MMM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 44 44 | LL | II SSS | TT |
| MM MM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 44444444444 | LL | II SSSSSSSSS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 4444444444444 | LL | II SSSSSSSSS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 44 | LL | II SSS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 44 | LL | II SS SS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22 | 00 | 00 | 44 | LL | II SS SS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22222222222 | 000000000 | 44 | LLLLLLLLLLLL | IIIIIIIIII | SSSSSSSSSSSS | TT |
| MM | MM | 22222222222 | 00000000 | 44 | LLLLLLLLLLLL | IIIIIIIIII | SSSSSSSSSS | TT |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----|--------------|---------------|
| SSSSSSSSSS | 5555555555 | 6666666666 | 222222222 | HH | HH | LL | BBBBBBBBBB |
| SSSSSSSSSSSS | 5555555555 | 66666666666 | 22222222222 | HH | HH | LL | BBBBBBBBBBB |
| SS | SS | 55 | 66 66 | 22 | 22 | HH | HH LL BB BB |
| SS | 55 | 66 | 22 | 22 | HH | HH LL | BB BB BB |
| SSS | 55 | 66 | 22 | 22 | HH | HH LL | BB BB |
| SSSSSSSSSS | 55555555 | 6666666666 | 22 | HHHHHHHHHH | HH | LL | BBBBBBBBBB |
| SSSSSSSSSS | 55555555 | 66666666666 | 22 | HHHHHHHHHH | HH | LL | BBBBBBBBBB |
| SSS | 55 | 66 | 66 | 22 | HH | HH LL | BB BB |
| SS | 55 | 66 | 66 | 22 | HH | HH LL | BB BB BB |
| SS | 55 | 66 | 66 | 22 | HH | HH LL | BB BB BB |
| SSSSSSSSSSSS | 5555555555 | 66666666666 | 22222222222 | HH | HH | LLLLLLLLLLLL | BBBBBBBBBBBB |
| SSSSSSSSSS | 5555555555 | 6666666666 | 22222222222 | HH | HH | LLLLLLLLLLLL | BBBBBBBBBBBB▲ |

```

*
*
*
*
*      DEPARTMENT COST MANAGER
*
*      BATCH REPORT REQUEST
*
*
*      REPORT GROUP ID: 522
*      DCM.9522-RVU LIST
*
*      DISTRIBUTE TO   : SITE TEAM
*
*      REMOTE PRINTER  : RJ562
*      DEPARTMENT      : ALLD - ALL DIRECT DEPARTMENTS
*
*
*
*

```

DCM 9522
 RUN DATE 2017-09-14

ERIE, PA
 DEPARTMENT COST MANAGER
 BILL OF MATERIALS
 FISCAL YEAR: 2017

PAGE 1

DEPT: AL31 - IN-HOUSE PHONE TRIAGE CENTER

| PRODUCT | COST TYPE CATEGORY | RVU | ACTUAL COST |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------|
| ----- | ----- | --- | ----- |
| 15M IN-HOUSE TEL TRIAGE | FDE 0 FDE | 0.000 | \$ 0.00 |
| IP NUM :26280 | FDF 0 FDF | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| RPT SEQ:00002 | FDL 0 FDL | 6.000 | 0.00 |
| FDR SYS:ZCLI | FDO 0 FDO | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| FDR KEY:10300001500000 | FI ADMIN ADMI | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI BDR BUILDI | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI HQ HEADQUA | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI NPRA NATIO | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI OIT OIT OV | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI VAMC ALL O | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | FI VSN VISNS | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VI 0 VI | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 1 TECH | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 11 CLIN | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 12 TECH | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 13 RESID | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 2 NURS | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 21 RN | 20.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 22 NA | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 23 NP/CRNA | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 24 LPN | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 4 MD | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 5 CONTRACT | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 53 OTHER | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VO 0 VO | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VS 0 VS | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | | | ----- |
| | | | \$ 0.00 |
| | | | ===== |

