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Week 07

Conversational Uls: Strategies

HCI 이론 및 실습 2019 Spring

Human-Computer Interaction+Design Lab _ Joonhwan Lee

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- + Big-Five Factors (Costa & McCrae, 1992)
 - openness to experience
 - conscientiousness
 - extraversion
 - + agreeableness
 - neuroticism

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- Openness to experience
 - very creative
 - open to trying new things
 - focused on tackling new challenges
 - happy to think about abstract concepts

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- Conscientiousness
 - spend time preparing
 - finish important tasks right away
 - pay attention to details
 - enjoy having a set schedule

- Extraversion
 - enjoy being the center of attention
 - like to start conversations
 - enjoy meeting new people
 - have a wide social circle of friends and acquaintances
 - find it easy to make new friends
 - feel energized when they are around other people
 - say things before they think about them

- Agreeableness
 - have a great deal of interest in other people
 - care about others
 - feel empathy and concern for other people
 - enjoy helping and contributing to the happiness of other people

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- Neuroticism
 - experience a lot of stress
 - worry about many different things
 - get upset easily
 - experience dramatic shifts in mood
 - feel anxious

Consistency-attraction

- Consistency-attraction (Nass & Lee, 2001)
 - When voice personality and text personality matched, participants very clearly preferred the voice compared to voicetext mismatch participant
 - People prefer when the tendency of computer voice and that of computer-generated text are consistent

Similarity-attraction

- Similarity-attraction (Nass & Lee, 2000, 2001)
 - People prefer a system when the tendency of computer voice match to that of user's
 - attractiveness
 - trust / credibility
 - liking
 - quality

Complementary-attraction

- Complementary-attraction (Isbister & Nass, 2000; Lee, Peng, Jin, & Yan, 2006)
 - In fact, when interacting with an embodied computer agent, user prefer when the computer voice tendency opposite to (complementary to) his/her.
 - It might be the effect of character of an agent



Different Task Needs Different Personality

- * Extraversion showed the most significant differences depending on the task type.
 - Most preferred for social task
 - Least preferred for office/ physical task
- Conscientiousness
 - Most preferred for Service task
 - Least preferred for Social task
- Neuroticism least preferred for all tasks
- + Openness
 - Most preferred for Social task
 - Least preferred for Physical task

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Emotion

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Emotion

- Six basic emotions
 - anger, disgust, fear, happiness, sadness, surprise (Ekman, 1972)
- Mood (valence) x Energy (arousal) (Watson & Tellegen, 1985)
 - Mood (positive-negative)
 - + e.g., sad <-> happy
 - Energy (arousal-sleepiness)
 - + e.g., sad < angry

Beyond Cognitive Intelligence

- Robot companion in the home (Dautenhahn, 2007)
 - humans, in particular, are the most expressive,
 emotionally complex, and socially sophisticated of all intelligent creatures (Darwin, 1892)
 - emotion-based mechanisms allow systems/robots to interact more "appropriately" with others
 - → remember the CASA framework!
 - perspective-taking → empathy, building trust

Beyond Cognitive Intelligence

- * Appropriateness (Krauss, Apple, Morency, Wenzel, & Winton, 1981)
 - understand the context first
 - while some people communicate emotions more effectively through nonverbal cues (e.g. facial expressions), others may prefer paraverbal expressions
 - emotions may be expressed in different ways
 - happiness & anger: more accurately communicated via nonverbal cues (e.g. facial expressions)
 - fear: more accurately communicated via paraverbal cues

Beyond Cognitive Intelligence

- Importance of small talk & casual conversation
 (Bickmore & Cassell, 2001)
 - small talk is often used to establish trusting relationships
 - allows them to establish common ground and increase their familiarity
 - iteratively "test the water" to determine if they want to continue deepening the relationship

- Verbal cues Vocatives (Eggins & Slade, 1997)
 - + Using naming (呼稱), slang, or taboo words might increase intimacy and affiliation
 - Redundant vocative: even though it will be helpful in
 1:1 situation
 - to indicate an attempt by the addresser to establish a closer relationship with the addressee

- Verbal cues Linguistic Markers (Torrey, Fussell, Kiesler, 2013)
 - hedging: based on politeness to protect the other side
 - + e.g., "I guess," "maybe," "probably," "I think," and "sort of," "kind of" etc.
 - backchannel:
 - e.g., "Mmm," Uh-huh" etc.
 - discourse markers: derived not exclusively from their literal definition but from their use in context
 - + e.g., "like you know," "I mean," "well," "just," "like," "yeah" etc.

