## 1 Grammar

```
types
                                                             exprs.
e ::=
                                                                                                                                 type variable
                                                            variable
                                                                                        \{ar{r}\}
                                                                                                                                     effect set
                                                               value
       v
                                                                                                                                           arrow
                                                   operation\ call
                                                                                                                               universal type
                                                       application
                                                type application
                                                                                  \hat{	au} ::=
                                                                                                                          annotated types
                                                                                      \mid X
                                                                                                                                type variable
v ::=
                                                             values
                                                                                                                                  resource set
                                                                                         \hat{\tau} \rightarrow_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}
                                                 resource literal
       r
                                                                                                                           annotated arrow
       \lambda x : \tau . e
                                                       abstraction
                                                                                                                              universal type
       \lambda X <: \tau.e
                                           type\ polymorphism
                                                                                           \forall \phi \subseteq \varepsilon. \hat{\tau} \text{ caps } \varepsilon \quad universal \ effect \ set
\hat{e} ::=
                                            annotated exprs.
                                                                                                                                          effects
                                                                                   \varepsilon ::=
                                                           variable
       x
                                                                                                                              effect variable
       \hat{v}
                                                               value
                                                                                                                                     effect set
       \hat{e}.\pi
                                                   operation call
                                                       application
                                                                                                                                       contexts
                                                type application
                                                                                     Ø
                                                                                                                                     empty ctx.
                                             effect application
                                                                                      \Gamma, x : \tau
                                                                                                                                  var. binding
       import(\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x=\hat{e}} \ in \ e
                                                                                         \Gamma, X <: \tau
                                                                                                                           type var. binding
\hat{v} ::=
                                            annotated values
                                                                                                                     annotated contexts
                                                resource\ literal
                                                                                    \begin{array}{c|c} \ddots & \\ & \emptyset \\ & \hat{\Gamma}, x : \hat{\tau} \\ & \hat{\Gamma}, X <: \hat{\tau} \\ & \hat{\Gamma}, \phi \subseteq \varepsilon \end{array} 
     r
                                                                                                                                     empty ctx.
       \lambda x : \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}
                                                       abstraction
                                                                                                                                  var. binding
       \lambda X <: \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}
                                           type polymorphism
                                                                                                                      type var. binding
                                       effect polymorphism
                                                                                                                       effect var. binding
```

#### 2 Functions

1.  $annot(x, \_) = e$ 

```
Definition (annot :: \tau \times \varepsilon \rightarrow \hat{\tau})
```

```
 \begin{split} &1. \ \operatorname{annot}(X, \square) = X \\ &2. \ \operatorname{annot}(\{\bar{r}\}, \square) = \{\bar{r}\} \\ &3. \ \operatorname{annot}(\tau_1 \to \tau_2, \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(\tau_1, \varepsilon) \to_{\varepsilon} \operatorname{annot}(\tau_2, \varepsilon) \\ &4. \ \operatorname{annot}(\forall X <: \tau_1.\tau_2, \varepsilon) = \forall X <: \operatorname{annot}(\tau_1, \varepsilon). \operatorname{annot}(\tau_2, \varepsilon) \text{ caps } \varepsilon \end{split}
```

#### Definition (annot :: $e \times \varepsilon \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

```
 \begin{array}{l} 2. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(r, \square) = r \\ 3. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(\lambda x : \tau.e, \varepsilon) = \lambda x : \operatorname{annot}(\tau, \varepsilon).\operatorname{annot}(e, \varepsilon) \\ 4. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(e_1 \ e_2, \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(e_1) \ \operatorname{annot}(e_2) \\ 5. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(e.\pi, \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(e, \varepsilon).\pi \\ 6. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(\lambda X <: \tau_1.e, \varepsilon) = \lambda X <: \operatorname{annot}(\tau_1, \varepsilon).\operatorname{annot}(e, \varepsilon) \\ 7. \  \, \operatorname{annot}(e \ \tau, \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(e, \varepsilon) \ \operatorname{annot}(\tau, \varepsilon) \\ \end{array}
```