9522 header bisects data

\$ 132.41
=====

| | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| KNEE 3 VIEWS | FDE 0 FDE | 0.000 | \$ 29.44 |
| IP NUM :2635 | FDF 0 FDF | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| RPT SEQ:00500 | FDL 0 FDL | 1.000 | 0.23 |

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DCM 9522 ERIE, PA PAGE 6549
RUN DATE 2017-09-14 DEPARTMENT COST MANAGER
BILL OF MATERIALS
FISCAL YEAR: 2017
DEPT: X611 - RADIOLOGY SERVICE

| PRODUCT | COST TYPE CATEGORY | RVU | ACTUAL COST |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------|
| ----- | ----- | --- | ----- |
| FDR SYS:RAD | FDO 0 FDO | 0.000 | 1.89 |
| FDR KEY:73562 | FI ADMIN ADMI | 80.940 | 7.88 |
| | FI BDR BUILDI | 80.940 | 3.89 |
| | FI HQ HEADQUA | 80.940 | 5.28 |
| | FI NPRA NATIO | 80.940 | 1.64 |
| | FI OIT OIT OV | 80.940 | 7.22 |
| | FI VAMC ALL O | 80.940 | 26.44 |
| | FI VSN VISNS | 80.940 | 0.46 |
| | VI 0 VI | 80.940 | 0.00 |
| | VL 1 TECH | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 11 CLIN | 8.000 | 21.83 |
| | VL 12 TECH | 0.000 | 0.74 |
| | VL 13 RESID | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 2 NURS | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 21 RN | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 22 TECH | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 23 ADV PRA | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 24 LPN | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VL 4 MD | 8.100 | 17.57 |
| | VL 5 CONTRACT | 1.900 | 4.44 |
| | VL 53 OTHER | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VO 0 VO | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| | VS 0 VS | 10.578 | 3.85 |

Code for IP Number

I wanted to start small and to start in the 'middle' of my code. Each line of text is read into a list and I use the position in the list to extract the data.

```
1
2 def process_file(reader):
3     result_line= ''
4     result=''
5     #first we need to add headers
6
7     with open('9522_new.csv', 'a') as output_file:
8         output_file.write('"DEPT","PRODUCT","IPNUM","
9         RPTSEQ","FDRSYS","FDRKEY" ' +'\n')
10    for line in reader:
11        line=line.strip()    #removes leading/trailing
12        whitespace
13        field = line.split()
```

Code for IP Number continued

Here is the code I used to extract the IP Number:

```
1 if len(field)>3:
2     for i in range(0,2):
3         #find IPNUM
4         if field[i] == 'IP' and field[i+1] == 'NUM':
5             #save IPNUM
6             ipnum=field[i+2].strip(':')
```

Code for Sequence Number and Feeder System

I added code one item at a time, this not only made sure I didn't break what I already had, but also allowed me to debug after each step in the process.

Selected code to pull each item:

```
1  #find RPT Seq
2  if field[i] == 'RPT' and field[i+1].startswith('SEQ:'):
3      #save RPT SEQ
4      rptseq = field[i+1].strip('SEQ:')
5  #find FDR SYS
6  if field[i] == 'FDR' and field[i+1].startswith('SYS:'):
7      #(Kudgel) strip SYS deletes the leading/
      trailing S from the fdrsys
8      if field[i+1] == 'SYS:SUR':
9          #save FDR SYS
10         fdrsys='SUR'
11     else:
12         #save FDR SYS
13         fdrsys=field[i+1].lstrip('SYS:') #lstrip
accounts for ECS fdr system
```

Code for Feeder Key

The **feeder key** is the 'last' item before the line can be written to the file. The majority of Feeder Keys are one 'word'/text string without breaks, however there were a handful of cases where the Feeder Key was more than one text string.

```
1      #find FDR KEY (last item before write to file)
2  if field[i] == 'FDR' and field[i+1].startswith('KEY:'):
3      #(Kudgel)save FDR KEY
4      if field[i+2] == 'COST':    #for 'MEDIUM COST'
5          fdrkey
6          fdrkey=field[i+1].lstrip('KEY:') + ' COST'
7      elif field[i+2] == 'DRUG':
8          fdrkey=field[i+1].lstrip('KEY:') + ' DRUG '
9      + field[i+3]
10     else:
11         fdrkey=field[i+1].lstrip('KEY:') #lstrip
12     accounts for 'E' in fdrkey
```

Product description

The **product description** was more challenging. There were no key words at the beginning of the line. I would have to keep track of a prior line to know when the next line would be the product description. This is where familiarity with the data was key. At the very END of each Bill of Materials was an "=" line. However, this doesn't help for the very first item.

