

# script\_trab2.R

p

2022-07-08

```
rm(list=ls())
dev.off()

## null device
##      1

library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6    v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.7    v dplyr  1.0.9
## v tidyr   1.2.0    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   2.1.2    v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()

library(magrittr)

##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##      set_names

## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##      extract

addu <- adu <- read.csv("~/Documents/UFScar 202201/Modelos de Regressão/Trabalho 02/data/adult.data",
                        header=FALSE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE) %>% mutate_if(is.character, str_trim)

limit <- 500000

"Prediction task is to determine whether a person makes over 50K a year.

age: continuous.
workclass: Private, Self-emp-not-inc, Self-emp-inc, Federal-gov, Local-gov, State-gov,
          Without-pay, Never-worked.
fnlwgt: continuous.
education: Bachelors, Some-college, 11th, HS-grad, Prof-school, Assoc-acdm, Assoc-voc,
          9th, 7th-8th, 12th, Masters, 1st-4th, 10th, Doctorate, 5th-6th, Preschool.
education-num: continuous.
marital-status: Married-civ-spouse, Divorced, Never-married, Separated, Widowed,
```

Married-spouse-absent, Married-AF-spouse.  
 occupation: Tech-support, Craft-repair, Other-service, Sales, Exec-managerial, Prof-specialty,  
 Handlers-cleaners, Machine-op-inspct, Adm-clerical, Farming-fishing, Transport-moving,  
 Priv-house-serv, Protective-serv, Armed-Forces.  
 relationship: Wife, Own-child, Husband, Not-in-family, Other-relative, Unmarried.  
 race: White, Asian-Pac-Islander, Amer-Indian-Eskimo, Other, Black.  
 sex: Female, Male.  
 capital-gain: continuous.  
 capital-loss: continuous.  
 hours-per-week: continuous.  
 native-country: United-States, Cambodia, England, Puerto-Rico, Canada, Germany,  
 Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc), India, Japan, Greece, South, China, Cuba, Iran,  
 Honduras, Philippines, Italy, Poland, Jamaica, Vietnam, Mexico, Portugal,  
 Ireland, France, Dominican-Republic, Laos, Ecuador, Taiwan, Haiti, Columbia,  
 Hungary, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Scotland, Thailand, Yugoslavia, El-Salvador,  
 Trinidad&Tobago, Peru, Hong, Holand-Netherlands."

## [1] "Prediction task is to determine whether a person makes over 50K a year.\n\nage: continuous.\nwo

```
columns <- c("age", "work", "fnlwgt", "education", "education_num", "marital_status",
             "occupation", "relationship", "race", "sex", "capital_gain", "capital_loss",
             "hours_per_week", "native_country", "group")
colunas <- c("idade", "trabalho", "renda_anual", "educacao", "anos_educacao", "estado_civil",
            "profissicao", "nao_sei", "race", "sex", "capital_ganho", "capital_perda",
            "horas_por_semana", "nacionalidade", "y")
names(adu) <- abbreviate(colunas)
names(adu)
```

```
## [1] "idade" "trbl" "rnd_" "edcc" "ans_" "est_" "prfs" "na_s"
## [9] "race" "sex" "cptl_g" "cptl_p" "hr_" "ncnl" "y"
```

```
addu <- adu
adu <- addu %>% sample_n(100)
```