## Definition (annot :: $\Gamma \times \varepsilon \to \hat{\Gamma}$ )

```
1. \operatorname{annot}(\varnothing, \square) = \varnothing
2. \operatorname{annot}((\Gamma, x : \tau), \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(\Gamma, \varepsilon), x : \operatorname{annot}(\tau, \varepsilon)
3. \operatorname{annot}((\Gamma, X <: \tau), \varepsilon) = \operatorname{annot}(\Gamma, \varepsilon), X <: \operatorname{annot}(\tau, \varepsilon)
```

# Definition (erase :: $\hat{\tau} \rightarrow \tau$ ) 1. erase(X) = X2. $erase(\{\bar{r}\}) = \{\bar{r}\}\$ 3. $\operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}_1 \to_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}_2) = \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}_1) \to \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}_2)$ 4. $\operatorname{erase}(\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2 \operatorname{caps} \varepsilon) = \forall X <: \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}_1).\operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}_2)$ Definition (erase :: $\hat{e} \rightarrow e$ ) 1. erase(x) = x2. erase(r) = r3. $\operatorname{erase}(\lambda x : \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}) = \lambda x : \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}).\operatorname{erase}(\hat{e})$ 4. $\operatorname{erase}(\hat{e}_1 \ \hat{e}_2) = \operatorname{erase}(\hat{e}_1)\operatorname{erase}(\hat{e}_2)$ 5. $\operatorname{erase}(\hat{e}.\pi) = \operatorname{erase}(\hat{e}).\pi$ 6. $\operatorname{erase}(\lambda X <: \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}) = \lambda X <: \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau}).\operatorname{erase}(\hat{e})$ Definition (erase :: $\hat{\Gamma} \rightarrow \Gamma$ ) 1. $erase(\emptyset) = \emptyset$ 2. $\operatorname{erase}(\hat{\Gamma}, x : \hat{\tau}) = \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\Gamma}), x : \operatorname{erase}(\hat{\tau})$ 3. $erase(\hat{\Gamma}, X <: \hat{\tau}) = erase(\hat{\Gamma}), X <: erase(\hat{\tau})$ Definition (effects :: $\hat{\tau} \to \varepsilon$ ) 1. $effects(X) = \emptyset$ 2. effects( $\{\bar{r}\}$ ) = $\{r.\pi \mid r \in \bar{r}, \pi \in \Pi\}$ 3. $\operatorname{effects}(\hat{\tau}_1 \to_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}_2) = \operatorname{ho-effects}(\hat{\tau}_1) \cup \varepsilon \cup \operatorname{effects}(\hat{\tau}_2)$ 4. $\operatorname{effects}(\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1) = \operatorname{ho-effects}(\hat{\tau}_1) \cup \operatorname{effects}([\hat{\tau}_1/X]\hat{\tau}_2) \cup \varepsilon_1$ 5. effects( $\forall \phi \subseteq \varepsilon.\hat{\tau} \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1$ ) = effects( $[\varepsilon/\phi]\hat{\tau}$ ) $\cup \varepsilon_1$ Defintion (effects :: $\hat{\tau} \times \overline{\hat{\tau}} \to \varepsilon$ )

Note: the definitions given for non-polymorphic types could also be refined to give a more precise upper-bound on the effects they capture. This definition is also probably deficient when there is another polymorphic function in scope.

```
Definition (ho-effects :: \hat{\tau} \to \varepsilon)

1. ho-effects(X) = \varnothing
2. ho-effects(\{\bar{r}\}\) = \varnothing
3. ho-effects(\hat{\tau}_1 \to \varepsilon \hat{\tau}_2) = effects(\hat{\tau}_1) \cup ho-effects(\hat{\tau}_2)
4. ho-effects(\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2 caps \varepsilon) = effects(\hat{\tau}_1) \cup ho-effects([\hat{\tau}_1/X]\hat{\tau}_2)
5. ho-effects(\forall \varphi \subseteq \varepsilon.\hat{\tau} caps \varepsilon_1) = \varepsilon \cup ho-effects([\varepsilon/\phi]\hat{\tau})

Definition (ho-effects :: \hat{\tau} \times \overline{\hat{\tau}} \to \varepsilon)
1. ho-effects(\hat{\tau}, \overline{\hat{\tau}}) = ho-effects(\hat{\tau}) \cap \bigcup_i ho-effects(\hat{\tau}_i), if \hat{\tau} is polymorphic.
```

1.  $\operatorname{effects}(\hat{\tau}, \overline{\hat{\tau}}) = \operatorname{effects}(\hat{\tau}) \cap \bigcup_{i} \operatorname{effects}(\hat{\tau}_{i})$ , if  $\hat{\tau}$  is polymorphic.

