Managing Database Storage Structures

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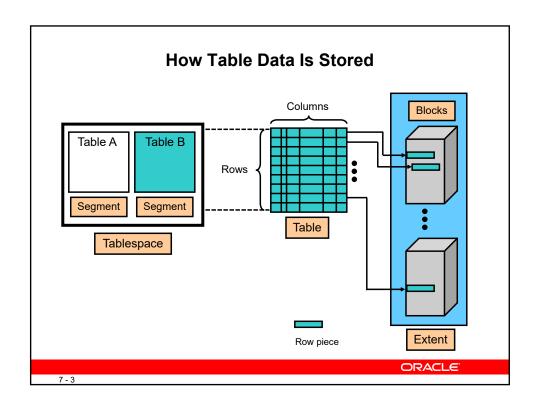
Objectives

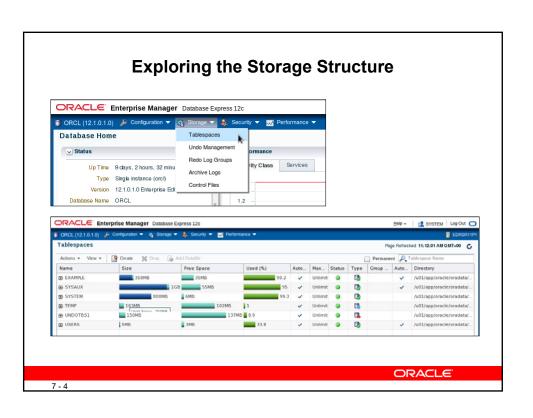
After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

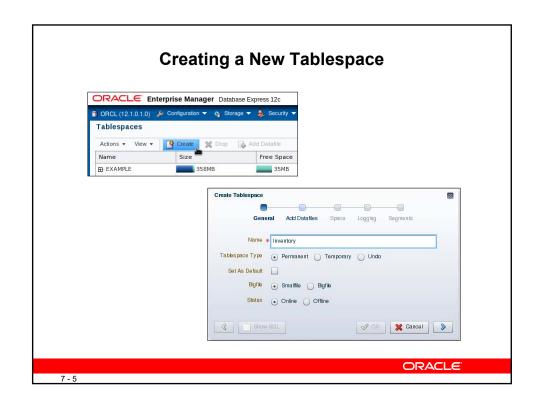
- Describe the storage of table row data in blocks
- Create and manage tablespaces
- Obtain tablespace information

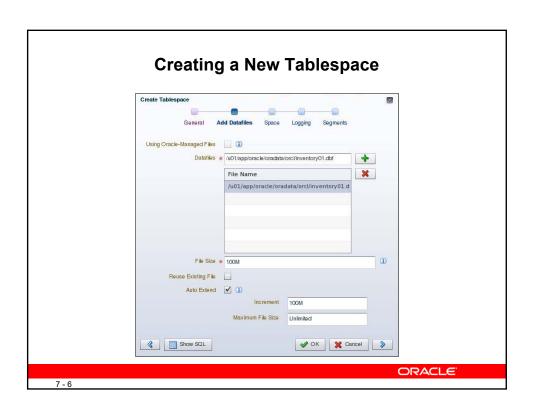
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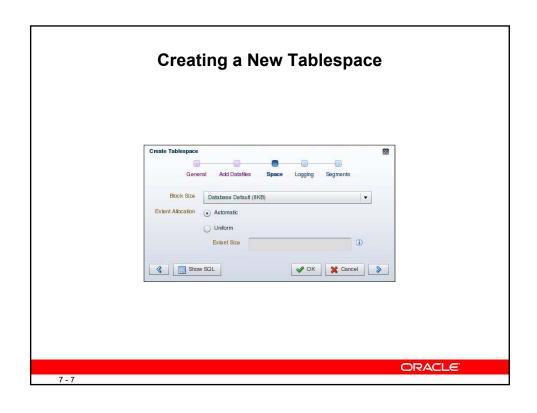
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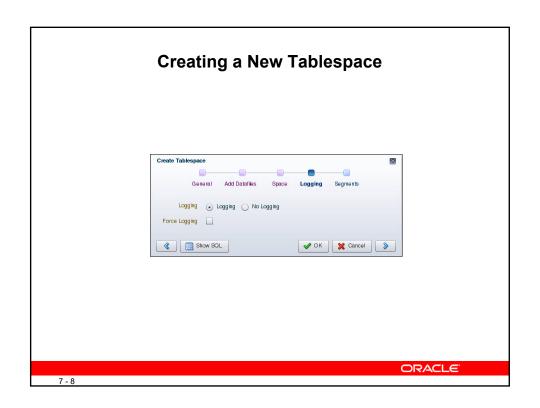