*# Agrupamento de variaveis*

```
quais <- (
  lapply(
    lapply(select_if(addu, is.character),
            table), length) > 5) %>%
  which %>% names
func <- paste0("unique(addu$", quais, ")")

eval(parse(text = func[1]))
```

```
## [1] "State-gov" "Self-emp-not-inc" "Private" "Federal-gov"
## [5] "Local-gov" "?" "Self-emp-inc" "Without-pay"
## [9] "Never-worked"
```

```
lista <- func %>%
  map(function(x) parse(text = x)) %>%
  map(.f = eval, .x = .)
names(lista) <- quais

quais[1]
```

```
## [1] "trbl"
# Local de trabalho ####

addu %>% group_by(trbl) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)

## # A tibble: 9 x 2
##   trbl          n
##   <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 Never-worked 0.0215
## 2 Without-pay 0.0430
## 3 Federal-gov 2.95
## 4 Self-emp-inc 3.43
## 5 State-gov   3.99
## 6 ?          5.64
## 7 Local-gov   6.43
## 8 Self-emp-not-inc 7.80
## 9 Private     69.7

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = trbl)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  facet_wrap(~trbl) +
  theme_bw()

prop.table(table(addu$rnd_<limit, addu$trbl), margin = 2)

##
##           ? Federal-gov   Local-gov Never-worked   Private
##   FALSE 0.011437908 0.013541667 0.010033445 0.000000000 0.012381036
##   TRUE  0.988562092 0.986458333 0.989966555 1.000000000 0.987618964
##
##           Self-emp-inc Self-emp-not-inc   State-gov Without-pay
##   FALSE 0.004480287      0.005509642 0.013097072 0.000000000
##   TRUE  0.995519713      0.994490358 0.986902928 1.000000000

addu$trbl %>% unique

## [1] "State-gov"      "Self-emp-not-inc" "Private"          "Federal-gov"
## [5] "Local-gov"      "?"                "Self-emp-inc"     "Without-pay"
## [9] "Never-worked"

addu <- addu %>% mutate(trbl = ifelse(trbl %in% c("Never-worked", "Without-pay", "?"),
                                     "Others", trbl)) %>% # Juntando pequena variaveis
  mutate(trbl = ifelse(str_detect(trbl, "gov"), "Gov", trbl)) %>% # Juntando func publ
  mutate(trbl = ifelse(str_detect(trbl, "emp"), "Self-emp", trbl)) # Juntando empresarios
ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = trbl)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  facet_wrap(~trbl) +
  theme_bw()

quais[2]

## [1] "edcc"
```

```
# Transformando Variavel educacao ####
```

```
addu %>% group_by(edcc) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)
```

```
## # A tibble: 16 x 2
##   edcc      n
##   <chr>   <dbl>
## 1 Preschool 0.157
## 2 1st-4th   0.516
## 3 5th-6th   1.02
## 4 Doctorate 1.27
## 5 12th      1.33
## 6 9th       1.58
## 7 Prof-school 1.77
## 8 7th-8th   1.98
## 9 10th      2.87
## 10 Assoc-acdm 3.28
## 11 11th     3.61
## 12 Assoc-voc 4.24
## 13 Masters  5.29
## 14 Bachelors 16.4
## 15 Some-college 22.4
## 16 HS-grad  32.3
```

```
ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = edcc)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  facet_wrap(~edcc) +
  theme_bw()
```

```
table(addu$rnd_<limit, addu$edcc) %>% prop.table(margin = 2)
```

```
##
##           10th      11th      12th      1st-4th      5th-6th      7th-8th
## FALSE 0.017148982 0.010212766 0.025404157 0.029761905 0.030030030 0.007739938
## TRUE  0.982851018 0.989787234 0.974595843 0.970238095 0.969969970 0.992260062
##
##           9th Assoc-acdm Assoc-voc Bachelors Doctorate HS-grad
## FALSE 0.017509728 0.004686036 0.005788712 0.012324930 0.007263923 0.011522712
## TRUE  0.982490272 0.995313964 0.994211288 0.987675070 0.992736077 0.988477288
##
##           Masters Preschool Prof-school Some-college
## FALSE 0.010446895 0.039215686 0.003472222 0.010835276
## TRUE  0.989553105 0.960784314 0.996527778 0.989164724
```

```
plot(table(addu$edcc, addu$rnd_<limit), las = 2)
addu$edcc %>% unique %>% cat(sep = ", ")
```

```
## Bachelors', 'HS-grad', '11th', 'Masters', '9th', 'Some-college', 'Assoc-acdm', 'Assoc-voc', '7th-8th'
fund <- c('Preschool', '1st-4th', '5th-6th', '7th-8th', '9th', '10th', '11th')
lib <- c('Assoc-acdm', 'Prof-school')
grad <- c('12th', 'HS-grad', 'Masters', 'Doctorate', 'Assoc-voc', 'Some-college', 'Bachelors')

addu <- addu %>%
```

```

mutate(edcc = ifelse(edcc %in% fund, "Fundamental", edcc)) %>%
mutate(edcc = ifelse(edcc %in% grad, "Grad", edcc)) %>%
mutate(edcc = ifelse(edcc %in% lib, "Liberal", edcc))

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = edcc)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  facet_wrap(~edcc) +
  theme_bw()