2. effects( $\hat{\tau}$ , ) = effects( $\hat{\tau}$ ), otherwise.

2. ho-effects( $\hat{\tau}$ , \_) = ho-effects( $\hat{\tau}$ ), otherwise.

Note: the definitions given for non-polymorphic types could also be refined to give a more precise upper-bound on the effects they capture. This definition is also probably deficient when there is another polymorphic function in scope.

## 3 Static Rules

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash x : \tau}{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash x : \tau} \text{ (T-VAR)} \quad \frac{\Gamma, r : \{r\} \vdash r : \{r\}}{\Gamma, r : \{r\} \vdash r : \{r\}} \text{ (T-RESOURCE)} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \{\bar{r}\}}{\Gamma \vdash e.\pi : \text{Unit}} \text{ (T-OPERCALL)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1.e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ (T-ABS)} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau_3}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : e_2 : \tau_3} \text{ (T-APP)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, X <: \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda X <: \tau_1.e : \forall X <: \tau_1.\tau_2} \text{ (T-POLYTYPEABS)} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall X <: \tau_1.\tau_2 \quad \tau' <: \tau_1}{\Gamma \vdash e \; \tau' : [\tau'/X]\tau_2} \text{ (T-POLYTYPEAPP)}$$

 $\hat{\varGamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau} \text{ with } \varepsilon$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{\hat{\Gamma}, x : \tau \vdash x : \tau \text{ with } \varnothing}{\hat{\Gamma}, x : \tau \vdash x : \tau \text{ with } \varnothing} & (\varepsilon\text{-VAR}) \quad \overline{\hat{\Gamma}, r : \{r\} \vdash r : \{r\} \text{ with } \varnothing} & (\varepsilon\text{-Resource}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \{\bar{r}\} \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \pi : \text{Unit with } \varepsilon_1 \cup \{r.\pi \mid r \in \bar{r}\}} & (\varepsilon\text{-OperCall}) \quad \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash e : \hat{\tau} \text{ with } \varepsilon}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash e : \hat{\tau} \text{ with } \varepsilon'} & \hat{\Gamma} \vdash \varepsilon \subseteq \varepsilon'}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash e : \hat{\tau} : \text{with } \varepsilon} & (\varepsilon\text{-Subsume}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma}, x : \hat{\tau}_2 \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_3 \text{ with } \varepsilon_3}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \lambda x : \tau_2. \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_2 \to_{\sigma_3} \hat{\tau}_3 \text{ with } \varnothing} & (\varepsilon\text{-Abs}) \quad \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}_1 : \hat{\tau}_2 \to_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}_3 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e}_1 : \hat{\tau}_2 \to_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}_3 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-App}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma}, X < : \hat{\tau}_1 \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \lambda X < : \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{e} : \forall X < : \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varnothing} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYTypeAbs}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma}, \varphi \subseteq \varepsilon \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau} \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \lambda \varphi \subseteq \varepsilon. \hat{\tau} : \forall \varphi \subseteq \varepsilon. \hat{\tau} \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varnothing} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxAbs}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \forall X < : \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}' \times \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_2} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYTypeApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \forall X < : \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_2}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}' \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYTypeApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \forall X < : \hat{\tau}_1. \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_2}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}' \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYTypeApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \forall X \in \hat{\tau} \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_2}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}' \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \forall X \in \hat{\tau} \text{ caps } \varepsilon_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_2}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}' \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \vdash \hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \vdash \hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_1 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{e} : \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxApp}) \\ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_2 \text{ with } \varepsilon_1}{\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau}_1} & (\varepsilon\text{-POLYFxAp$$

