## Lab 9: The Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm

## **Preliminaries**

Refer to the teaching materials in Module 9.

## **Tasks**

Run 'jupyter notebook', and create a notebook for this lab. Write your answers for all tasks into this notebook, and then convert it to pdf for submission to vUWS.

1. Let matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$  and matrix  $B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ . Use these two matrices to show that the

Kronecker Product of matrices may not satisfy the commutativity:  $A \otimes B = B \otimes A$ .

- 2. Let matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$ , matrix  $B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$  and matrix  $C = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ . Use these three matrices to show that the Kronecker Product of matrices may not satisfies the Associativity:  $(A \otimes B) \otimes C = A \otimes (B \otimes C)$ .
- 3. Consider the 2-Boolean-variable function  $f_0$  below, which is a constant function.

$f_0$	Input:	00	01	10	11
	Output:	0	0	0	0

- 3.1 Derive the input/output table for its oracle  $F_0$ . (Search the Internet to learn how to do a table with Markdown)
- 3.2 Derive the gate matrix for  $F_0$ .
- 3.3 Use a Quantum Circuit to implement the oracle  $F_0$ , and draw this circuit. (Note: no need to measure or run this circuit.)
- 4. Consider the 2-Boolean-variable function  $f_4$  below, which is a neither constant nor balanced function.

$f_4$	Input:	00	01	10	11
	Output:	0	1	0	0

- 4.1 Derive the input/output table for its oracle  $F_4$ .
- 4.2 Derive the gate matrix for  $F_4$ .
- 4.3 Use a Quantum Circuit to implement the oracle  $F_4$ , and draw this circuit. (Note: no need to measure or run this circuit.)

## **Quantum Computing and Communication**

5. Consider the 2-Boolean-variable function  $f_5$  below, which is a balanced function.

$f_5$	Input:	00	01	10	11
	Output:	0	1	0	1

- 5.1 Derive the input/output table for its oracle  $F_5$ .
- 5.2 Derive the gate matrix for  $F_5$ .
- 5.3 Use a Quantum Circuit to implement the oracle  $F_5$ , and draw this circuit. (Note: no need to measure or run this circuit.)
- 6. Use the QasmSimulator to implement the Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm with the oracles  $F_0$ ,  $F_4$ , and  $F_5$  above respectively. For each oracle, the implementation should roughly follow the structure of the notebook accompanying our lecture, consisting of measuring the outcomes with 1000 shots and plotting the results with histograms.