```

```
quais[3]
```

```
## [1] "est_"
```

```
which(names(adu)==quais[3])
```

```
## [1] 6
```

```
# Transformando Variavel estado civil ####
```

```
addu %>% group_by(est_) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 2
```

```

##   est_      n
##   <chr>    <dbl>
## 1 Married-AF-spouse 0.0706
## 2 Married-spouse-absent 1.28
## 3 Widowed          3.05
## 4 Separated         3.15
## 5 Divorced          13.6
## 6 Never-married     32.8
## 7 Married-civ-spouse 46.0

```

```

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = est_)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~est_) +
  theme_bw()

```

```
table(addu$rnd_<limit, addu$est_) %>% prop.table(margin = 2)
```

```

##
##           Divorced Married-AF-spouse Married-civ-spouse Married-spouse-absent
## FALSE 0.010353365      0.043478261      0.010483440      0.014354067
## TRUE  0.989646635      0.956521739      0.989516560      0.985645933
##
##           Never-married Separated Widowed
## FALSE  0.012730506 0.018536585 0.007049345
## TRUE   0.987269494 0.981463415 0.992950655

```

```

plot(table(addu$est_, addu$rnd_<limit), las = 2)
addu$est_ %>% unique %>% cat(sep = "", " ")

```

```
## Never-married', 'Married-civ-spouse', 'Divorced', 'Married-spouse-absent', 'Separated', 'Married-AF-
```

```

fund <- c('Preschool', '1st-4th', '5th-6th', '7th-8th', '9th', '10th', '11th')
lib <- c('Assoc-acdm', 'Prof-school')
grad <- c('12th', 'HS-grad', 'Masters', 'Doctorate', 'Assoc-voc', 'Some-college', 'Bachelors')

marrd <- c('Married-civ-spouse', 'Divorced', 'Married-spouse-absent', 'Married-AF-spouse', 'Widowed')
addu <- addu %>%
  mutate(est_ = ifelse(est_ %in% marrd, "Married", est_))

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = est_)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  facet_wrap(~est_) +
  theme_bw()

quais[4]

```

```
## [1] "prfs"
```

```
which(names(adu)==quais[4])
```

```
## [1] 7
```

```
# Transformando variavel profissao ####
```

```
addu %>% group_by(prfs) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 2
```

```

##   prfs              n
##   <chr>          <dbl>
## 1 Armed-Forces    0.0276
## 2 Priv-house-serv 0.458
## 3 Protective-serv 1.99
## 4 Tech-support    2.85
## 5 Farming-fishing 3.05
## 6 Handlers-cleaners 4.21
## 7 Transport-moving 4.90
## 8 ?              5.66
## 9 Machine-op-inspct 6.15
## 10 Other-service   10.1
## 11 Sales           11.2
## 12 Adm-clerical    11.6
## 13 Exec-managerial 12.5
## 14 Craft-repair    12.6
## 15 Prof-specialty  12.7

```

```

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = prfs)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~prfs) +
  theme_bw()

