Introduction to FPGAs using Homebrew Automation

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About This Talk

Everything is on Github

- https://github.com/
 - hbrc-fpga-class/
 - class-material/
 - blob/master/presentation.pdf

About This Talk



- ullet Lots of information $rac{\Delta slides}{\Delta time} \propto log(time)$
- Please save questions for the end

Who are We?

- Tinkerers with a bunch of software, hardware, firmware, and gateware experience (mostly Bob and Brandon, though (**)
- Engineers at OLogic, Inc.
- ClusterFighters!





What is an FPGA?

" To control a processor, you program it with instructions and tell it what to **do**...

to control an FPGA, you describe a circuit and tell it what to **become**.

- Dalai Lama, probably

"

What is an FPGA?

- Short for Field-Programmable Gate Array
- One type of Programmable Logic Device (PLD)
 - Implements arbitrary digital logic equations (i.e. Boolean operations)
 - Most are re-programmable
 - Some are non-volatile, while others require external memory to save configuration

What is an FPGA?

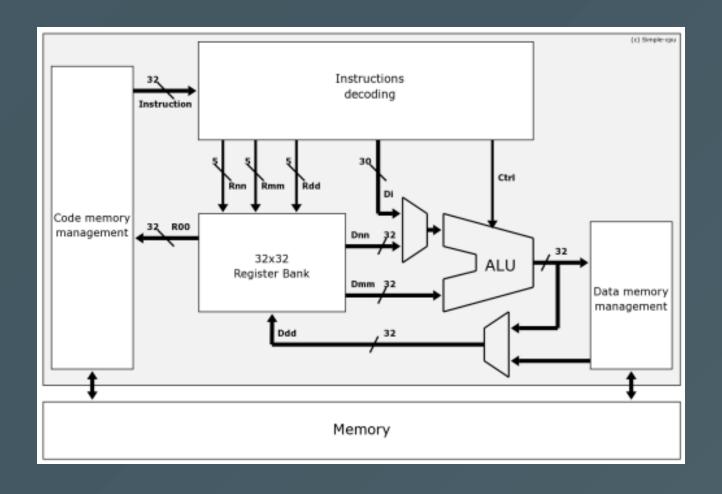
- Other PLD's include:
 - PLA Programmable Logic Array
 - PAL Programmable Array Logic
 - GAL Generic Array Logic
 - SPLD Simple Programmable Logic Device
 - CPLD Complex Programmable Logic Device

(Who names these things?)

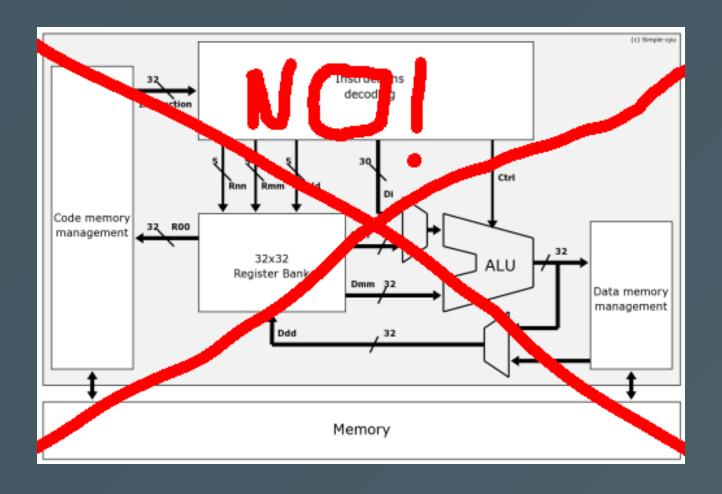
Players

FPGA vendors by market share:

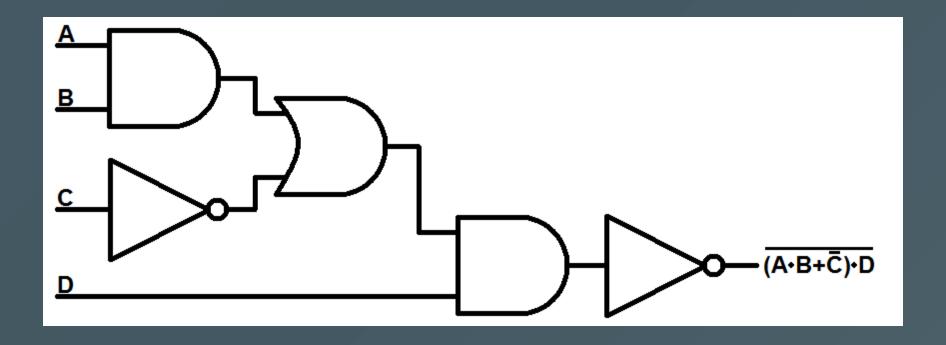
- Xilinx ~50%
- **Intel** (Altera) ~40%
- **Lattice** >5%
- Microchip (Microsemi (Actel)) <5%
- Everyone else (QuickLogic, Gowin, etc.) ~1%