 $\mathtt{safe}( au,arepsilon)$ 

$$\frac{\varepsilon\subseteq\varepsilon'\quad\text{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_1,\varepsilon)\quad\text{safe}(\hat{\tau}_2,\varepsilon)}{\text{safe}(\hat{\tau}_1,\varepsilon)\quad\text{safe}(\hat{\tau}_2,\varepsilon)} \text{ (Safe-Arrow)}$$
 
$$\frac{\varepsilon_1\subseteq\varepsilon\quad\text{safe}([\varepsilon_1/\phi]\hat{\tau},\varepsilon)}{\text{safe}(\forall\phi\subseteq\varepsilon_1.\hat{\tau}\text{ caps }\varepsilon_2,\varepsilon)} \text{ (Safe-PolyFx)} \quad \frac{\text{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_1,\varepsilon)\quad\text{safe}([\hat{\tau}_1/X]\hat{\tau}_2,\varepsilon)\quad\varepsilon\subseteq\varepsilon_1}{\text{safe}(\forall X<:\hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2\text{ caps }\varepsilon_2,\varepsilon)} \text{ (Safe-PolyType)}$$

 $ho\text{-safe}(\hat{\tau}, \varepsilon)$ 

$$\frac{\operatorname{safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1},\varepsilon) \ \operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{2},\varepsilon)}{\operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1},\varepsilon) \ \operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1},\varepsilon)} \ \operatorname{(HOSAFE-RESOURCE)}$$
 
$$\frac{\operatorname{safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1},\varepsilon) \ \operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1}\to_{\varepsilon'}\hat{\tau}_{2},\varepsilon)}{\operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1}\to_{\varepsilon'}\hat{\tau}_{2},\varepsilon)} \ (\operatorname{HOSAFE-POLYFX})$$
 
$$\frac{\operatorname{safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1},\varepsilon) \ \operatorname{ho-safe}(\hat{\tau}_{1}/X)\hat{\tau}_{2},\varepsilon)}{\operatorname{ho-safe}(\forall A \leq \varepsilon_{1}.\hat{\tau} \ \operatorname{caps} \varepsilon_{2},\varepsilon)} \ (\operatorname{HOSAFE-POLYFYPE})$$
 
$$\frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau} <: \hat{\tau}}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau} <: \hat{\tau}}$$
 
$$\frac{(\operatorname{S-REFLEXIVE}) \ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_{1} <: \hat{\tau}_{2} \ \hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_{2} <: \hat{\tau}_{3}}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_{1} <: \hat{\tau}_{3}} \ (\operatorname{S-TRANSITIVE})$$
 
$$\frac{r \in \overline{\tau}_{1} \implies r \in \overline{\tau}_{2}}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \{\overline{\tau}_{1}\} <: \{\overline{\tau}_{2}\}} \ (\operatorname{S-RESOURCESET}) \ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_{1}' <: \hat{\tau}_{1} \ \hat{\Gamma} \vdash \hat{\tau}_{2} <: \hat{\tau}_{2}' \ \varepsilon \subseteq \varepsilon'}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash (\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_{1}.\hat{\tau}_{2}) <: (\forall Y <: \hat{\tau}_{1}' \vdash \hat{\tau}_{2} <: \hat{\tau}_{2}')} \ (\operatorname{S-TypePoly}) \ \frac{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash \mathcal{F}_{2} <: \hat{\tau}_{1}' \to \varepsilon' \hat{\tau}_{2}'}{\hat{\Gamma} \vdash (\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_{1}.\hat{\tau}_{2}) <: (\forall Y <: \hat{\tau}_{1}'.\hat{\tau}_{2}')} \ (\operatorname{S-FXSET}) \ \frac{\hat{\Gamma}, \phi \subset \varepsilon \vdash \phi \subset \varepsilon}{\hat{\Gamma}, \phi \subset \varepsilon \vdash \phi \subset \varepsilon} \ (\operatorname{S-FXVAR})$$