```

```

table(addu$rnd_<limit, addu$prfs) %>% prop.table(margin = 2) %>%
  as.data.frame.matrix() %>% t %>%
  data.frame() %>% rownames_to_column(var = "prfs") %>%
  inner_join(,
    addu %>% group_by(prfs) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)) %>%

```

```

arrange(desc(FALSE.))

## Joining, by = "prfs"

##           prfs      FALSE.      TRUE.      n
## 1 Handlers-cleaners 0.017518248 0.9824818 4.20748749
## 2 Transport-moving 0.015028178 0.9849718 4.90464052
## 3 Farming-fishing 0.014084507 0.9859155 3.05273180
## 4 Tech-support 0.014008621 0.9859914 2.85003532
## 5 Priv-house-serv 0.013422819 0.9865772 0.45760265
## 6 Craft-repair 0.012929983 0.9870700 12.58867971
## 7 Adm-clerical 0.012732095 0.9872679 11.57826848
## 8 Protective-serv 0.012326656 0.9876733 1.99318203
## 9 Other-service 0.011532625 0.9884674 10.11946808
## 10 ? 0.011394466 0.9886055 5.66014557
## 11 Machine-op-inspct 0.010989011 0.9890110 6.14845981
## 12 Exec-managerial 0.009591736 0.9904083 12.48733147
## 13 Sales 0.009589041 0.9904110 11.20972943
## 14 Prof-specialty 0.007487923 0.9925121 12.71459722
## 15 Armed-Forces 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.02764043

plot(table(addu$prfs, addu$rnd_<limit), las = 2)
addu$prfs %>% unique %>% cat(sep = ", ")

## Adm-clerical', 'Exec-managerial', 'Handlers-cleaners', 'Prof-specialty', 'Other-service', 'Sales', '
produ <- c('Handlers-cleaners', 'Transport-moving', 'Farming-fishing', 'Tech-support')
admin <- c('Exec-managerial', 'Adm-clerical')
servi <- c('Priv-house-serv', 'Craft-repair', 'Protective-serv', 'Machine-op-inspct')

addu <- addu %>%
  mutate(classe = 'Others') %>%
  mutate(classe = ifelse(prfs %in% produ, "Production", classe)) %>%
  mutate(classe = ifelse(prfs %in% admin, "Administrative", classe)) %>%
  mutate(classe = ifelse(prfs %in% servi, "Service", classe))

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = classe)) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~classe) +
  theme_bw()

addu$prfs <- NULL

quais[5]

## [1] "na_s"

which(names(adu)==quais[5])

## [1] 8

# Retirando variavel relacionamentos ####
# nao consigo ver como essas categorias sao mutuamente excludentes

addu$na_s <- NULL

quais[6]