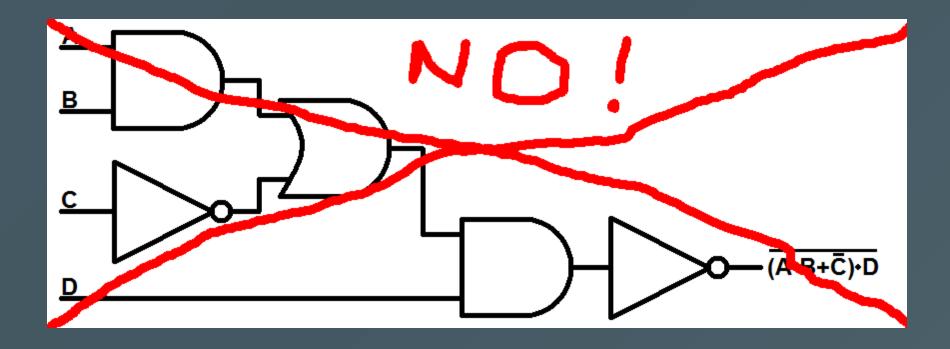
• Is it a special type processor?



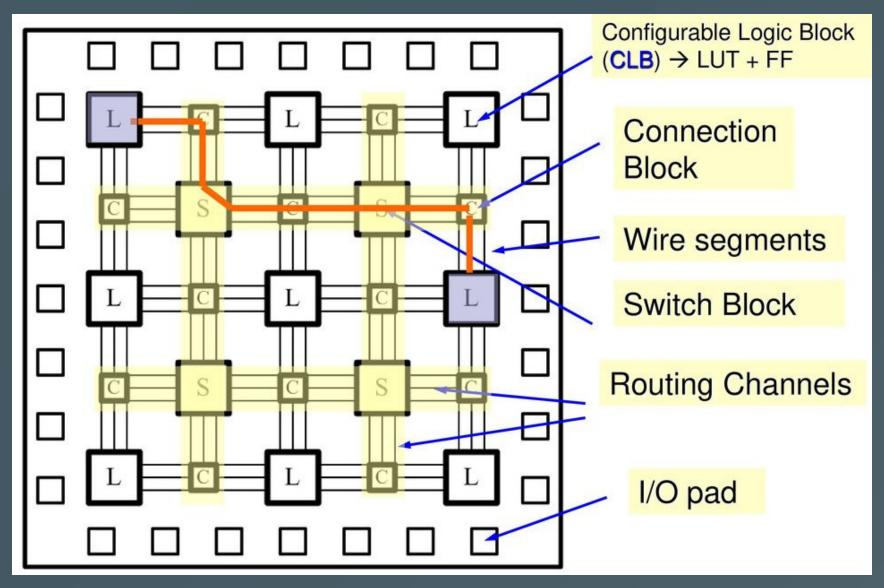
 But an FPGA can be used to implement CPUs (known as "soft cores")



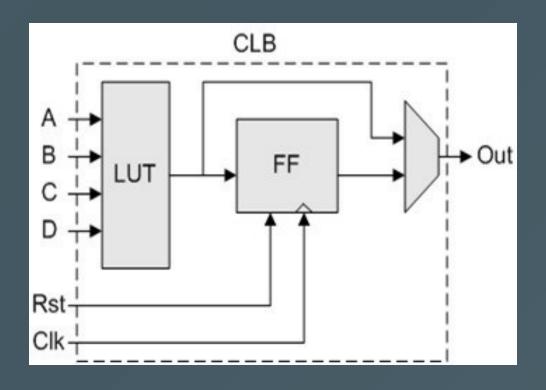
 Is it a big collection of AND / OR / NOT / NOR / NAND / NOR gates? Perhaps even a gate array of sorts?



