



A collaborative project between ETH Zurich and OLZ&Partners



# **Simple Optimization Problem:**

#### Diet Problem:

- Buy your dinner
- Fulfil daily vitamin requirements
- Minimize total meal costs
- No negative values for meals

# Prices /kg Beef 3.19 \$ Chicken 2.59 \$ Fish 2.29 \$ Ham 2.89 \$

#### Daily vitamin cover /kg

Vitamins:	А	С	B1
Beef	60%	20%	10%
Chicken	8%	0%	20%
Fish	8%	10%	40%
Ham	40%	40%	32%



# **Simple Optimization Problems**

Minimize cost:

$$cost = 3.19X_{Beef} + 2.59X_{Chk} + 2.29X_{Fish} + 2.89X_{Ham}$$

Constraints:

Vitamin A  $60X_{Beef} + 8X_{Chk} + 8X_{Fish} + 40X_{Ham} \ge 100$ 

Vitamin C ...

Vitamin B ...

 $X_{Beef} \ge 0$ 

 $X_{Chk} \ge 0$ 

 $X_{Fish} \ge 0$ 

 $X_{Ham} \ge 0$ 

# **General Optimization Problems**

# $minimize_x f(x)$

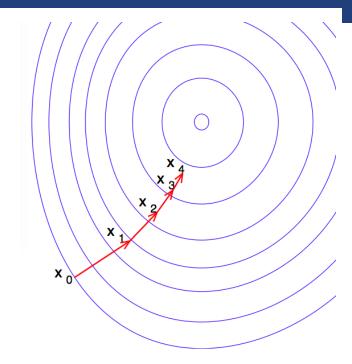
$$g_1(x) \le C_1$$
  
$$g_2(x) = C_2$$

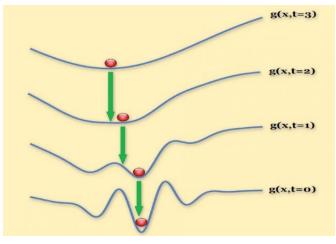
#### Different problem types:

- Linear
- Quadratic
- Non-linear
- Combinatorical

#### **Solvers:**

- a program to apply an algorithm that finds optimal values of the variables.
- Many algorithms
  - Precision and run-time vary
- Solvers choose fastest and most reliable method





# What do we need solvers for?

#### Minimizing portfolio risk:

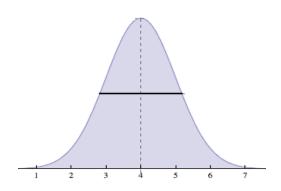
Min-Variance Portfolio:

- Add additional constraints to
  - decrease transaction costs
  - limit portfolio turnover
- Problems often difficult to solve

Which solver(s) fit the best to OLZ?

# Minimum Variance Finish

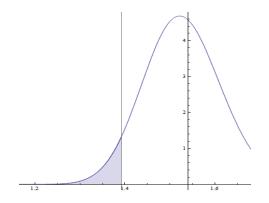
- Minimize portfolio volatility
- Quadratic problem

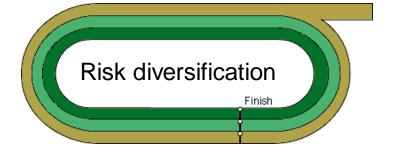


#### Three race tracks:



- Minimize Tail Risk
- Linear problem





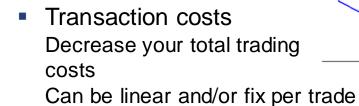
- Minimize variance of risk contributions
- Non-linear problem

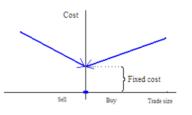
$$\min\left(R_i - \frac{1}{N} \cdot R\right)^2$$



#### Multiple races with different constraints:

- Box/Group Constraints
   Constrain the weight of individual assets or groups of assets
- Turnover
   Constrain the total change of your portfolio
- Buy-In Forbid unreasonably small trades





- Tail Dependence
   Increase investment in uncorrelated assets
- Effective number of bets
   Diversify your investment

Problem formulation and solver control often have completely different syntax

$$\rightarrow$$
 AMPL:

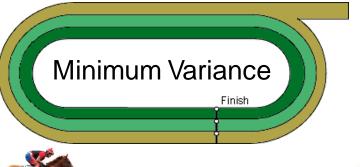
$$s.t.$$
  $\sum_{i}^{N} w_{i} = 1$  Solver  $w_{i} \geq 0$ 

- Modeling language to unify problem formulation and solver control
- Fast problem switching
- Large solver support

#### Race Measurements:

- Computation time
- Precision
  - Risk minimization
  - Constraint fulfilment

 Test on a set of 1461 assets, data from OLZ





- CPLEX (commercial)
- XPRESS (commercial)
- GUROBI (commercial)
- SNOPT (commercial)
- MINOS (commercial)
- CONOPT (commercial)
- KNITRO (commercial)
- LOQO (commercial)
- CBC (open source)

#### Three race tracks:





- CPLEX (commercial)
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- KNITRO (commercial)
- LOQO (commercial)
- CBC (open source)
- LPSOLVE (open source)

Equal risk contribution

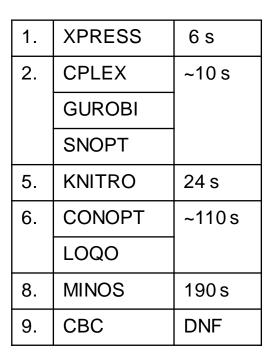


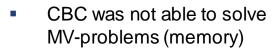
- IPOPT (open source)
- BONMIN (open source)
- COUENNE (open source)
- SNOPT (commercial)
- MINOS (commercial)
- CONOPT (commercial)
- KNITRO (commercial)
- LOQO (commercial)



# **No Constraints - Computation Time**









1.	CPLEX	~1 s	
	XPRESS		
	GUROBI		
	CBC		
5.	SNOPT	~ 4 s	
	MINOS		
7.	CONOPT	9 s	
8.	LOQO	18 s	
9.	KNITRO	44 s	
10	LPSOLVE	DNF	

LPSOLVE was not able to solve any CVaR-problems (size)

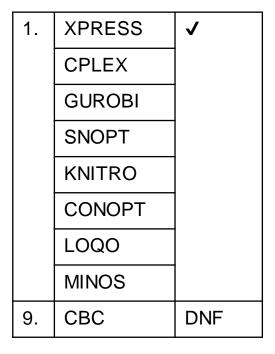


1.	SNOPT	25 s
2.	KNITRO	~48 s
	CONOPT	
4.	MINOS	72 s
5.	BONMIN	~ 140 s
	LOQO	
7.	IPOPT	200 s
8.	COUENNE	260 s



# **No Constraints - Precision**







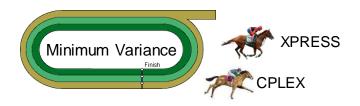
1.	CPLEX	<b>✓</b>
	XPRESS	
	GUROBI	
	KNITRO	
	SNOPT	
	MINOS	
	CONOPT	
	LOQO	
9.	CBC	Objective not converged
10	LPSOLVE	DNF

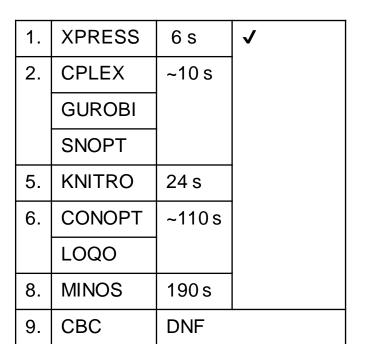


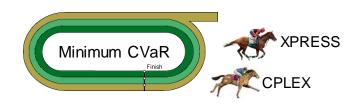
1.	SNOPT	✓
	KNITRO	
	CONOPT	
	MINOS	
	BONMIN	
	LOQO	
7.	IPOPT	Objective not
	MINOS	converged