```

```
## [1] "ncnl"
which(names(adu)==quais[6])

## [1] 14
# Transformando variavel paises em continentes ####

addu %>% group_by(ncnl) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)

## # A tibble: 42 x 2
##   ncnl                n
##   <chr>              <dbl>
## 1 Holand-Netherlands 0.00307
## 2 Scotland           0.0369
## 3 Honduras           0.0399
## 4 Hungary            0.0399
## 5 Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc) 0.0430
## 6 Yugoslavia         0.0491
## 7 Laos              0.0553
## 8 Thailand           0.0553
## 9 Cambodia           0.0584
## 10 Trinidad&Tobago    0.0584
## # ... with 32 more rows

ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = ncnl)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = limit) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~ncnl) +
  theme_bw()

table(addu$rnd_<limit, addu$ncnl) %>% prop.table(margin = 2) %>%
  as.data.frame.matrix() %>% t %>%
  data.frame() %>% rownames_to_column(var = "ncnl") %>%
  inner_join(.,
    addu %>% group_by(ncnl) %>% summarise(n = 100*n()/nrow(addu)) %>% arrange(n)) %>%
  arrange(desc(FALSE.))

## Joining, by = "ncnl"

##           ncnl      FALSE.      TRUE.          n
## 1      Nicaragua 0.117647059 0.8823529 0.104419397
## 2          Peru 0.096774194 0.9032258 0.095205921
## 3 El-Salvador 0.066037736 0.9339623 0.325542827
## 4    Guatemala 0.062500000 0.9375000 0.196554160
## 5    Yugoslavia 0.062500000 0.9375000 0.049138540
## 6 Trinidad&Tobago 0.052631579 0.9473684 0.058352016
## 7      Mexico 0.048211509 0.9517885 1.974755075
## 8    Columbia 0.033898305 0.9661017 0.181198366
## 9      Japan 0.032258065 0.9677419 0.190411842
## 10     Taiwan 0.019607843 0.9803922 0.156629096
## 11 Puerto-Rico 0.017543860 0.9824561 0.350112097
## 12      ? 0.015437393 0.9845626 1.790485550
## 13      Italy 0.013698630 0.9863014 0.224194589
## 14      Cuba 0.010526316 0.9894737 0.291760081
## 15 United-States 0.010284539 0.9897155 89.585700685
## 16      Canada 0.008264463 0.9917355 0.371610209
```



```
## 17          Germany 0.007299270 0.9927007 0.420748749
## 18      Philippines 0.005050505 0.9949495 0.608089432
## 19          Cambodia 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.058352016
## 20              China 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.230336906
## 21      Dominican-Republic 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.214981112
## 22          Ecuador 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.085992445
## 23          England 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.276404287
## 24          France 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.089063604
## 25          Greece 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.089063604
## 26          Haiti 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.135130985
## 27      Holand-Netherlands 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.003071159
## 28          Honduras 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.039925064
## 29              Hong 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.061423175
## 30          Hungary 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.039925064
## 31              India 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.307115875
## 32              Iran 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.132059826
## 33          Ireland 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.073707810
## 34          Jamaica 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.248763859
## 35              Laos 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.055280857
## 36      Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc) 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.042996222
## 37          Poland 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.184269525
## 38          Portugal 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.113632874
## 39          Scotland 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.036853905
## 40              South 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.245692700
## 41          Thailand 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.055280857
## 42          Vietnam 0.000000000 1.0000000 0.205767636
```

```
plot(table(addu$ncnl, addu$rnd_<limit), las = 2)
addu$ncnl %>% unique %>% sort %>% cat(sep = "", "")
```

```
## '?', 'Cambodia', 'Canada', 'China', 'Columbia', 'Cuba', 'Dominican-Republic', 'Ecuador', 'El-Salvador'
```

```
asia <- c('Cambodia', 'China', 'Hong', 'India', 'Japan', 'Laos', 'Philippines', 'Taiwan',
         'Thailand', 'Vietnam')
```

```
americas <- c('Canada', 'Columbia', 'Cuba', 'Dominican-Republic', 'Ecuador', 'El-Salvador',
              'Guatemala', 'Haiti', 'Honduras', 'Jamaica', 'Mexico', 'Nicaragua', 'Peru',
              'Puerto-Rico', 'United-States')
```

```
europa <- c('England', 'France', 'Germany', 'Greece', 'Holand-Netherlands', 'Hungary',
            'Ireland', 'Italy', 'Poland', 'Portugal', 'Scotland', 'Trinidad&Tobago',
            'Yugoslavia')
```

```
abbreviate('continent')
```

```
## continent
##      "cntn"
```

```
addu <- addu %>%
  mutate(cntn = 'Others') %>%
  mutate(cntn = ifelse(ncnl %in% asia, "Asia", cntn)) %>%
  mutate(cntn = ifelse(ncnl %in% americas, "America", cntn)) %>%
  mutate(cntn = ifelse(ncnl %in% europa, "Europe", cntn))
```

```
ggplot(addu, aes(x = 1:nrow(addu), y = rnd_, col = cntn)) +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~cntn) +
  theme_bw()
```

```

addu$ncnl <- NULL

# Revisando variaveis categoricas ####

quais1 <- (
  lapply(
    lapply(select_if(addu, is.character),
            table), length) > 5) %>%
  which %>% names

quais1

## character(0)
# Decidindo qual salario sera previsto ####

plot(adu$rnd_ %>% sort, pch = 16)

x <- kmeans(adu$rnd_ %>% sort, 4)
plot(adu$rnd_ %>% sort, col = x$cluster, pch = 16)

# Limpar memoria! ####

rm(list = ls()[which(!ls() %in% c("addu", "adu"))])
dev.off()

## null device
##          1
# Produzindo modelos encaixados ####

adu <- mutate_if(select(adu, -rnd_), is.character, as.factor)
addu <- mutate_if(select(addu, -rnd_), is.character, as.factor)

mod_sat <- glm(y~., data = adu, family = 'binomial')

## Warning: glm.fit: algorithm did not converge
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred

index <- names(adu)[-which(names(adu)=='y')]

# Cria um modelo
first_var <- function(x, varr){
  formula <- paste0("y~",varr)
  mod1 <- glm(formula, data = x, family = binomial)
}

# Cria os modelos possivel com 1 variavel
mods1 <- map(x = adu, .x = index, .f = first_var)
names(mods1) <- index

# Pega o modelo com o melhor logLik
varr <- lapply(mods1, logLik) %>% unlist %>% sort(decreasing = TRUE) %>% .[1] %>% names

mods1[[varr]]