But an FPGA can be used to implement arbitrary logic equations



Configurable Logic Blocks



- Lookup table (LUT)
- D-Type Flip-Flop (D-FF)
- Multiplexer (MUX)

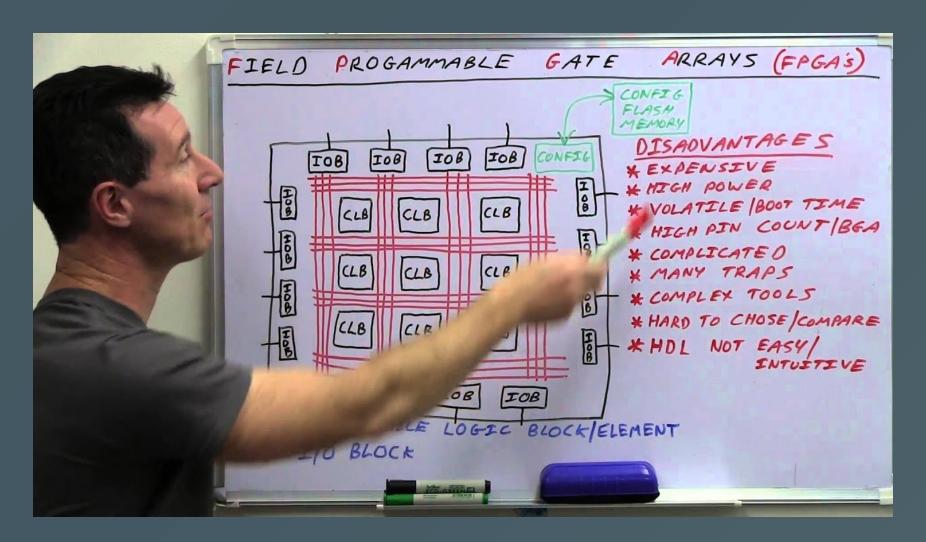
Open-Source Applications

- ASIC prototyping [RISC-V]
- Chip emulation [MiSTer]
- DSP filters, transforms, convolution, decimation, digital synthesis, etc.
 - Software-defined radio [1] [2] [3]
 - Audio Synthesizers [1] [2]

Open-Source Applications

- Accelerator cores
 - Cryptography [MD5] [AES]
 - Video encode / decode [H.264]
 - Very high speed networking [Intel 100G NIC]
- In general, FPGAs are great at applications that can leverage fixed-point math, high memory bandwidth, pipelining, & parallelism

It can't be all good, right?



Disadvantages

FPGAs are ill-suited for certain tasks:

- Floating point operations
- Protocol handling
- Complex rulesets
- P-complete problems that are sequential & not easily parallelized (think "Conway's Game of Life")
- Developing solutions quickly (maybe)

The Case for Robotics

- Access to tons of flexible, reconfigurable I/O pins
- Timers & counters are trivial to impement
 - PWM for motor control (brushed, BLDC, servos)
 - Pulse decoding (encoders, IR remotes, RC controllers, SONAR)
- Swappable, on-demand peripherals like UART, SPI, I2C, 1-wire, etc.

The Case for Robotics

- PID controllers
 - Very fast execution and consistent timing
 - Fixed point
- Finite state machines
 - Line following
 - Obstacle avoidance

FPGA Workflow

- Design entry
- Simulation
- Synthesis
- Technology mapping
- Placement
- Routing
- Bitstream generation
- Flashing device

