



# IBM Innovate 2012

## IBM Rational Rhapsody and Qt Integration for Model-Based GUI Development

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IBM Software

# Innovate2012

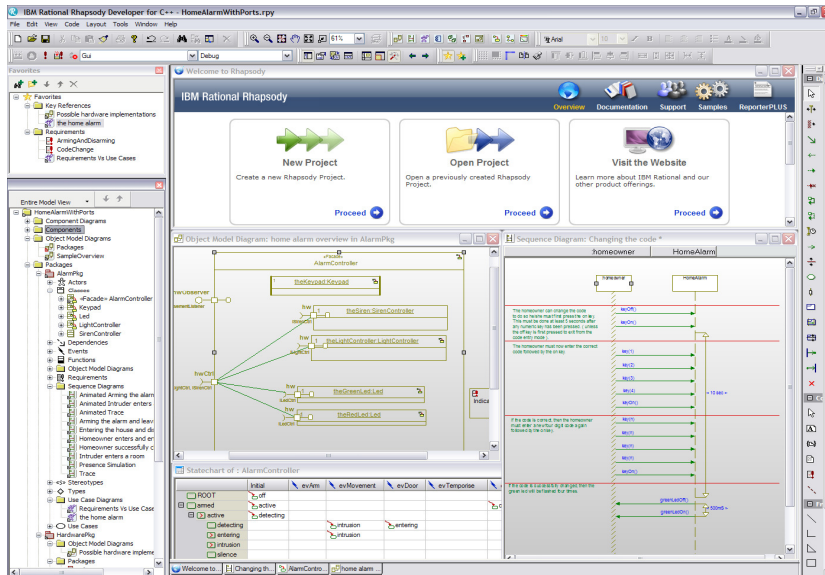
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## Agenda

- 
- 1 Model-Driven Development with IBM Rational Rhapsody
  - 2 Nokia Qt Framework Overview
  - 3 Rhapsody and Qt Integration Issues
  - 4 Rhapsody Qt Profile Overview
  - 5 Demo
  - 6 Summary

# System and Software Engineering with IBM Rational Rhapsody



## Capabilities

- Requirements-driven analysis and design for technical, embedded or real-time solutions, including those based on *multi-core* architectures
- Rapid design validation and verification with frequent simulation and testing
- Development and deployment of *complete C, C++, C#, Java and Ada* applications