I used 'counters' to keep track of when I came to the end of one item (the '=' line). And also to process the very first item.

Product description Code-first item

```
1         if field[i] == first_var:
2             first_count = 1
3             prod=''
4             break
5     #find first prod desc
6     if first_count == 1:
7         #after first item update first_var
8         first_var='datasci'
9         for f in range(len(field)):
10             if field[f]=='FDE':
11                 #don't want any info after FDE
12                 first_count=10
13                 break
14             else:
15                 prod=prod+field[f]+' '
16                 #redundant
17                 count=0
18                 first_count=10
```

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| | | | | ----- |
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Product description Code-other items

```
1         #find prod desc
2         #'hardcode' in the startswith field[0] instead of
        using i
3         if (count >0 and not field[0].startswith('*') and
        not field[0].startswith('DCM')
4             and not field[0].startswith('RUN') and not
        field[0].startswith('BILL') and not
5             field[0].startswith('FISCAL') and not
        field[0].startswith('DEPT:') and not
6             field[0].startswith('PRODUCT') and not
        field[0].startswith('_____')):
7             ##print('count at not *=' ,count)
8             ##print('field[i]=' ,field[i])
9             ##print('field=' ,field)
10            for d in range(len(field)):
11                if field[d]=='FDE':
12                    #don't want any info after FDE
13                    count=0
14                    break
15            else:
16                prod=prod+field[d].replace(","," ")+''
```


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- ▶ My debugging during the main writing phase was based on the minimal **37 page** report. Once I had my code complete (or so I thought) I expanded my source data to 127 pages (looking for 'natural' product information ends at the end of a page). Again more debugging.

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- ▶ The next expansion was 500 pages followed by ('surprise') more debugging. The next tests were at 1,000 then 2,000 and 3,000 pages followed by (you guessed it) more debugging.

Additional Debugging

- ▶ After the initial code was written, debugging mainly consisted of finding 'special' cases that did not conform to the 'normal' data. Most of these were relatively easily fixed by adding code that looked for these special cases. During testing I reviewed the csv file data to insure the formatting and data was accurate. This involved not only 'eyeballing' the data but also section comparison between the 9522 and csv file to insure accuracy.

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- ▶ I then jumped to the full 6,600 page report data I was surprised to find I still had debugging to perform.
- ▶ **Final testing** To verify that I was capturing all of the items and multiple feeder system/key pairs. I choose four 50-page blocks of the report (first 50, last 50 and two 50's in the middle). I verified textbfile by line that everything was in the csv file as it should be. This step also identified additional 'special' conditions. After accounting for these items, I again did a line by line verification for the first last 50 pages, the 50-page segment that 'failed' and then a new 50-page section.

Mis-steps and wrong directions

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- ▶ **My own genius**: I am proud of myself for the way I handle finding the first line after the header (without getting any other line after the header). By defining the '—' (dash line) through a variable, I could then change the variable so it would never find the dash line again.

Final notes

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Final notes

- ▶ Verification debugging was the **worst**. But I knew I needed to power through it one line of data and one line of source code at a time.
- ▶ I should have kept a notebook to keep track of everything I did. Specifically I wish I knew which pages I used for line by line checks.
- ▶ My next step will be to start using this for my rejects and get the 9522 from other stations (other VAs) to see how it works with other reports (data nomenclature is not standardized). I may need to re-write my code to focus on the FI, VL, FDL, etc. lines depending on how other hospitals enter their data.