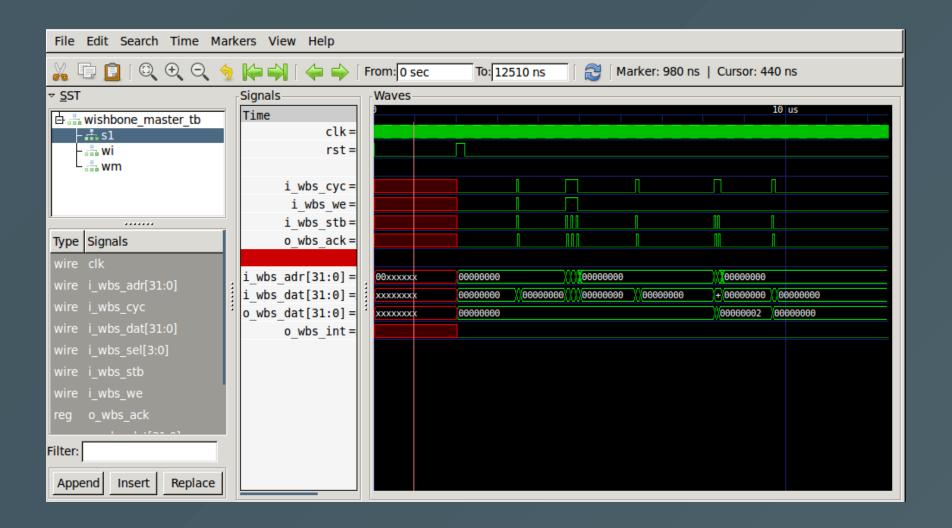
Design Entry

- FPGA internals are described using a hardware description language (HDL)
 - Verilog (C-like, weakly-typed)
 - Popular in open source, consumer electronics, & the west coast
 - VHDL (Ada-like, strongly typed)
 - Popular in defense / aerospace, academia, & the east coast
- Tools: Your favorite text editor

Simulation

- Allows designs to be verified as individual blocks or as a full system
- Only simulates functionality of a design, not the physics. This means a design can work in simulation but fail when trying to work with real hardware
- Tools:
 - Simulator <u>Icarus Verilog</u>, <u>Verilator</u>
 - Waveform Viewer <u>GTKWave</u>

Simulation



Synthesis

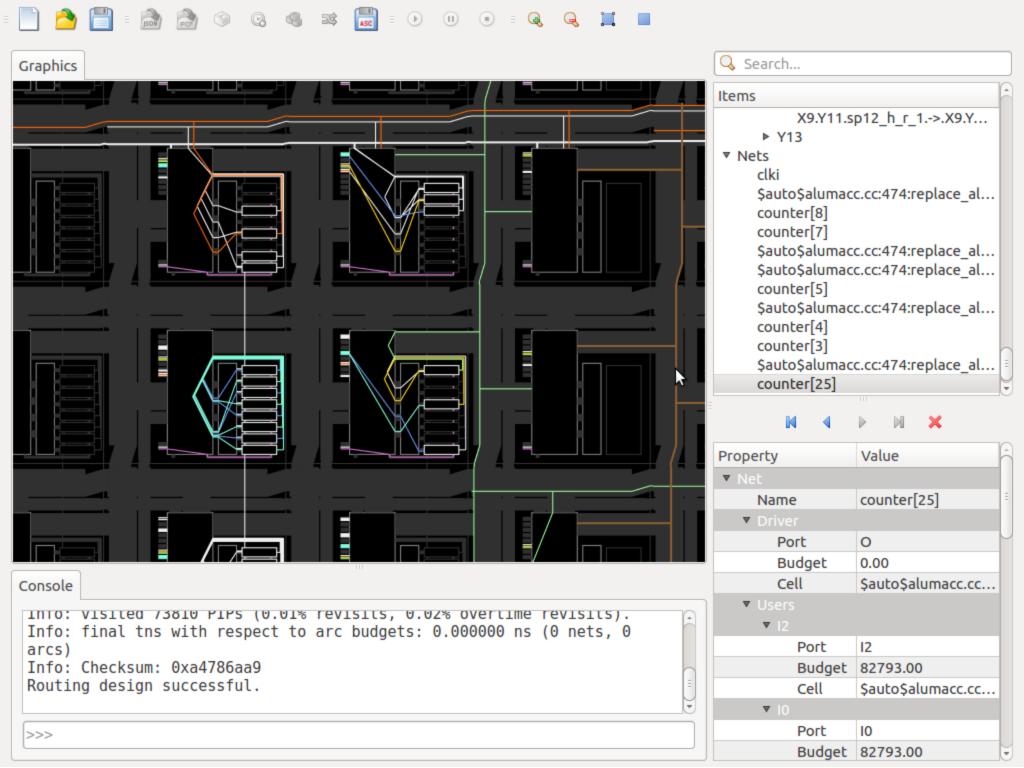
- Convert Verilog into generic logic circuits. Also known as behavioral to RTL conversion.
- Some logic optimization happens here
- Output saved as an intermediate file format not really intended for human interaction
- Tools: <u>Yosys</u>
 - synth command provides good set of defaults that can be used as basis for synthesis scripts
 - yosys> read_verilog mydesign.v # import design
 - yosys> synth -top mytop # default synthesis

Technology Mapping

- Synthesis output needs to be mapped to the specific hardware architecture of the FPGA (i.e. CLBs, DSP, SERDES, etc.)
- Tools: <u>Yosys</u>
 - Multiple scripts are used to map the design
 - yosys> dfflibmap # map flip-flops
 - yosys> abc # map logic
 - Supports extensible, custom techmaps!
 - Returns text file to be consumed by P&R tool