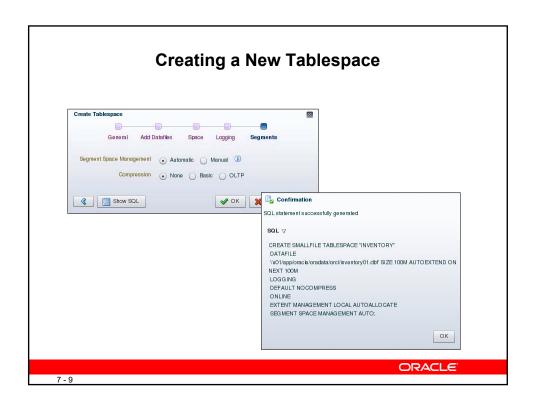


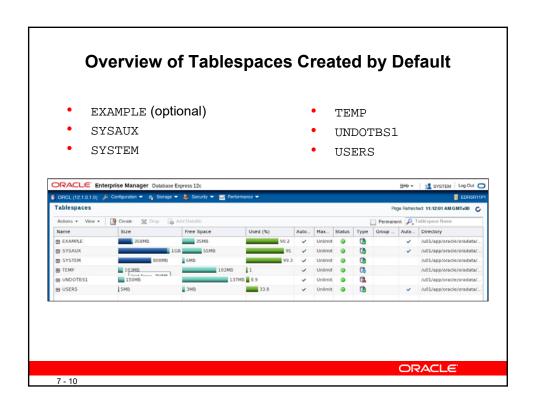


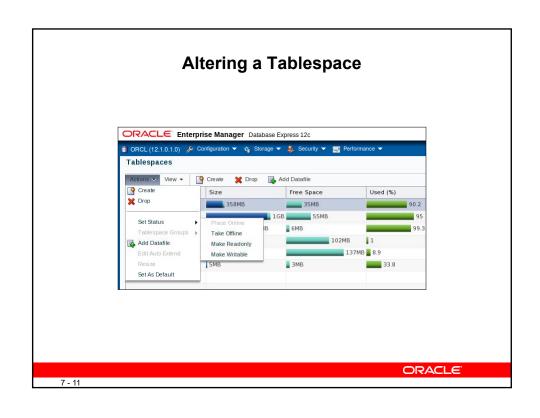


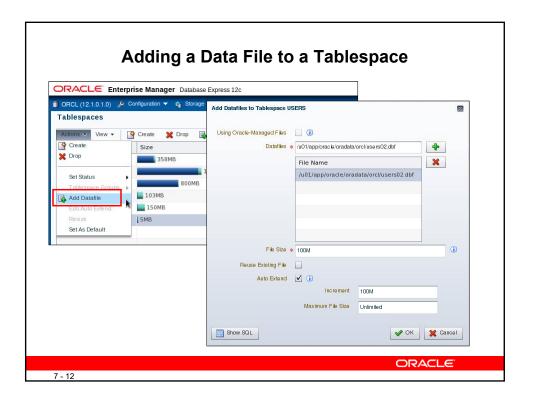


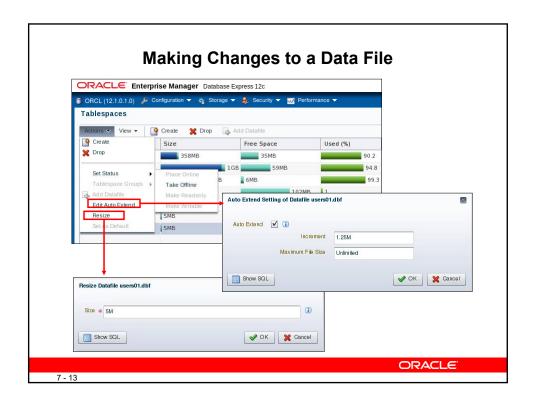


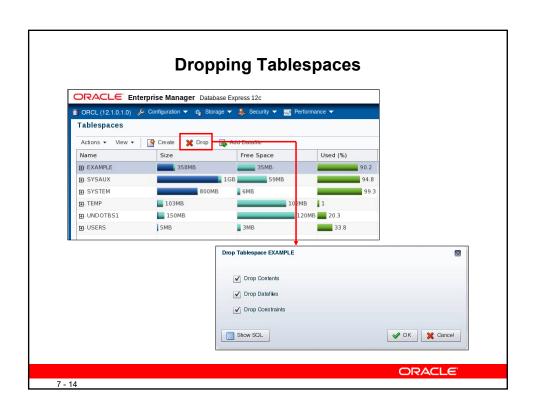












Viewing Tablespace Information

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, status, contents, logging,
  2 extent_management, allocation_type,
  3 segment_space_management
  4 FROM dba_tablespaces;
TABLESPACE_NAME STATUS CONTENTS LOGGING EXTENT_MAN ALLOCATIO SEGMEN
SYSTEM ONLINE PERMANENT LOGGING LOCAL SYSTEM
SYSAUX ONLINE PERMANENT LOGGING LOCAL SYSTEM UNDOTBS1 ONLINE UNDO LOGGING LOCAL SYSTEM TEMP ONLINE TEMPORARY NOLOGGING LOCAL UNIFORM
                                                                    AUTO
                                                                    MANUAL
                                                                    MANUAL
              ONLINE PERMANENT LOGGING LOCAL SYSTEM
ONLINE PERMANENT NOLOGGING LOCAL SYSTEM
                                                        SYSTEM
                                                                    AUTO
EXAMPLE
                                                                    AUTO
SQL> SELECT file_name, file_id, tablespace_name
 2 FROM dba_data_files;
FILE_NAME
                                            FILE_ID TABLESPACE_NAME
/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl/system01.dbf 1 SYSTEM
/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl/sysaux01.dbf
                                                       3 SYSAUX
/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl/users01.dbf
                                                      6 USERS
/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl/example01.dbf
/u01/app/oracle/oradata/orcl/undotbs01.dbf
                                                       4 UNDOTBS1
```

7 - 15

Oracle Managed Files (OMF)

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Specify file operations in terms of database objects rather than file names.

Parameter	Description
DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST	Defines the location of the default file system directory for data files and temporary files
DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n	Defines the location for redo log files and control file creation
DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST	Default location for the fast recovery area

Example:

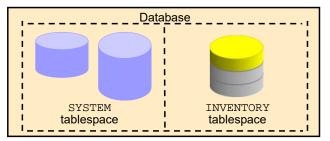
SQL> ALTER SYSTEM
2 SET DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST='/u01/app/oracle/oradata';
SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE tbs_1;

7 - 16

Enlarging the Database

You can enlarge the database in the following ways:

- Create a new tablespace.
- Add a data file to an existing smallfile tablespace.
- Increase the size of a data file.
- Provide for the dynamic growth of a data file.



7 17

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Summary

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Describe the storage of table row data in blocks
- Create and manage tablespaces
- Obtain tablespace information

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7 - 18