## Benefits

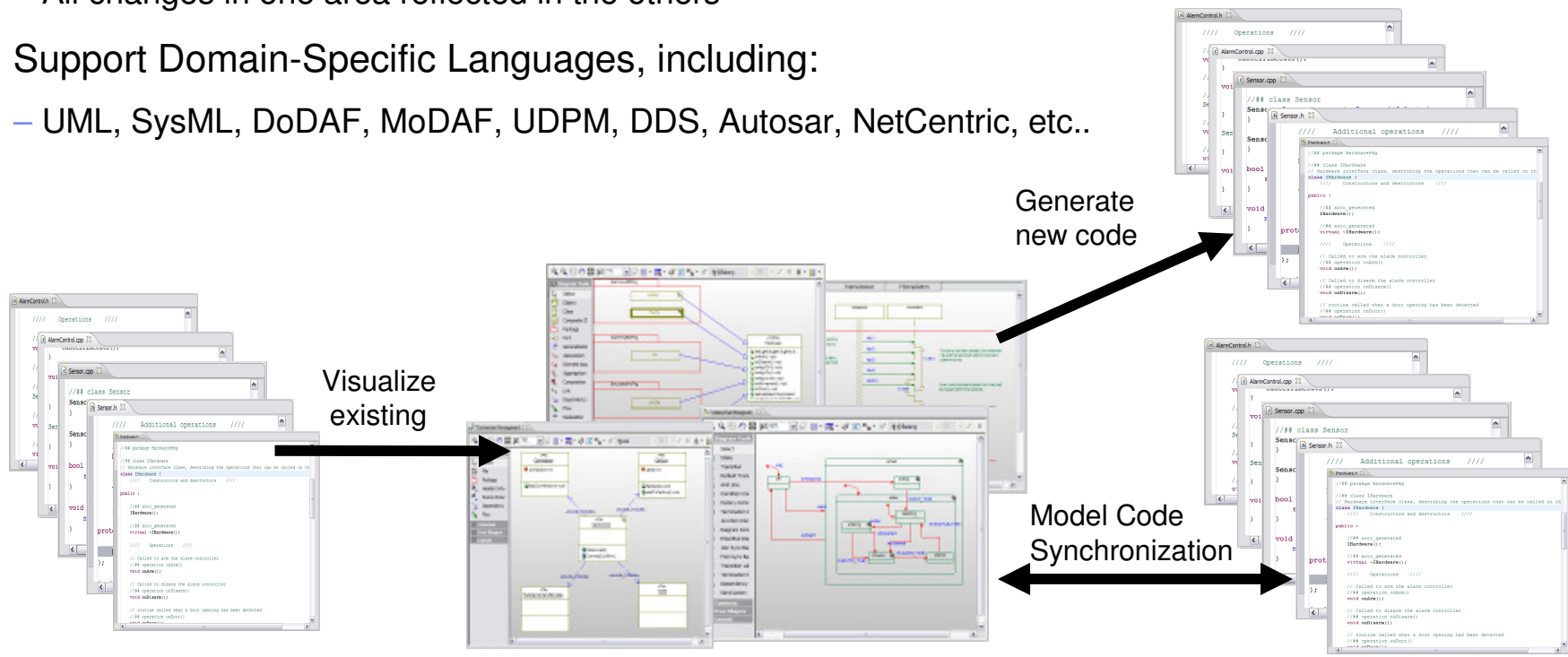
- **Build the right product** through non-ambiguous communication and frequent collaboration
- **Eliminate defects early** and increase quality by continually testing the design
- **Reduce development time** by automatically generating applications and documentation
- **Re-use and adapt existing technology** through reverse engineering and product line engineering

**"Using Rhapsody software improves the quality of the application software that is integral to the series hydraulic hybrid system development process."**

**Steve Zielinski, Eaton chief engineer for software**

## Model-Driven Development with IBM Rational Rhapsody

- Build efficient software that exactly matches the design intent
  - Develop C, C++, C#, Java, and Ada applications
- Maintain automated synchronization between model and code
  - Work simultaneously with architecture, software and target
  - All changes in one area reflected in the others
- Support Domain-Specific Languages, including:
  - UML, SysML, DoDAF, MoDAF, UDPM, DDS, Autosar, NetCentric, etc..



## Software Model Execution in Animation Mode

**Model execution enables iterative development**

**Requirements test through execution**

**Correct specification hand-off to software**

Sequence Diagram: Animated Normal Operation

Statechart of: Builder - Builder[0]

Features of Builder[0]

Instance Name: Builder[0]

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
count	0	int

Relations:

itsCommandList	itsReader	itsWriter

Executable is Idle

Call Stack

Event Queue

Build Check Model Configuration Management Animation

For Help, press F1

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## Nokia Qt Framework Overview

- Nokia Qt is a **cross-platform application** and UI framework with APIs for C++ programming and for rapid UI creation of:
  - mobile applications (Symbian phones and the Nokia N9 smartphone)
  - desktop applications (Microsoft Windows, Mac OS X, and Linux)
- The Qt Framework is based on **modular C++ class library**, including UI, Multithreading, Networking, Multimedia, XML, Database connection and so on.
- The Qt SDK combines the Qt framework with tools such as an IDE, an UI Designer, a Simulator and some other tools.