# 4 Dynamic Rules

$$\hat{e} \longrightarrow \hat{e} \mid \varepsilon$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\hat{e}_1 \longrightarrow \hat{e}_1' \mid \varepsilon}{\hat{e}_1 \hat{e}_2 \longrightarrow \hat{e}_1' \hat{e}_2 \mid \varepsilon} & \text{(E-APP1)} \qquad \frac{\hat{e}_2 \longrightarrow \hat{e}_2' \mid \varepsilon}{\hat{v}_1 \hat{e}_2 \longrightarrow \hat{v}_1 \hat{e}_2' \mid \varepsilon} & \text{(E-APP2)} \qquad \frac{(\lambda x : \hat{\tau}. \hat{e}) \hat{v}_2 \longrightarrow [\hat{v}_2/x] \hat{e} \mid \varnothing} \\ \frac{\hat{e} \to \hat{e}' \mid \varepsilon}{\hat{e}.\pi \longrightarrow \hat{e}'.\pi \mid \varepsilon} & \text{(E-OPERCALL1)} \qquad \frac{r \in R \quad \pi \in \Pi}{r.\pi \longrightarrow \text{unit} \mid \{r.\pi\}} & \text{(E-OPERCALL2)} \\ \frac{\hat{e} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \mid \varepsilon}{\hat{e} \hat{\tau} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \hat{\tau} \mid \varepsilon} & \text{(E-POLYTYPEAPP1)} \qquad \frac{(\lambda X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{e}) \hat{\tau} \longrightarrow [\hat{\tau}/X] \hat{e} \mid \varnothing} \\ \frac{\hat{e} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \mid \varepsilon}{\hat{e} \hat{\tau} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \hat{\tau} \mid \varepsilon} & \text{(E-POLYFXAPP1)} \qquad \frac{(\lambda \phi \subseteq \varepsilon_1.\hat{e}) \varepsilon \longrightarrow [\varepsilon/\phi] \hat{e} \mid \varnothing} & \text{(E-POLYFXAPP2)} \\ \frac{\hat{e} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \mid \varepsilon}{\text{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ x = \hat{e} \text{ in } e \longrightarrow \text{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ x = \hat{e}' \text{ in } e \mid \varepsilon'} & \text{(E-IMPORT1)} \\ \hline \frac{\hat{e} \longrightarrow \hat{e}' \mid \varepsilon'}{\text{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ x = \hat{e} \text{ in } e \longrightarrow [\hat{v}/x] \text{annot}(e, \varepsilon_s) \mid \varnothing} & \text{(E-IMPORT2)} \end{split}$$

## 5 Substitution Functions

Definition (sub ::  $\hat{v} \times \hat{v} \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\hat{v}/y]x = x$ , if  $x \neq y$
- $2. \ [\hat{v}/y]y = \hat{v}$
- $3. \ [\hat{v}/y]r = r$
- 4.  $[\hat{v}/y](\lambda x : \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}) = \lambda x : \hat{\tau}.[\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}$ , if  $y \neq x$  and y does not occur free in  $\hat{e}$

