# An Interpretable Linear Regression Demo

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We set the working directory.

setwd("/home/hbunyamin/Projects/2021-nuni-it-online-seminar/tahun-2021/codes/demo-interpretable-ml")

Let's load the dataset (Molnar 2019).

```
load("bike.RData")
```

We view the first five rows.

#### head(bike)

```
yr mnth
     season
                         holiday weekday
                                              workingday weathersit
                                                                        temp
## 1 SPRING 2011
                  JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     SAT NO WORKING DAY
                                                              MISTY 8.175849
## 2 SPRING 2011
                 JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     SUN NO WORKING DAY
                                                              MISTY 9.083466
## 3 SPRING 2011
                  JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     MON
                                             WORKING DAY
                                                               GOOD 1.229108
## 4 SPRING 2011
                  JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     TUE
                                             WORKING DAY
                                                               GOOD 1.400000
## 5 SPRING 2011
                 JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     WED
                                                               GOOD 2.666979
                                             WORKING DAY
## 6 SPRING 2011 JAN NO HOLIDAY
                                     THU
                                             WORKING DAY
                                                               GOOD 1.604356
                        cnt days_since_2011
         hum windspeed
## 1 80.5833 10.749882
                        985
## 2 69.6087 16.652113
                                           1
                                           2
## 3 43.7273 16.636703 1349
                                           3
## 4 59.0435 10.739832 1562
## 5 43.6957 12.522300 1600
                                           4
## 6 51.8261 6.000868 1606
                                           5
```

We summarize the bike dataset as follows:

### summary(bike)

##	season	yr		mnth		holiday	weekda	ay		
##	SPRING:181	2011:36	5 JAN	: 62	NO H	OLIDAY:71	SUN:10	05		
##	SUMMER:184	2012:36	6 MAR	: 62	HOLI	DAY : 2	1 MON:10	05		
##	FALL :188		MAY	: 62			TUE: 10	04		
##	WINTER:178		JUL	: 62			WED:10	04		
##			AUG	: 62			THU:10	04		
##			OKT	: 62			FRI:10	04		
##			(Oth	er):359		SAT:105				
##	wor		weath	nersit	temp		hum			
##	NO WORKING D	AY:231	GOOD		:463	Min. :-	-5.221 I	Min. : 0.00		
##	WORKING DAY	:500	MISTY		:247	1st Qu.:	7.843	1st Qu.:52.00		
##			RAIN/SN	OW/STORM	ſ: 21	Median :	15.422 I	Median :62.67		
##						Mean :	15.283 I	Mean :62.79		
##						3rd Qu.::	22.805	3rd Qu.:73.02		
##						Max. :3	32.498	Max. :97.25		

```
##
##
      windspeed
                          cnt
                                    days_since_2011
                            : 22
##
   Min.
          : 1.500
                     Min.
                                    Min.
                                          : 0.0
                                    1st Qu.:182.5
   1st Qu.: 9.042
                     1st Qu.:3152
##
##
   Median :12.125
                     Median:4548
                                    Median :365.0
##
  Mean
           :12.763
                            :4504
                                            :365.0
                     Mean
                                    Mean
                     3rd Qu.:5956
   3rd Qu.:15.625
                                    3rd Qu.:547.5
           :34.000
                            :8714
                                            :730.0
## Max.
                     Max.
                                    Max.
##
```

We extract the features columns just like in the slides as follows:

We summarize the bike\_to\_interpreted dataset.

```
summary(bike_to_interpreted)
```

```
##
                                      holiday
                                                  days_since_2011
         cnt
                      season
          : 22
                   SPRING:181
                                NO HOLIDAY:710
                                                        : 0.0
##
   Min.
                                                 Min.
   1st Qu.:3152
                   SUMMER: 184
                                HOLIDAY
                                          : 21
                                                  1st Qu.:182.5
##
  Median:4548
                   FALL :188
                                                  Median :365.0
           :4504
                   WINTER:178
##
   Mean
                                                  Mean
                                                         :365.0
##
   3rd Qu.:5956
                                                  3rd Qu.:547.5
##
   Max.
           :8714
                                                 Max.
                                                         :730.0
##
             workingday
                                   weathersit
                                                    temp
                                                                      hum
   NO WORKING DAY:231
                         GOOD
                                        :463
                                               Min.
                                                      :-5.221
                                                                 Min.
                                                                        : 0.00
   WORKING DAY
                         MISTY
                                        :247
                                               1st Qu.: 7.843
                                                                 1st Qu.:52.00
##
                  :500
##
                         RAIN/SNOW/STORM: 21
                                               Median :15.422
                                                                 Median :62.67
##
                                               Mean :15.283
                                                                 Mean
                                                                       :62.79
##
                                               3rd Qu.:22.805
                                                                 3rd Qu.:73.02
##
                                               Max. :32.498
                                                                 Max.
                                                                        :97.25
##
      windspeed
  Min.
          : 1.500
   1st Qu.: 9.042
##
## Median :12.125
## Mean
           :12.763
## 3rd Qu.:15.625
           :34.000
## Max.
```