<http://qt.nokia.com/>

## Rhapsody and Qt Integration: Technical Issues (1/2)

- Qt extends the C++ syntax by introducing some keywords and macros (such as “signal”, “slot”, “Q\_OBJECT”) that are handled by the Qt pre-processor at compilation time.
- By default, these keywords are not compatible with the Rhapsody C++ parser and prevents Rhapsody round-trip feature.
- Here follows an example that shows these Qt keywords:

```

#include <QObject>

class Counter : public QObject {
    Q_OBJECT

public:
    Counter()          { m_value = 0; }
    int value() const { return m_value; }

public slots:
    void setValue(int value);

signals:
    void valueChanged(int newValue);

private:
    int m_value;
};
        
```

The **Object** class must be the first in the base classes list.

The **Q\_OBJECT** macro is used to enable **Qt meta-object features**, such as dynamic properties, signals, and slots.

**Signals** are emitted by an object when its internal state has changed in some way that might be interesting to the object's client or owner. Signal implementation is generated by the Qt preprocessor must not be implemented in the .cpp file.

**Slots** are normal C++ functions and can be called normally; their only special feature is that signals can be connected to them. A slot is automatically called when a signal connected to it is emitted.

## Rhapsody and Qt Integration: Technical Issues (2/2)

- Qt requires the **main thread** to be the primary "**GUI thread**" as Qt widgets and several related classes don't work in secondary threads. This usually conflicts with the standard Rhapsody configuration, as the main thread is automatically generated as an **OXF thread**.
- To cope Rhapsody with the **Qt meta-object system**, it is needed:
  - Update Rhapsody code generator though Rhapsody Simplifiers APIs
  - Customize Rhapsody properties to handle Qt-specific keywords
  - Customize Rhapsody autogenerated Main to correctly the Qt main thread
  - Customize Rhapsody autogenerated Makefile to invoke Qt command line utilities



## Solution: Rhapsody Qt Profile

- Rhapsody Qt Profile is a **custom profile** for Rhapsody in C++ based on stereotype customization and a Java plug-in invoked at code generation time.
- This profile is **not part of the official Rhapsody installation package**.
- It allows you to develop **Qt-compatible code** that also takes advantage of Rhapsody capabilities, such as state-machines with either synchronous or asynchronous events.
- The profile **automatically generates** the Qt project file and customize it accordingly.
- The current implementation supports the following:
  - Qt 4.7.3 for Windows (VS 2008 only) and Linux, with and without Animation (no Tracing).
  - All the .ui files are supposed to be stored in the “gui” directory in the Rhapsody project.
  - No support for Qt message catalogs and resources yet.
  - Only base Qt classes are defined in the profile (QApplication, QObject and QWidget).
  - All the slots are public, regardless their visibility in the model.
  - Qt Mobile Framework is not supported.

## Rhapsody Qt Profile Stereotypes

### <<QObject>>

You can use this stereotype to flag those **Classes** that needs to be Qt-compliant, with the Q\_OBJECT macro, signals and slots.

### <<QTSignal>>

You can use this stereotype to flag those **Operations** that are Qt Signals. They will be declared in the specification file (.h). Use it only for operations belonging to classes stereotyped as <<QObject>>.

### <<QTSlot>>

You can use this stereotype to flag those **Operations, Triggered Operations** or **Receptions** that are Qt Slots. Use it only for operations belonging to classes stereotyped as <<QObject>>.

