

# THE PRIORITY QUEUE

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WHEN A CERTAIN ELEMENT IN A COLLECTION HAS THE **HIGHEST WEIGHTAGE OR PRIORITY** - A COMMON USE CASE IS TO PROCESS THAT **FIRST**

THE DATA STRUCTURE YOU USE TO STORE ELEMENTS WHERE THE HIGHEST PRIORITY HAS TO BE PROCESSED FIRST CAN BE CALLED A **PRIORITY QUEUE**

AT EVERY STEP WE ACCESS THE ELEMENT WITH THE HIGHEST PRIORITY

THE DATA STRUCTURE NEEDS TO **UNDERSTAND THE PRIORITIES** OF THE ELEMENTS IT HOLDS

# THE PRIORITY QUEUE

COMMON OPERATIONS ON A PRIORITY QUEUE:

**INSERT ELEMENTS** (ALONG WITH PRIORITY INFORMATION)

**ACCESS** THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT

**REMOVE** THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT

PRIORITY QUEUES HAVE A WHOLE NUMBER OF PRACTICAL USE CASES IN EVENT SIMULATION, THREAD SCHEDULING - REAL WORLD PROBLEMS LIKE HANDLING EMERGENCY ROOM CASES ETC.

SO HOW WOULD YOU  
IMPLEMENT A  
PRIORITY QUEUE?

LET'S CONSIDER SOME CHOICES

COMMON OPERATIONS ARE INSERT, ACCESS HIGHEST PRIORITY  
ELEMENT AND REMOVE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT

# AN ARRAY OR A LIST

## UNORDERED

## ORDERED

CAN BE ANYWHERE IN THE LIST OR ARRAY - COMPLEXITY  $O(1)$

ACCESSING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT REQUIRES GOING THROUGH ALL ELEMENTS IN THE LIST - COMPLEXITY  $O(N)$

REMOVING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT REQUIRES GOING THROUGH ALL ELEMENTS IN THE LIST - COMPLEXITY  $O(N)$

INSERTION

REQUIRES FINDING THE RIGHT POSITION FOR THE ELEMENT BASED ON PRIORITY - COMPLEXITY  $O(N)$

ACCESS

ACCESSING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT IS THEN EASY -  $O(1)$

REMOVE

REMOVING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT IS STRAIGHTFORWARD - COMPLEXITY  $O(1)$



# BALANCED BINARY SEARCH TREE

INSERTION

FOR A BALANCED BST THE WORST CASE IS- COMPLEXITY  $O(\lg N)$

ACCESS

ACCESSING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT IS AGAIN  $O(\lg N)$

REMOVE

REMOVING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY ELEMENT IS  $O(\lg N)$

THIS SOLUTION TRADES OFF BY MAKING BOTH INSERTION AND ACCESS MODERATELY FAST - LIST SOLUTIONS MAKE ONE OF THESE SUPER FAST WHILE COMPROMISING HEAVILY ON THE OTHER

CAN WE DO BETTER?

YES WE CAN!

THE BINARY HEAP

# THE BINARY HEAP

INSERTION

INSERTING A NEW ELEMENT -  
COMPLEXITY  $O(\lg N)$

ACCESS

ACCESSING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY  
ELEMENT IS FAST -  $O(1)$

REMOVE

REMOVING THE HIGHEST PRIORITY  
ELEMENT IS  $O(\lg N)$