Scan Report

$March\ 22,\ 2021$

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "Win7". The scan started at Mon Mar 22 07:32:57 2021 UTC and ended at Mon Mar 22 08:03:59 2021 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.1.101	3	4	1	0	0
Total: 1	3	4	1	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 8 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 38 results.

2 Results per Host

2.1 192.168.1.101

Host scan start Mon Mar 22 07:34:03 2021 UTC Host scan end Mon Mar 22 08:03:54 2021 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$135/{ m tcp}$	Medium
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
m general/tcp	Low

2.1.1 High 80/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: MS15-034 HTTP.sys Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (Active Check)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:7.5

Detected by Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP) (OID:

 \hookrightarrow 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)

Summary

This host is missing an important security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS15-034.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to run arbitrary code in the context of the current user and to perform actions in the security context of the current user.

Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

- Microsoft Windows 8 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 x32/x64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Service Pack 2 and prior
- Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Service Pack 1 and prior

Vulnerability Insight

Flaw exists due to the HTTP protocol stack 'HTTP.sys' that is triggered when parsing HTTP requests.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Send a special crafted HTTP GET request and check the response

Details: MS15-034 HTTP.sys Remote Code Execution Vulnerability (Active Check)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105257 Version used: 2020-11-25T11:26:55Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:7.5

Method: Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)

References

cve: CVE-2015-1635

url: https://support.microsoft.com/kb/3042553

url: https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS15-034

url: http://pastebin.com/ypURDPc4

cert-bund: CB-K15/0527
...continues on next page ...

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0545

[return to 192.168.1.101]

2.1.2 High 445/tcp

High (CVSS: 9.3)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

Summary

This host is missing a critical security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS17-010.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to gain the ability to execute code on the target server, also could lead to information disclosure from the server.

Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

- Microsoft Windows 10 x 32/x 64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2016
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 x 32/x 64
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Service Pack 1
- Microsoft Windows Vista x32/x64 Service Pack 2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Service Pack 1
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Service Pack 2

Vulnerability Insight

Multiple flaws exist due to the way that the Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) server handles certain requests.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Send the crafted SMB transaction request with fid = 0 and check the response to confirm the vulnerability.

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810676

Version used: 2020-06-04T12:11:49Z

References

... continued from previous page ... cve: CVE-2017-0143 cve: CVE-2017-0144 cve: CVE-2017-0145 cve: CVE-2017-0146 cve: CVE-2017-0147 cve: CVE-2017-0148 bid: 96703 bid: 96704 bid: 96705 bid: 96707 bid: 96709 bid: 96706 url: https://support.microsoft.com/en-in/kb/4013078 url: https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS17-010 url: https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/pull/8167/files cert-bund: CB-K17/0435 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0448

High (CVSS: 9.0)

NVT: SMB Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials

Summary

A number of known default credentials are tried for the login via the SMB protocol.

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login with the following credentials via the SMB protocol to \hookrightarrow the 'IPC\$' share. <User>:<Password>

administrator:admin123

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login with a number of known default credentials via the SMB protocol.

 $\operatorname{Details}$: SMB Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.804449 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2019\text{-}09\text{-}07\text{T}15\text{:}01\text{:}50\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

[return to 192.168.1.101]

2.1.3 Medium 135/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

```
Vulnerability Detection Result
Here is the list of DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host via the TCP p
\hookrightarrowrotocol:
Port: 49152/tcp
     UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49152]
Port: 49153/tcp
     UUID: 06bba54a-be05-49f9-b0a0-30f790261023, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49153]
     Annotation: Security Center
     UUID: 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49153]
     Annotation: NRP server endpoint
     UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d5, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49153]
     Annotation: DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint
     UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49153]
     Annotation: DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint
     UUID: f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49153]
     Annotation: Event log TCPIP
Port: 49154/tcp
     UUID: 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49154]
     Annotation: IP Transition Configuration endpoint
     UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49154]
     UUID: 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49154]
     Annotation: XactSrv service
     UUID: a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3c1e0303a511, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49154]
     Annotation: IKE/Authip API
Port: 49155/tcp
     UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49155]
Port: 49156/tcp
     UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1
     Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49156]
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```

Named pipe : lsass

Win32 service or process : lsass.exe

Description : SAM access

Port: 49157/tcp

UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49157]
Annotation: IPSec Policy agent endpoint

Named pipe : spoolss

Win32 service or process : spoolsv.exe

Description : Spooler service

UUID: 6b5bdd1e-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.1.101[49157]

Annotation: Remote Fw APIs

Note: DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host locally were identified. Re \hookrightarrow porting this list is not enabled by default due to the possible large size of \hookrightarrow this list. See the script preferences to enable this reporting.

Impact

An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Filter incoming traffic to this ports.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2017\text{-}06\text{-}13\text{T}07\text{:}06\text{:}12\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

[return to 192.168.1.101]

2.1.4 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Microsoft IIS Default Welcome Page Information Disclosure Vulnerability

Product detection result

cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:7.5

Detected by Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP) (OID: $\hookrightarrow 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710$)

Summary

The host is running Microsoft IIS Webserver and is prone to information disclosure vulnerability.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to obtain sensitive information that could aid in further attacks.

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the default pages within the server configuration.

Affected Software/OS

Microsoft Internet Information Services.

Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is due to misconfiguration of IIS Server, which allows to access default pages when the server is not used.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Microsoft IIS Default Welcome Page Information Disclosure Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802806 Version used: 2020-11-25T11:26:55Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:microsoft:internet_information_services:7.5

Method: Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) Detection (HTTP)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900710)

[return to 192.168.1.101]

2.1.5 Medium 21/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 6.4)

NVT: Anonymous FTP Login Reporting

Summary

Reports if the remote FTP Server allows anonymous logins.

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login to the remote FTP service with the following anonymous $\hookrightarrow \operatorname{account}(s)$:

anonymous:anonymous@example.com

ftp:anonymous@example.com

Impact

Based on the files accessible via this anonymous FTP login and the permissions of this account an attacker might be able to:

- gain access to sensitive files
- upload or delete files.

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

If you do not want to share files, you should disable anonymous logins.

Vulnerability Insight

A host that provides an FTP service may additionally provide Anonymous FTP access as well. Under this arrangement, users do not strictly need an account on the host. Instead the user typically enters 'anonymous' or 'ftp' when prompted for username. Although users are commonly asked to send their email address as their password, little to no verification is actually performed on the supplied data.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Anonymous FTP Login Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900600 Version used: 2020-08-24T08:40:10Z

References

url: https://web.nvd.nist.gov/view/vuln/detail?vulnId=CVE-1999-0497

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

Summary

The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command \hookrightarrow . Response(s):

Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Password required for openvasvt.

Anonymous sessions: 331 Anonymous access allowed, send identity (e-mail name

 \hookrightarrow) as password.

Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 Version used: 2020-08-24T08:40:10Z

[return to 192.168.1.101]

2.1.6 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP timestamps

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 523487 Packet 2: 523595

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

2 RESULTS PER HOST

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Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091

Version used: 2020-08-24T08:40:10Z

References

url: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
url: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc7323.txt

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

→ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

[return to 192.168.1.101]

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