At last, we create the interpretable linear model that is linear regression as follows:

```
lm_bike <- lm(cnt ~ ., data=bike_to_interpreted)</pre>
```

We show the details of the linear models as follows:

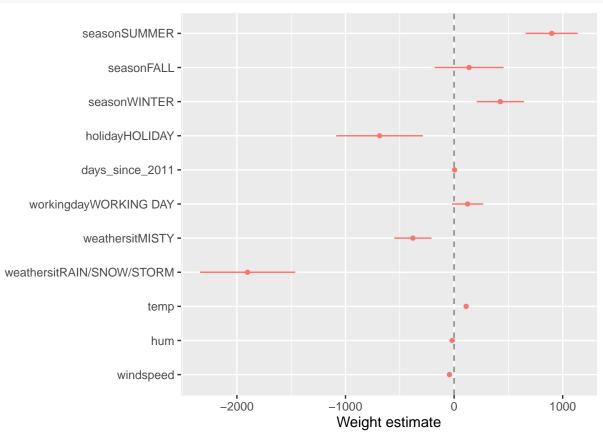
```
summary(lm_bike)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cnt ~ ., data = bike_to_interpreted)
##
## Residuals:
## Min    1Q Median    3Q    Max
## -3509.6    -397.9    78.7    534.1    3482.4
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              2399.4422
                                          238.3066 10.069 < 2e-16 ***
## seasonSUMMER
                                                    7.354 5.24e-13 ***
                               899.3182
                                          122.2833
## seasonFALL
                                          161.7037
                                                     0.855 0.392977
                               138.2154
## seasonWINTER
                               425.6029
                                          110.8199
                                                     3.840 0.000134 ***
## holidayHOLIDAY
                              -686.1154
                                          203.3015
                                                   -3.375 0.000778 ***
## days since 2011
                                 4.9264
                                           0.1728 28.507 < 2e-16 ***
## workingdayWORKING DAY
                                          73.2666
                                                     1.705 0.088623 .
                               124.9209
## weathersitMISTY
                              -379.3985
                                          87.5532
                                                   -4.333 1.68e-05 ***
## weathersitRAIN/SNOW/STORM -1901.5399
                                                   -8.503 < 2e-16 ***
                                          223.6400
## temp
                               110.7096
                                            7.0433
                                                   15.718 < 2e-16 ***
                                                   -5.483 5.80e-08 ***
## hum
                               -17.3772
                                            3.1694
## windspeed
                                                   -6.169 1.15e-09 ***
                               -42.5135
                                            6.8917
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 886.9 on 719 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7936, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7904
## F-statistic: 251.2 on 11 and 719 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

We probably need to install the dotwhisker and dply packages. Specifically, with dotwhisker we can view the weights of our linear model. Alternatively, we can call coef-plot.R function.

```
library(dotwhisker)
library(dplyr)
dwplot(lm_bike,
    vline = geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "grey50", linetype = 2)) + xlab("Weight estimate")
```

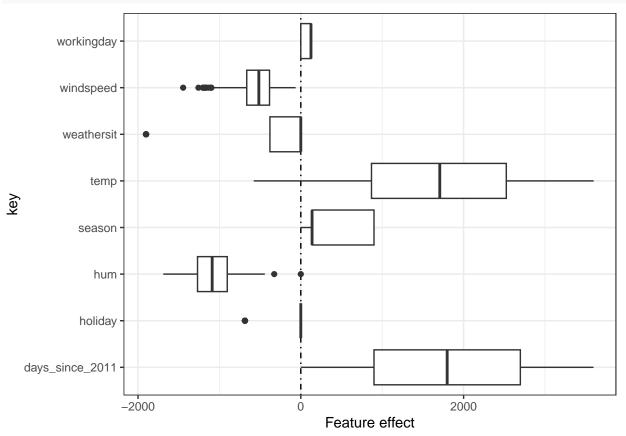


We can load the following R codes consisting several functions for showing the *interpretability of our linear regression* model.