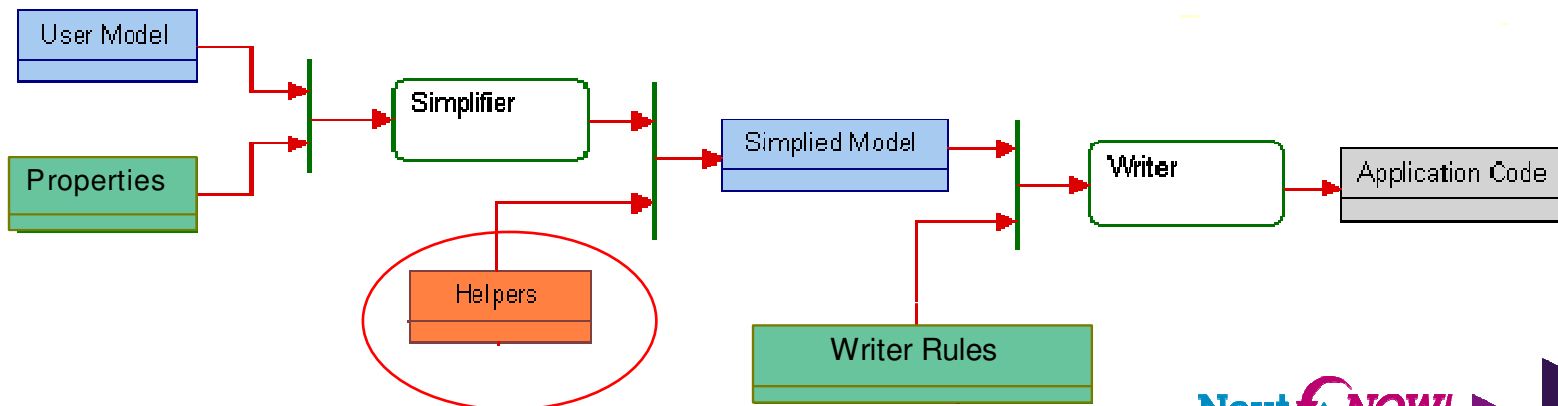
### <<QTConfiguration>>

You can use this stereotype to flag those **Configurations** that you want to generate Qt-related programs. The default Makefile and Main are generated accordingly.

## Custom Simplifiers in Rhapsody Qt Profile

- Rhapsody Qt Profile uses **Custom Simplifiers** to “hook” pre-defined extension points at code generation time.
- Custom simplifiers manipulate the code model using standard Rhapsody APIs.
- For each element the simplify property can specify:
  - *Default*: follow out-of-the-box simplification
  - *None*: suppress the simplification
  - *Copy*: copy the application element to the code model as is
  - *User*: replace out of the box one with a new user defined one
  - *User Post Default*: invoke a custom simplifier after the out of the box one

C.CG		
Attribute		
Simplify		Default
Class		
Simplify		Default
Configuration		
SimplifyMainFiles		Default
SimplifyMakeFile		Default
Event		
Simplify		Default
Generalization		
Simplify		Default
Operation		
Simplify		Default



## Rhapsody Qt Profile Usage Overview

- To create your classes and set the <<QObject>> stereotype to those of them you want to be Qt-enabled.
- When you stereotype a class with <<QObject>> do the following:
  - Create a generalization dependency to QObject or QWidget classes provided by the profile. If you want to generalize a different class, copy one of the above ones in your project and rename at your will.
  - Create a constructor that initializes the parent Qt class, i.e. MyWidget(QWidget\*parent)
  - Specify the includes you need in the Properties, i.e. <QWidget> or just <QtGui>
  - Apply the <<QTSignal>> and <<QTSlot>> stereotypes accordingly
- Apply the <<QTConfiguration>> stereotype to the Rhapsody configuration you want to generate the Qt-enabled program.
- If you need user interface files (.ui) generated with Qt Designer, put them in the “gui” directory in your project: they will be automatically included in the build. Just Remember to include their correspondent header file names, as they are supposed to be generated during the Qt build process.

## Code Example for a simple Reactive Class

- Generated code example with the Rhapsody Qt Profile:

```

/// class MyCountdownGUI
class MyCountdownGUI : public QWidget, public OMReactive, private Ui::QtCountdown {

```

Q\_OBJECT

//// Slots ////

public:

```

    Q_SLOT void tgReset();
    Q_SLOT void tgStart();
    Q_SLOT void tgTimeout();

```

//// Constructors and destructors ////

public :

```

/// operation MyCountdownGUI(QWidget)
MyCountdownGUI(QWidget* parent = 0, IOxflActive* theActiveContext = 0);