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TABLE I. Examples of help messages communicated in each communication condition, using the step "Cream Butter and Sugar."

	No Discourse	Discourse
	Markers	Markers
	"The mixture should	"Basically just keep
	be smooth and fluffy.	going until it's <u>like</u> a
No hedge	The color will get	smooth mixture.
	lighter too."	Lighter color and
		fluffier."
	"Until the batter	"And kind of mix it,
	looks smooth. It'll	until it's <u>just like</u>
Hedge	get kind of fluffier	fluffy. Basically, a
	and the color will	nice smooth
	lighten up."	consistency, a little bit
		lighter color."

- Nonverbal cues (Walther, Loh, Granka, 2006)
 - Related to affinity/immediacy
 - direct body
 - orientation
 - + facial orientation, pleasantness, animation, concern
 - + gaze
 - + smiling
 - nodding
 - + laughing
 - postural openness

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Workshop: Scenario

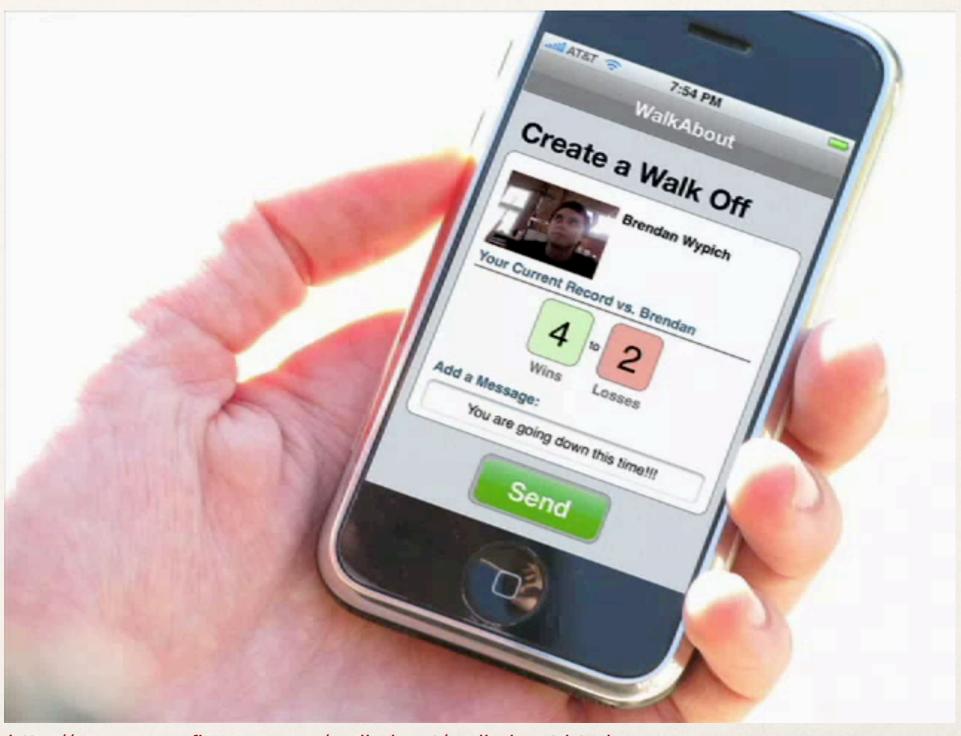
Workshop Process

- Step1: By applying the strategies introduced in this slide, finalize the dialogs we have developed.
 - Consider how to apply personality and emotion.
 - Discuss which emotional cue will be suitable for your service.
- Step 2: Using the personas we made in the first workshop, create a service scenario.
 - Your service agent's character might be different based on the attributes of persona.
- Step 3: We will make a video prototype. Refer to example slide from appendix.

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Video Prototyping

Walkabout



http://www.snowflyzone.com/walkabout/walkabout.html

My Derma

My Derma

Prototype

Questions...?