Placement & Routing

- Tool consumes techmapped design, tries to fit it into the FPGA, and connect everything together
- NP-hard optimization problem (think "travelling FPGA salesman")
- Timing constraints factor in at this step
- Tools:
 - Nextpnr Actively developed, still buggy, GUI
 - Arachne-pnr No more development, works for ICE40 only (but reliably)



Bitmap Generation

- The P&R tool generates a binary file known as the bitstream
- Morally equivalent to an ELF or EXE
- Each bit controls the configuration state and initial conditions of every CLB and interconnect in the device
- Previously very secret sauce
- Slowy being reverse engineered by hackers fuzzing the vendor tools

Device Flashing

- Chip-specific (SPI, JTAG, or some custom protocol)
- SRAM (fast, volatile) vs. external flash (slow, non-volatile)
- Tools:
 - iceprog ICE40 dev boards only
 - openocd Popular tool to program & debug with
 - flashrom External SPI/I2C flash

Holy cow we're done! Just kidding! Now we can finally start.

How to Write Less Verilog

- Code reuse has historically been challenging for FPGA designs
- How to abstract away complexity:
 - High-level synthesis tools
 - MATLAB HDL Coder, VivadoHLS (C/C++),
 Intel HLS Compiler (C), Synphony (C), Migen (Python), Litex (Python)
 - Configurable IP Megablocks
 - Vendor clock & PLL configuration
 - Schematic representation

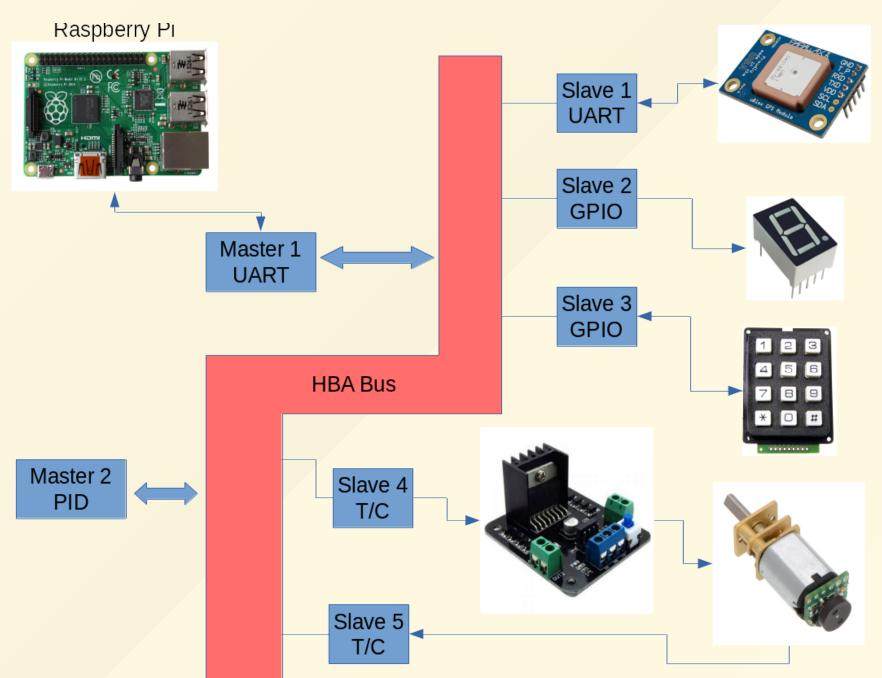
How to Write Less Verilog

 Connect the FPGA to a Linux computer & leverage the strengths of both devices

Homebrew Automation

HBA Gateware (FPGA)

- Based on TinyFPGA BX (Lattice ICE40)
- Consists of small, modular peripherals
- Provides standardized interface to a simple bus
- Up to four master peripherals
 - E.g. Raspberry Pi interface or PID controller
- Up to sixteen slave peripherals
 - e.g. timer/counter, SPI, UART



HBA Software (Linux)

- UNIX-like interface design everything is ASCII and can be piped ('|') into other tools
- Abstracts all the FPGA complexity into command and data registers for each peripheral (think I2C)
- Three basic commands:
 - hba_get [PERIPHERAL] [REGISTER] read
 - hba_set [PERIPHERAL] [REGISTER] [VALUE] write
 - hba_cat [PERIPHERAL] [REGISTER] open stream