```

//// Operations ////

```

/// operation startTimer(long)
void startTimer(long time);

```

//// Additional operations ////

```

/// auto_generated
virtual bool startBehavior();

```

protected :

```

/// auto generated
void initStatechart();

```

//// Attributes ////

```

int counter;          /// attribute counter

```

Rhapsody base class for classes with state machines

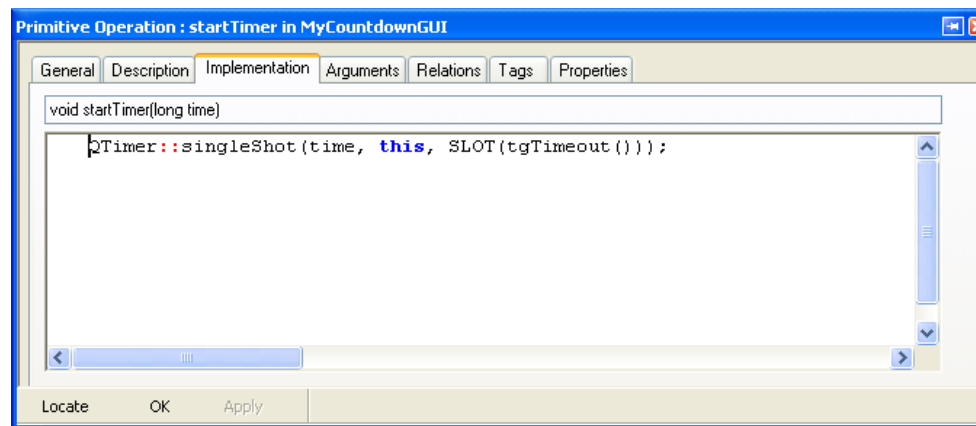
QTProfile generated slots and macros

This method starts the Rhapsody state machine implementation

## Asynchronous or Synchronous Slots in Rhapsody State Machine (1/2)

### ■ Synchronous State Machines

- In the Synchronous implementation, if the Class in Rhapsody is not Active, the Main Thread is the Qt GUI Thread, it's not possible to use Rhapsody Asynchronous Events and no OXF Threads are running.
- In this configuration, it's not possible to use the Rhapsody timer but it's needed to use the Qt one. Here follows a simple example:

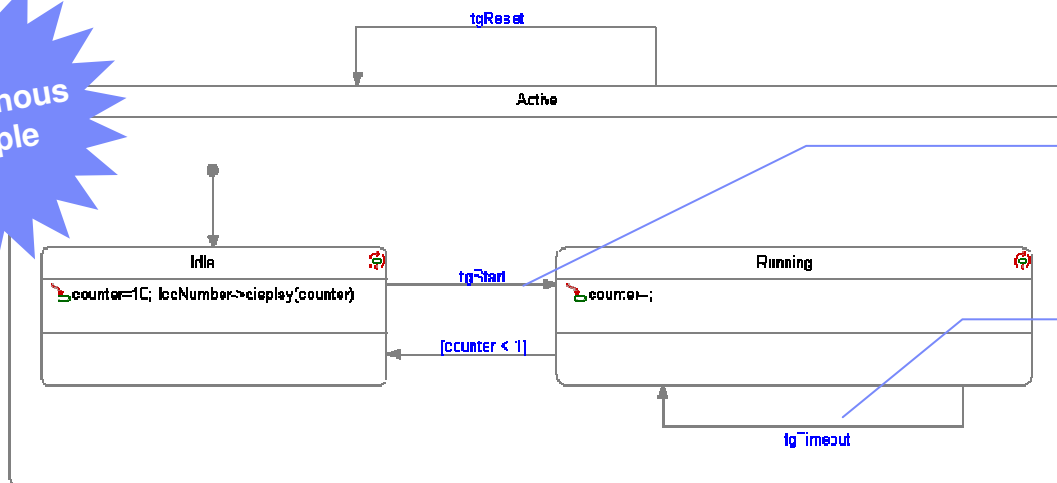


### ■ Asynchronous State Machines

- If the Class in Rhapsody is Active, it runs its own OXF Thread and it's possible to use Asynchronous Events (Receptions) and the Rhapsody timeout.