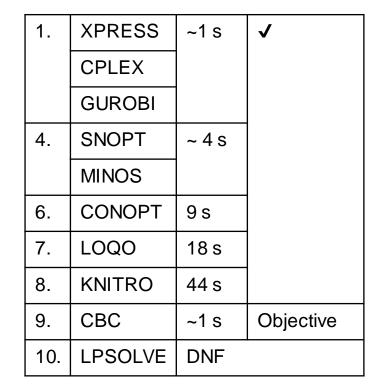


# **No Constraints - Result**









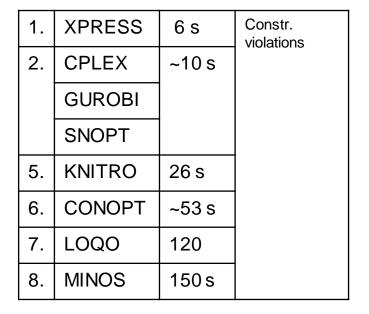


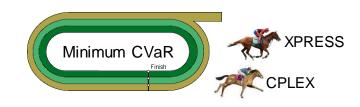
1.	SNOPT	25 s	✓
2.	CONOPT	~48 s	
	KNITRO		
4.	BONMIN	~ 140 s	
	LOQO		
6.	COUENNE	260 s	
7.	MINOS	72 s	Objective
8.	IPOPT	200 s	

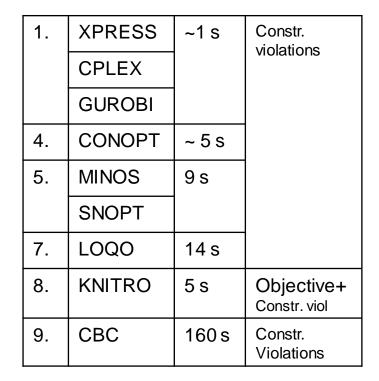


# **Box/Group Constraints**







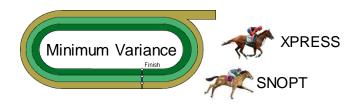


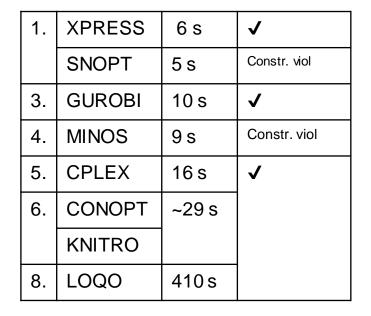


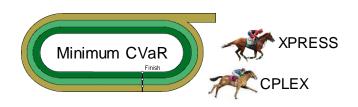
1.	SNOPT	15 s	<b>✓</b>
2.	BONMIN	~ 70 s	
	KINTRO		
4.	CONOPT	~ 150 s	
	LOQO		
6.	IPOPT	130	
7.	MINOS	36 s	Objective+ Constr. viol
8.	COUENNE	DNF	



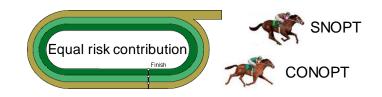
# **Turnover Constraints**







1.	XPRESS	~1.5 s	<b>√</b>
	CPLEX		
	GUROBI		
4.	CBC		Constr.viol
5.	SNOPT	~6 s	
	MINOS		
7.	CONOPT	12 s	
8.	LOQO	22	✓
9.	KNITRO	17 s	Objective

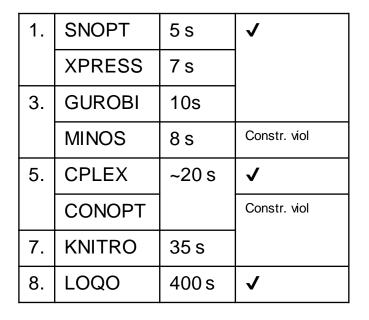


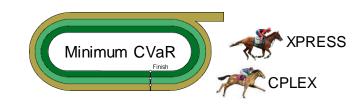
1.	SNOPT	7 s	Constr.viol
2.	MINOS	15 s	
3.	CONOPT	34 s	✓
4.	KNITRO	80 s	
5.	BONMIN	~200 s	Constr.viol
	IPOPT		
7.	LOQO	DNF	