```

```
##
## Call: glm(formula = formula, family = binomial, data = x)
##
## Coefficients:
##      (Intercept)   na_sNot-in-family   na_sOther-relative   na_sOwn-child
##      -0.4700      -2.8258      -19.0961      -19.0961
##      na_sUnmarried      na_sWife
##      -19.0961      -0.2231
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 99 Total (i.e. Null);  94 Residual
## Null Deviance:      91.18
## Residual Deviance: 64.42      AIC: 76.42
```

```
#
# mod1 <- glm(formula, data = adu, family = binomial)
#
# 2*(logLik(mod_sat) - logLik(mod))
#
# y <- lapply(X = index, FUN = first_var, x = adu)
# names(y) <- index
#
# library(statmod)
# qresiduals(logit)
# qres.binom(glm.obj)
#
# GGally::ggpairs(adu %>% select(-edcc, -ncnl))
# cor(adu)
# predict <- predict(logit, adu, type = 'response')
# qresid
#
# library(surveillance)
#
# anscombe.residuals(logit, sigma(logit)) %>% hist
# resid(logit) %>% hist
#
# # Curva ROC ####
#
# library(ROCR)
# ROCRpred <- prediction(predict, adu$grup)
# ROCRperf <- performance(ROCRpred, 'tpr', 'fpr')
# plot(ROCRperf, colorize = TRUE, text.adj = c(-0.2, 1.7))
# beeper::beep(4)
#
# print.AsIs(ROCRperf)
#
#
#
#
# plot(x = unlist(ROCRperf@x.values), y = unlist(ROCRperf@y.values))
#
# data.frame(x = unlist(ROCRperf@x.values), y = unlist(ROCRperf@y.values)) %>%
#   mutate(diss = sqrt(x^2 + (y-1)^2)) %>% arrange((diss)) %>% glimpse
#
```

```

#
# # Confusion matrix ####
#
# table_mat <- table(adu$grup, predict > 0.846)
# prop.table(table_mat)
#
#
# score <- qlogis(logit$fitted.values)
# class <- adu$grup
# library(ROCit)
# rocit_emp <- rocit(score = score,
#                    class = class,
#                    method = "emp")
# rocit_bin <- rocit(score = score,
#                   class = class,
#                   method = "bin")
# rocit_non <- rocit(score = score,
#                   class = class,
#                   method = "non")
# summary(rocit_emp)
# summary(rocit_bin)
# summary(rocit_non)
#

```