

Haley Candia Perez

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CS-300

Project One

Pseudocode:

STRUCT Course

courseID

courseName

preList (array of courseIDs)

CONSTRUCTOR Course()

SET courseID = “”

SET courseName = “”

SET preList = empty array

END STRUCT

CLASS BinaryTree

STRUCT Node

Course data

Node left

Node right

END STRUCT

Node root

CONSTRUCTOR BinaryTree()

 SET root = NULL

END CONSTRUCTOR

END CLASS

FUNCTION InsertCourse(tree, Course cf)

CREATE newNode WITH c

 SET newNode.left = NULL

 SET newNode.right = NULL

IF tree.root IS NULL THEN

 SET tree.root = newNode

 RETURN

END IF

SET currentNode = tree.root

```
WHILE TRUE

    IF c.courseID < currentNode.data.courseID THEN

        IF currentNode.left IS NULL THEN

            SET currentNode.left = newNode

            BREAK

        ELSE

            SET currentNode = currentNode.left

        END IF

    ELSE

        IF currentNode.right IS NULL THEN

            SET currentNode.right = newNode

            BREAK

        ELSE

            SET currentNode = currentNode.right

        END IF

    END IF

END WHILE

END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION LoadCoursesFromFile (filePath, tree)
```

```
OPEN filePath FOR reading
```

```
IF file cannot be opened THEN  
    DISPLAY "Error: File cannot be opened."  
    RETURN FALSE  
END IF
```

```
WHILE NOT end of file  
    READ line  
    TRIM whitespace
```

```
    IF line IS empty THEN  
        CONTINUE  
    END IF
```

```
    SPLIT line by comma INTO tokens  
  
    IF LENGTH(tokens) < 2 THEN  
        DISPLAY "Error: Invalid line format."  
        CONTINUE  
    END IF
```

```
    CREATE Course newCourse  
    SET newCourse.courseID = tokens[0]
```

```
SET newCourse.courseName = tokens[1]

FOR i FROM 2 TO LENGTH(tokens) - 1
    IF tokens[i] IS NOT empty THEN
        ADD tokens[i] TO newCourse.preList
    END IF
END FOR

CALL InsertCourse (tree, newCourse)

END WHILE

CLOSE file

RETURN TRUE

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION ValidateCourses(tree)
    RETURN ValidateNode (tree.root, tree)

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION ValidateNode (node, tree)
```

```
IF node IS NULL THEN
    RETURN TRUE
END IF

FOR EACH prerequisite IN node.data.preList
    IF SearchCourse (tree, prerequisite) IS empty THEN
        RETURN FALSE
    END IF
END FOR

IF ValidateNode (node.left, tree) IS FALSE THEN
    RETURN FALSE
END IF

IF ValidateNode (node.right, tree) IS FALSE THEN
    RETURN FALSE
END IF

RETURN TRUE
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION SearchCourse (tree, courseID)
```

```
SET currentNode = tree.root

WHILE currentNode IS NOT NULL

    IF currentNode.data.courseID == courseID THEN

        RETURN currentNode.data

    ELSE IF courseID < currentNode.data.courseID THEN

        SET currentNode = currentNode.left

    ELSE

        SET currentNode = currentNode.right

    END IF

END WHILE

RETURN empty Course object

END FUNCTION
```