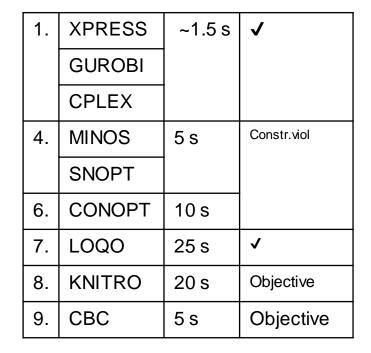


# **Linear Transaction Costs**









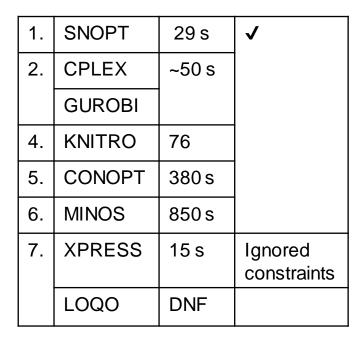


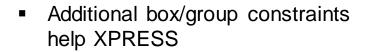
1.	SNOPT	7 s	✓
2.	MINOS	19 s	Constr.viol
3.	CONOPT	38 s	✓
4.	KNITRO	130 s	Constr. Viol
5.	BONMIN	~300s	Constr.viol
	IPOPT		
7.	LOQO	800s	✓
8.	COUENNE	DNF	



# **Tail Dependence Constraints**









1.	GUROBI	~20 s	✓
	CPLEX		
	SNOPT		Constr.viol
4.	KNITRO	100 s	<b>&gt;</b>
5.	MINOS	290 s	Constr.viol
6.	XPRESS	15 s	Ignored constraints
	CONOPT	DNF	
	LOQO		
	CBC		



1.	SNOPT	29	✓
2.	CONOPT	~150s	
	KNITRO		
4.	MINOS	~300s	
	BONMIN		
	IPOPT		
7.	LOQO	DNF	
	COUENNE		



# **Effective Number of Bets Constraint**







Heavily non-linear function

ENB = 
$$\exp\left(-\sum_{i}^{N} p_{i} \ln p_{i}\right)$$
  

$$p_{i} = \frac{(Tw)_{i} \cdot (C \cdot Tw)_{i}}{\sum_{i}^{N} (Tw)_{i} \cdot (C \cdot Tw)_{i}}$$

- All non-linear solvers broke down at ~80 assets
  - → Limit of numerical minimization



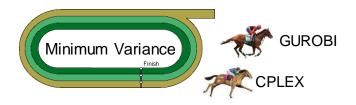
# **Special races:**

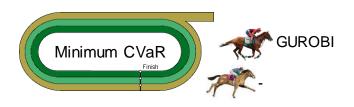
# Mixed integer problems

- Involve combinatorical computations
- Many solvers are not capable of solving mixed-integer problems



# **Buy-In Constraints**









1.	GUROBI	6 s	✓
2.	CPLEX	33 s	
	KNITRO	43 s	
4.	XPRESS	11 s	Constraints ignored
	CBC	DNF	

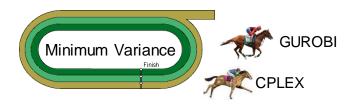
1.	XPRESS	1 s	✓
2.	CPLEX	2 s	
	GUROBI		
4.	KNITRO	58 s	Constraints
	CBC	9.32	ignored

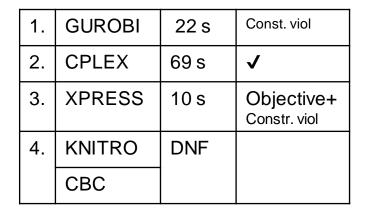
**BONMIN DNF KNITRO** COUENNE

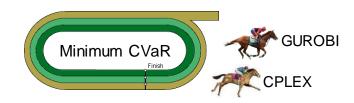
- Again, Box/Group constraints help **XPRESS**
- CPLEX and XPRESS often completely ignore Buy-In constraints when combining with other constraints!



# **Fixed & Linear Transaction Costs**







1.	CPLEX	23 s	Const. viol
	GUROBI	33 s	
3.	XPRESS	2 s	Objective+
	CBC	40 s	Constr. vioi
5.	KNITRO	DNF	





1.	BONMIN	DNF	
	KNITRO		
	COUENNE		



## Who won?

#### Without Mixed-Integer Problems:

#### **SNOPT**

- Always found optimal solution
- Constraints always fulfilled (in soft sense)
- Fastest for both linear & non-linear problems

#### Runner up:

- CPLEX/GUROBI for Min-Var and Min-CVaR
- CONOPT for non-linear problems

#### With Mixed-Integer Problems:

#### **GUROBI**

- Always found optimal solution
- Constraints always fulfilled (in soft sense)
- Faster than CPLEX, more reliable than other solvers

#### Runner up:

CPLEX



# Thank you for your attention