## Asynchronous or Synchronous Slots in Rhapsody State Machine (2/2)

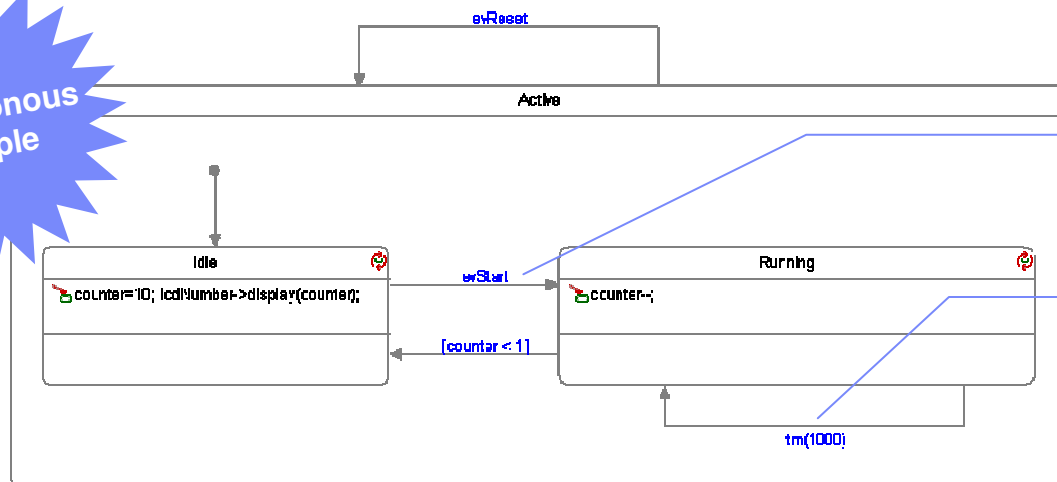
### Synchronous Example



In synchronous mode, only **Triggered Operations** can be used.

In synchronous mode, it is needed to use **Qt timeout**.