FUNCTION PrintCourseInfo (tree, courseID)

```
SET course = SearchCourse (tree, courseID)

IF course IS empty THEN

    DISPLAY "Course not found."
```

```
    RETURN  
END IF  
  
DISPLAY "Course ID: " + course.courseID  
DISPLAY "Course Name: " + course.courseName  
  
IF course.preList IS empty THEN  
    DISPLAY "Prerequisites: None"  
ELSE  
    DISPLAY "Prerequisites:"  
    FOR EACH prerequisite IN course.preList  
        DISPLAY prerequisite  
    END FOR  
END IF  
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION PrintAllCourses (node)  
  
IF node IS NOT NULL THEN  
    CALL PrintAllCourses (node.left)  
    DISPLAY node.data.courseID + ", " + node.data.courseName  
    CALL PrintAllCourses ( node.right)
```

```
END IF  
END FUNCTION  
//called as CALL PrintAllCourses(tree.root)
```

```
FUNCTION Main
```

```
DECLARE tree AS BinaryTree  
DECLARE dataLoaded AS BOOLEAN = FALSE
```

```
DECLARE choice
```

```
WHILE choice != 9
```

```
DISPLAY “=====“
```

```
DISPLAY “ABCU Computer Science Courses”
```

```
DISPLAY “1. Load Data”
```

```
DISPLAY “2. Print Course List”
```

```
DISPLAY “3. Print Course Information”
```

```
DISPLAY “9. Exit”
```

```
DISPLAY “=====“
```

```
READ choice
```

IF choice == 1 THEN

PROMPT "Enter file path: "

READ filePath

IF LoadCoursesFromFile (filePath, tree) == TRUE

IF ValidateCourses (tree) == TRUE THEN

SET dataLoaded = TRUE

DISPLAY "Data loaded successfully."

ELSE

DISPLAY "Error: Invalid prerequisite found."

END IF

END IF

ELSE IF choice == 2 THEN

IF dataLoaded == FALSE THEN

DISPLAY "Error: Load data first."

ELSE

CALL PrintAllCourses (tree.root)

END IF

ELSE IF choice == 3 THEN

IF dataLoaded == FALSE THEN

```
        DISPLAY "Error: Load data first."  
    ELSE  
        PROMPT "Enter course ID: "  
        READ courseID  
        CALL PrintCourseInfo (tree, courseID)  
    END IF  
    ELSE IF choice == 9 THEN  
        DISPLAY "Exiting program."  
    ELSE  
        DISPLAY "Invalid selection."  
    END IF  
END WHILE  
END FUNCTION
```

Vector

Operation	Total Cost	Notes
Open file and read lines	$n + 1$	1 for opening file + n for each line
Create Course objects	n	1 per course
Assign course data	n	courseID, courseName, prerequisites
Add to vector	n	1 per course

Total Cost: $4n + 1$

Worst-case Runtime: $O(n)$

Hash Table

Operation	Total Cost	Notes
Open file and read lines	$n + 1$	1 for opening file + n for each line
Create Course objects	n	1 per course
Assign course data	n	courseID, courseName, prerequisites
Compute hash key & insert	n	1 per course (depends on collisions)

Total Cost: $4n + 1$

Worst-case Runtime: $O(n)$ if many collisions, $O(1)$ average

Binary Search Tree

Operation	Total Cost	Notes
Open file and read lines	$n + 1$	1 for opening file + n for each line
Create Course objects	n	1 per course
Assign course data	n	courseID, courseName, prerequisites
Insert into BST	n^2 worst-case	$O(n \log n)$ if balanced, $O(n^2)$ if unbalanced

Total Cost: $n^2 + 3n + 1$ (worst-case, unbalanced)

Worst-case Runtime: $O(n^2)$ worst-case, $O(n \log n)$ average

Analysis of Advantages and Disadvantages

When evaluating the three data structures (vector, hash table, and binary search tree) for the ABCU Computer Science course program, I found that each has distinct advantages and disadvantages.

A vector is easy to use and simple to understand, but finding a course in it can take longer because you have to check each course one by one. Sorting the courses in order also takes extra steps, which makes it slower when working with bigger lists.

A hash table is great for quickly finding a course because it can usually find it right away. However, hash tables don't keep the courses in order, so if you want to print them alphabetically, it takes more work. They also use a bit more memory.

A binary search tree is a good balance. It lets you quickly find a course and, at the same time, keeps the courses in order so printing them alphabetically is easy. The only downside is that if the tree becomes unbalanced, searches can be slower.

Recommendation

Considering that the advisors want to see all courses in order and find course details, I would say that the binary search tree would be the best choice. It handles both tasks well, and it keeps everything organized without needing extra steps.