

Data Science

Data Science is an interdisciplinary field that uses scientific methods, processes, algorithms and systems to extract knowledge and insights from structured and unstructured data, and apply knowledge and actionable insights from data across a broad range of application domains.

Related Fields:

- Data mining
- Data visualization
- Machine Learning
- Deep Learning



Data Science

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Machine Learning is a method of **data** analysis that automates analytical model building. (The learning happens through data)

Artificial Intelligence: Intelligence exhibited by machine or software. (The learning happens without data too, may be with observations) (ML is a subset of AI)

Data is not the only important thing. ML algorithms are also equally important. (E.g. IMDB, YouTube, Shopping recommendations)

Data Mining is a process of extracting and discovering patterns in a **large** sets involving methods at the intersection of ML, statistics and DB. (Process to turn the row data into useful information)

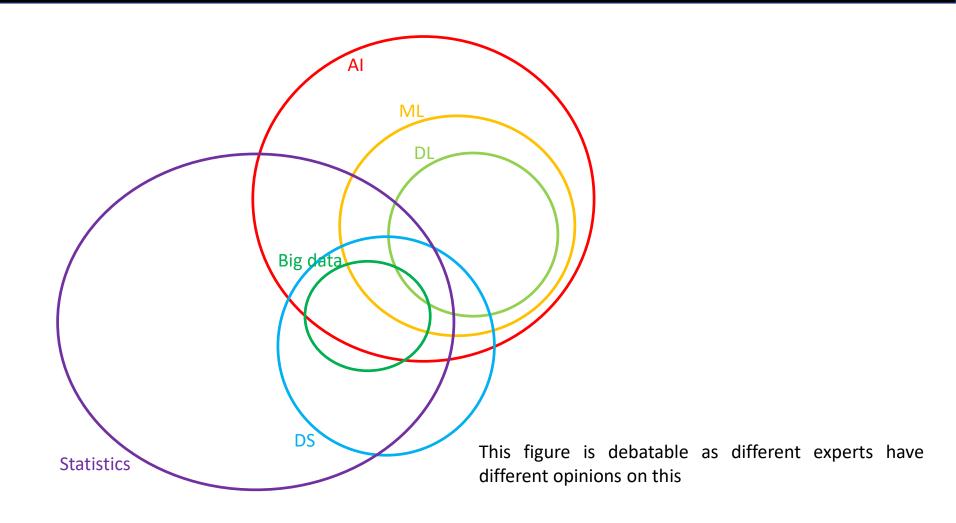
Deep Learning is a subfield of ML concerned with algorithms inspired by the structure and functions of the brain called ANN.

Data Visualization is a graphical (charts, graphs, maps etc) representation of data to understand trends, outliers, patterns in the data so that we can make decision/conclusions. (E.g. Charts shown during Cricket match) [Python Libraries: matplotlib, seaborn]



The Overall Picture

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Data Science Applications

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- Sports Analysis (E.g. https://www.espncricinfo.com/)
- Medicine Selection
- Share market prediction/estimation
- Consumers' buying patterns (E.g. https://www.amazon.in/, https://www.flipkart.com/, https://www.makemytrip.com/)
- Automated Advertisement (everywhere, on social media, on google search, on email etc.)
- Pharmaceutical
- Agriculture
- Engineering