### Asynchronous Example

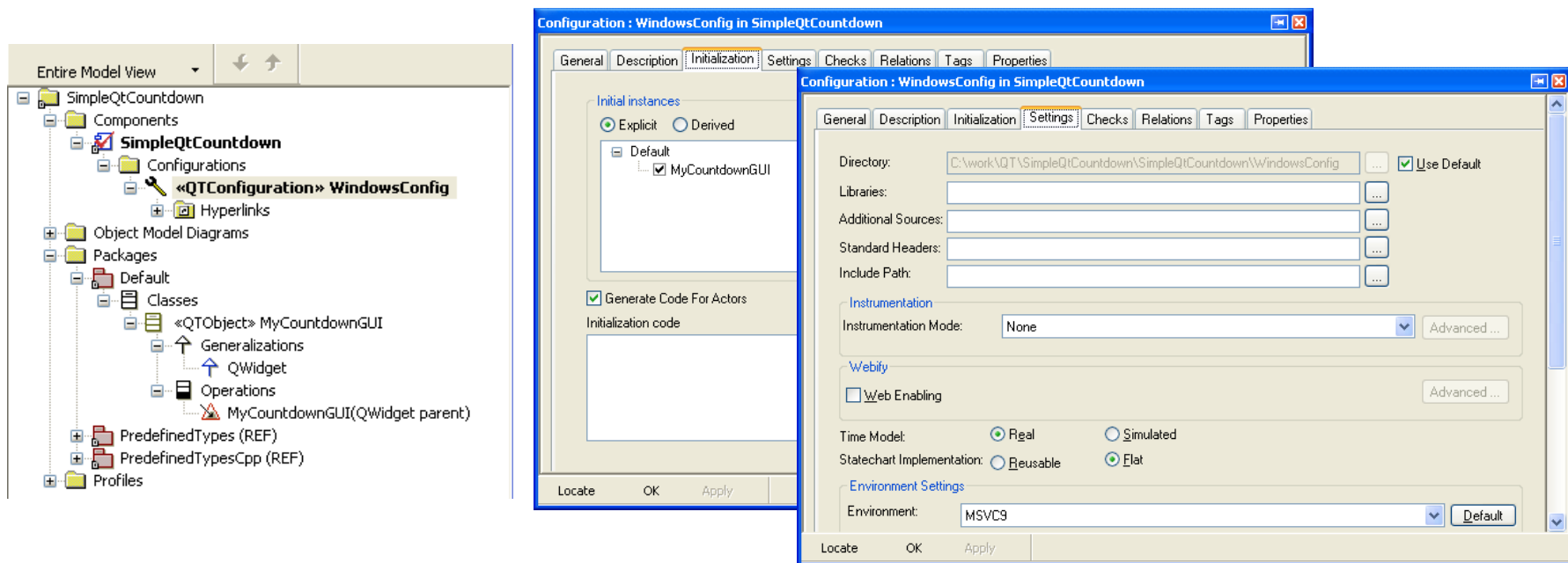


In asynchronous mode, both **Receptions** and **Triggered Operations** can be used.

In asynchronous mode, it is possible to use **OXF timeout**.

## QTPProfile Main Class v.s. Default Main Class (1/2)

- The QTPProfile introduces some differences to the generated main class, to make it compatible with Qt and make the main thread the **primary GUI thread**.
- Here follows the differences with the default standard main class:
  - It automatically creates a *QApplication* object and starts it: this makes the main thread the Qt GUI thread too.
  - It does not start the OXF main loop: if you want to use Rhapsody asynchronous events you need at least an active class in your model.





## QTProfile Main Class v.s. Default Main Class (2/2)

The image displays a side-by-side comparison of two C++ source files, `MainDefaultComponent.cpp`, using a code editor. The left file is titled `MainDefaultComponent.cpp [Beyond Compare]` and shows code with QtApplication integration. The right file is a standard default main class. A blue starburst graphic with the text "With the Qt Profile" is overlaid on the left file, and another similar graphic with "Without the Qt Profile" is overlaid on the right file. The status bar at the bottom indicates "3 Section(s) Different".

```
#include <QApplication>
///## auto_generated
#include "MainDefaultComponent.h"
///## auto_generated
#include "Hello.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    int status = 0;
    QApplication app(argc, argv);
    if(OXF::initialize())
    {
        Hello * p_Hello;
        p_Hello = new Hello;
        ///[ configuration DefaultComponent::DefaultConfig
        ///]
        app.exec();

        delete p_Hello;
        status = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        status = 1;
    }
    return status;
}

/*****
File Path : DefaultComponent\DefaultConfig\MainDefaultCompor
1 Exact
*****/
```

```
///## auto_generated
#include "MainDefaultComponent.h"
///## auto_generated
#include "Hello.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    int status = 0;
    if(OXF::initialize())
    {
        Hello * p_Hello;
        p_Hello = new Hello;
        ///[ configuration DefaultComponent::DefaultConfig
        ///]
        OXF::start();

        delete p_Hello;
        status = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        status = 1;
    }
    return status;
}

/*****
File Path : DefaultComponent\DefaultConfig\MainDefaultCompor
1
*****/
```

3 Section(s) Different Load time: 0.00 sec



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## Summary

- IBM Rational Rhapsody is a great tool for **Model-Drive Development** of C, C++, C#, Java and Ada applications.
- Nokia Qt is a well known and adopted C++ Framework to build **cross-platform** GUI applications.
- Thanks to **Rhapsody flexibility**, it has been possible to develop a custom Rhapsody profile to benefit of both Rhapsody and Qt and leverage Model-Driven Development for GUI Applications development.



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