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5. [\hat{v}/y](\lambda X <: \hat{\tau}.\hat{e}) = \lambda X <: \hat{\tau}.[\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}
```

6. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\lambda \phi \subseteq \varepsilon.\hat{e}) = \lambda \phi \subseteq \varepsilon.[\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}$$

7. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\hat{e}.\pi) = ([\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}_1).\pi$$

8. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\hat{e}_1 \ \hat{e}_2) = ([\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}_1) \ ([\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}_2)$$

9. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\hat{e} \ \hat{\tau}) = [\hat{v}/y]\hat{e} \ \hat{\tau}$$

10. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\hat{e}\ \varepsilon) = [\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}\ \hat{\varepsilon}$$

11. 
$$[\hat{v}/y](\mathtt{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x=\hat{e}} \ \mathtt{in} \ e) = \mathtt{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x=[\hat{v}/y]\hat{e}} \ \mathtt{in} \ e$$

## Definition (sub :: $\hat{\tau} \times \hat{v} \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y]x = x$
- $2. \ [\hat{\tau}/Y]r = r$
- 3.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\lambda x : \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{e}) = \lambda x : [\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_1.[\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}$
- 4.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\lambda X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{e}) = \lambda X <: [\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_1.[\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}$ , if  $X \neq Y$  and Y does not occur free in  $\hat{e}$
- 5.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\lambda \phi \subseteq \varepsilon.\hat{e}) = \lambda \phi \subseteq \varepsilon.[\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}$
- 6.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\hat{e}.\pi) = ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}_1).\pi$
- 7.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\hat{e}_1 \ \hat{e}_2) = ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}_1) \ ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}_2)$
- 8.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\hat{e} \ \hat{\tau}_1) = ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}) \ ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_1)$
- 9.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\hat{e}\ \varepsilon) = [\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}\ \hat{\varepsilon}$
- 10.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\mathtt{import}(\varepsilon_s)) = \underline{x} = \hat{e} \ \mathtt{in} \ e) = \mathtt{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x} = [\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e} \ \mathtt{in} \ e$

#### Definition (sub :: $\hat{\tau} \times \hat{\tau} \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y]Y = \hat{\tau}$
- 2.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y]X = X$ , if  $X \neq Y$
- 3.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y]\{\bar{r}\} = \{\bar{r}\}$
- 4.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\hat{\tau}_1 \to_{\varepsilon} \hat{\tau}_2) = ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_1) \to_{\varepsilon} ([\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_2)$
- 5.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2) = \forall X <: [\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_1.[\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{\tau}_2$ , if  $X \neq Y$  and Y does not occur free in  $\hat{\tau}_2$
- 6.  $[\hat{\tau}/Y](\forall \phi \subseteq \varepsilon_1.\hat{e}) = \forall \phi \subseteq \varepsilon_1.[\hat{\tau}/Y]\hat{e}$

#### Definition (sub :: $\varepsilon \times \hat{v} \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\psi = \varepsilon$
- 2.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\phi = \phi$ , if  $\psi \neq \phi$
- 3.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\lambda x : \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{e}) = \lambda x : [\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_1.[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}$
- 4.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\lambda X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{e}) = \lambda X <: [\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_1.[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}$
- 5.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\lambda\phi\subseteq\varepsilon_1.\hat{e})=\lambda\phi\subseteq[\varepsilon/\psi]\varepsilon_1.[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}$
- 6.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\hat{e}.\pi) = ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}_1).\pi$
- 7.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\hat{e}_1 \ \hat{e}_2) = ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}_1) \ ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}_2)$
- 8.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\hat{e} \ \hat{\tau}) = ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}) \ ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau})$
- 9.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\hat{e}\ \varepsilon_1) = ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e})\ ([\varepsilon/\psi]\varepsilon_1)$
- 10.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\mathtt{import}(\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x=\hat{e}} \ \mathtt{in} \ e) = \mathtt{import}([\varepsilon/\psi]\varepsilon_s) \ \overline{x=[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}} \ \mathtt{in} \ e$

## Definition (sub :: $\hat{\varepsilon} \times \hat{\tau} \rightarrow \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]X = X$
- 2.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\{\bar{r}\}=\{\bar{r}\}$
- 3.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\hat{\tau}_1 \to_{\varepsilon_1} \hat{\tau}_2) = ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_1) \to_{[\varepsilon/\psi]\varepsilon_1} ([\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_2)$
- 4.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\forall X <: \hat{\tau}_1.\hat{\tau}_2) = \forall X <: [\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_1.[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{\tau}_2$
- 5.  $[\varepsilon/\psi](\forall \phi \subseteq \varepsilon_1.\hat{e}) = \forall \phi \subseteq [\varepsilon/\psi]\varepsilon_1.[\varepsilon/\psi]\hat{e}$ , if  $\psi \neq \phi$  and  $\psi$  does not occur free in  $\hat{e}$

## Definition (sub :: $\varepsilon \times \varepsilon \to \hat{e}$ )

- 1.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\psi = \varepsilon$
- 2.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\phi = \phi$ , if  $\phi \neq \psi$
- 3.  $[\varepsilon/\psi]\{\overline{r.\pi}\}=\{\overline{r.\pi}\}$