```
source("utils.R", encoding = "UTF-8")
source("ggplot-theme.R", encoding = "UTF-8")
source("effect-plot.R", encoding = "UTF-8")
source("coef-plot.R", encoding = "UTF-8")
```

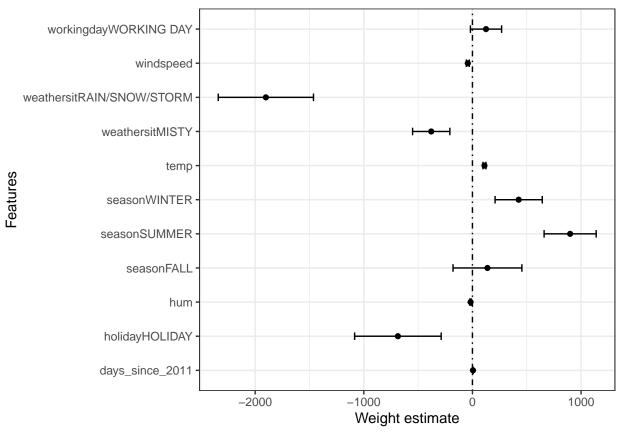
Let's display the **effect plot** of our model.

effect\_plot(lm\_bike, bike\_to\_interpreted)



Let's display the **coefficient plot** of our model.

coef\_plot(lm\_bike)



Let's load the cervical dataset (Molnar 2019).

load("cervical.RData")

Let us view the first five rows.

## head(cervical)

##		Age	Number.of.se	exual.	partners	First	.sexual.inte	ercourse	Num.of.	pregnancies	
##	1	18			4			15		1	
##	2	15			1			14		1	
##	3	34			1			15		1	
##	4	52			5			16		4	
##	5	46			3			21		4	
##	6	42			3			23		2	
##		Smok	es Smokes	years.	Hormonal	Cont	traceptives H	Hormonal.	Contrac	ceptivesyears	s.
##	1		0	0			0				0
##	2		0	0			0				0
##	3		0	0			0				0
##	4		1	37			1				3
##	5		0	0			1			1	15
##	6		0	0			0				0
##		IUD	<pre>IUDyears.</pre>	STDs	STDsnum	ber.	STDsNumber	r.of.diag	gnosis		
##	1	0	0	0		0			0		
##	2	0	0	0		0			0		
##	3	0	0	0		0			0		
##	4	0	0	0		0			0		
##	5	0	0	0		0			0		
##	6	0	0	0		0			0		

```
STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis Biopsy
## 1
                                                                      1 Healthy
## 2
                                     1
                                                                      1 Healthy
## 3
                                     1
                                                                      1 Healthy
## 4
                                     1
                                                                      1 Healthy
## 5
                                     1
                                                                      1 Healthy
## 6
                                                                      1 Healthy
We convert the Biopsy column into binary values (1 = Cancer and 0 = Healthy).
cervical$Biopsy <- ifelse( cervical$Biopsy == "Healthy", 0, 1 )</pre>
cervical to interpreted <- cervical[c("Hormonal.Contraceptives", "Smokes", "Num.of.pregnancies", "STDs.
                          "IUD", "Biopsy")]
Let us model the cervical_to_interpreted dataset by using logistic regression.
lr_cervical <- glm(Biopsy ~ ., data=cervical_to_interpreted, family = binomial(link = "logit"))</pre>
Let us examine the model's summary.
summary(lr_cervical)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Biopsy ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = cervical_to_interpreted)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                          0.32259 -9.021
                                                             <2e-16 ***
                              -2.91015
## Hormonal.Contraceptives
                              -0.11666
                                          0.29896 -0.390
                                                             0.6964
## Smokes
                               0.25578
                                          0.37193
                                                    0.688
                                                             0.4916
## Num.of.pregnancies
                               0.03680
                                          0.09653
                                                     0.381
                                                             0.7030
## STDs..Number.of.diagnosis 0.81549
                                                             0.0124 *
                                          0.32601
                                                    2.501
                               0.61630
                                          0.39959
                                                    1.542
                                                             0.1230
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 408.60 on 857
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 399.47 on 852 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 411.47
```

### References

## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

Molnar, Christoph. 2019. Interpretable Machine Learning: A Guide for Making Black Box Models Explainable.