HBA Software (Linux)

```
# Read slave configuration from FPGA
$ SLAVE_NUM = $(hba_get 0 0)
# Read peripheral types for slaves on bus
$ for i in {1..$SLAVE_NUM}; do hba_get i 0; done
uart
gpio
gpio
tc
tc
pid
 Turn on status LED by setting register 3 for the
 GPIO peripheral in block 2 to a value of 1
$ hba_set 2 3 1
```

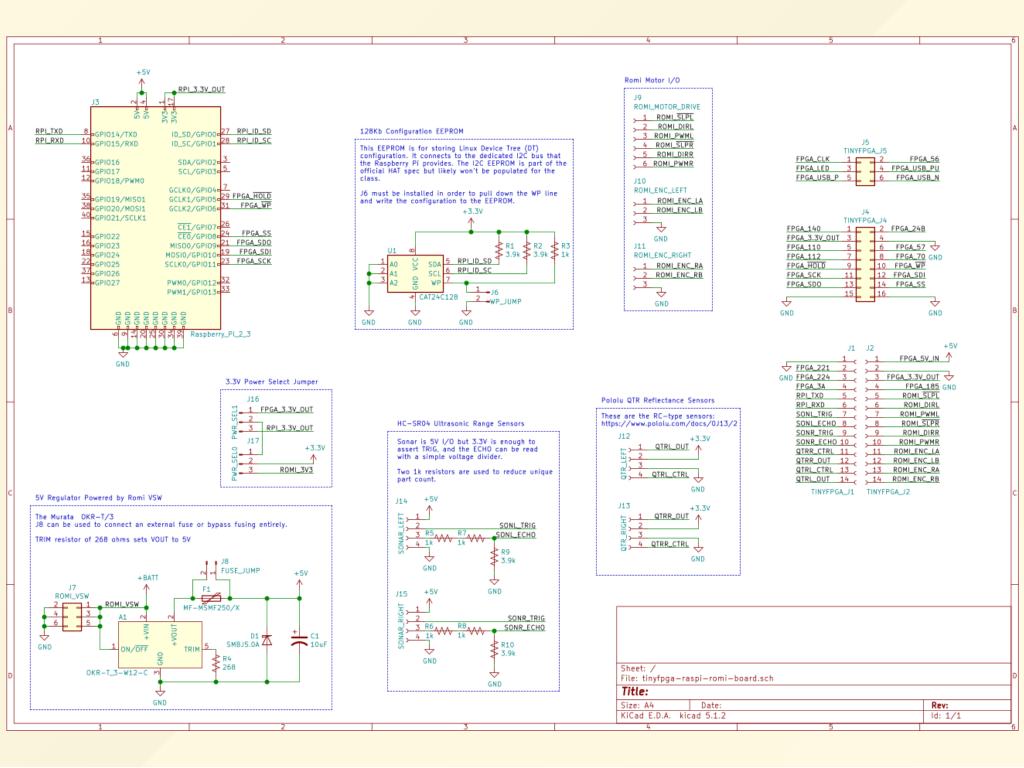
HBA Software (Linux)

```
# open a stream to the UART FIFO located at register 1
# of peripheral 1
$ hba_cat 1 1

$GNGGA,132002.448,,,,0,0,,,M,,M,,*5C
$GPGSA,A,1,,,,,,,,,*1E
$GLGSA,A,1,,,,,,,,,,*02
$GPGSV,1,1,00*79
$GLGSV,1,1,00*65
$GNRMC,132002.448,V,,,,0.00,0.00,100417,,,N*5A
$GNVTG,0.00,T,,M,0.00,N,0.00,K,N*2C
```

HBA Hardware

- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B+ \$45 (incl. extras)
- <u>TinyFPGA BX</u> \$40
- Pololu Romi Chassis Kit \$30
- Pololu Romi Encoder Pair Kit \$10
- Pololu Motor Driver and PDB \$20
- 2x HC-SR04 SONAR sensors \$10
- 2x Pololu QTR IR reflectance sensors \$5
- Custom PCB (power supply & interconnect) \$10?



Class Details

- Where: Hacker Dojo
- When: Wednesday, June 19, 2019
- Cost \$200 (we'll refund you if materials end up being less)



Questions?

All HBA material is on GitHub:

- https://github.com/
 - hbrc-fpga-class/
 - class-material/
 - blob/master/presentation.pdf