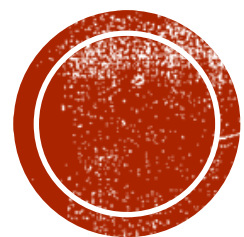




DISCRETE MATHEMATICS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

**HSIEN-CHIH CHANG
FEBRUARY 4, 2022**



TREE INDUCTIONS





LEAF LEMMA

Every tree with at least an edge has at least two leaves.





ELIMINATION ORDER

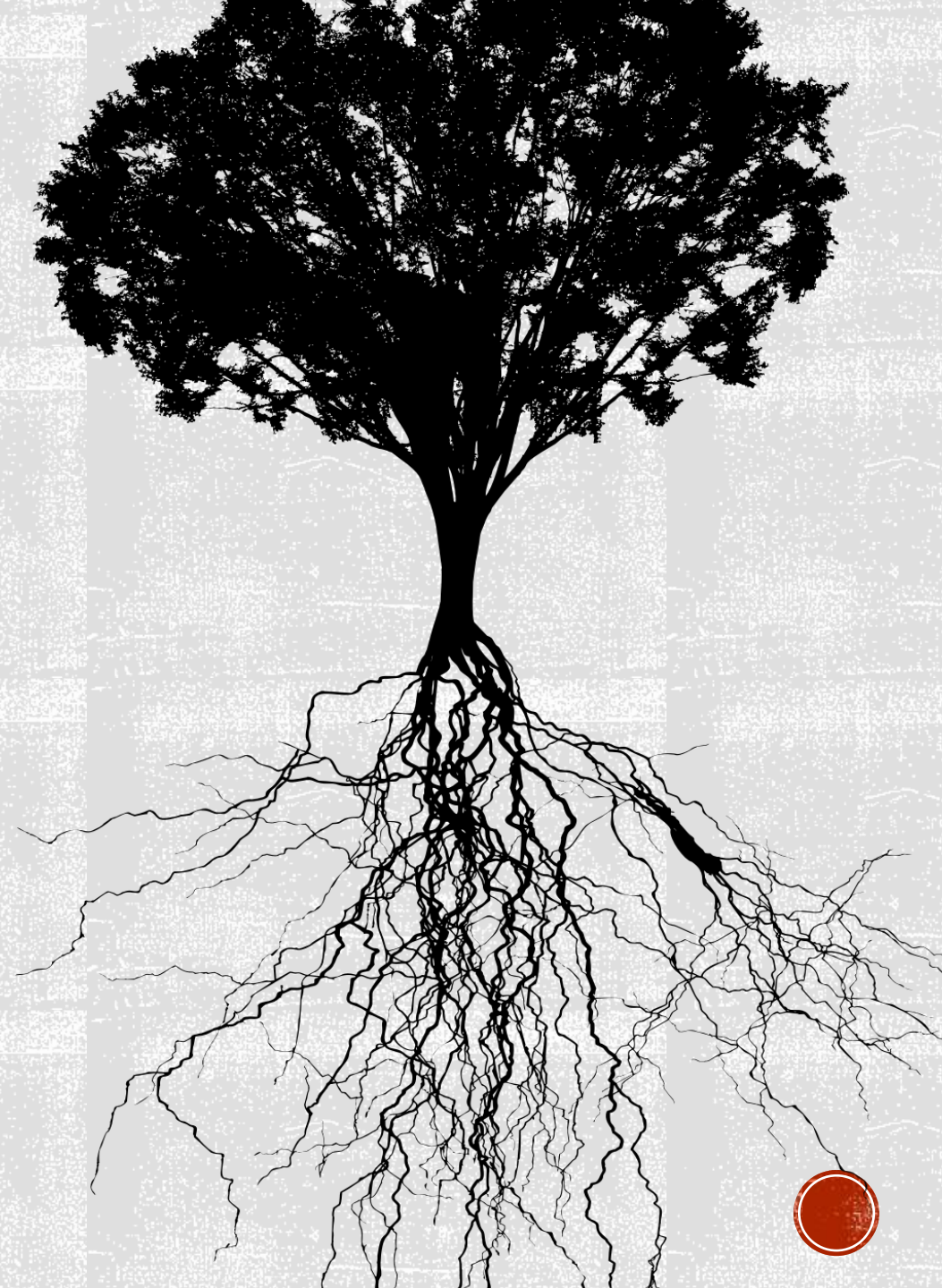
For any tree T , there is a vertex-ordering of T , such that

- vertex v_k has degree 1 in $T[v_1, \dots, v_k]$



ALTERNATIVE VIEW

- There is a way to **direct** the edges of T so that every vertex has **out-degree** 1.
- Every tree can be **rooted**.

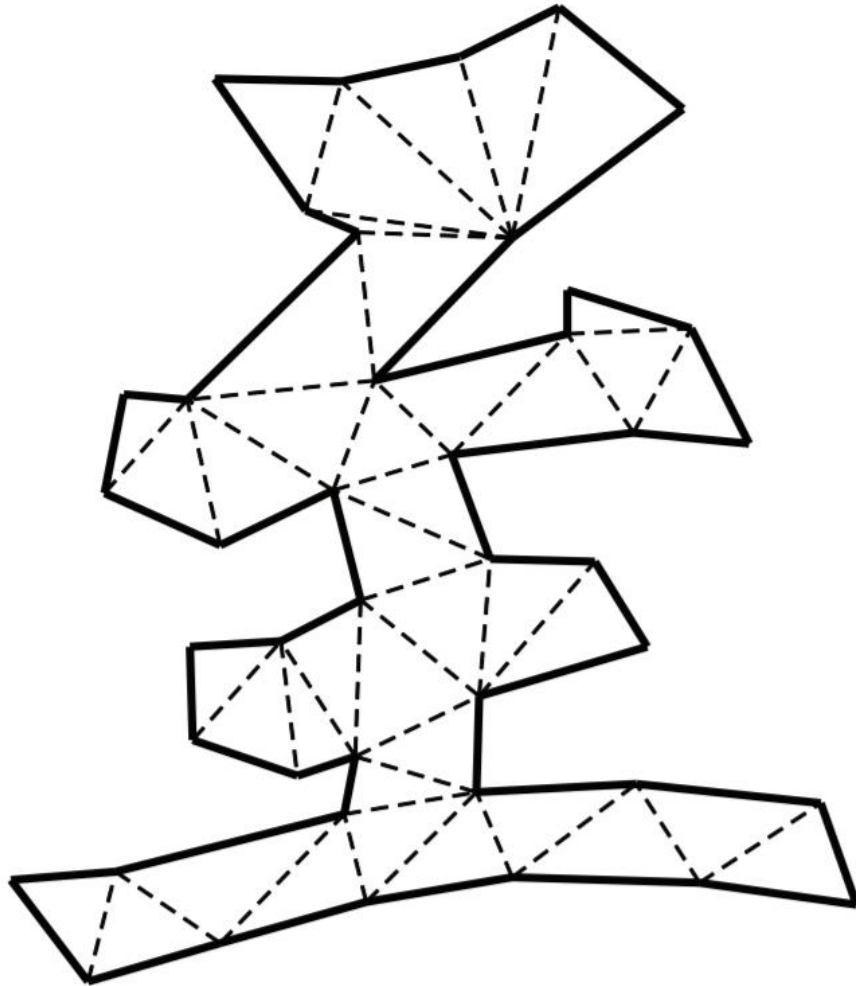


**ANY TREE CAN BE PROPERLY COLORED USING AT
MOST TWO COLORS.**

COROLLARY



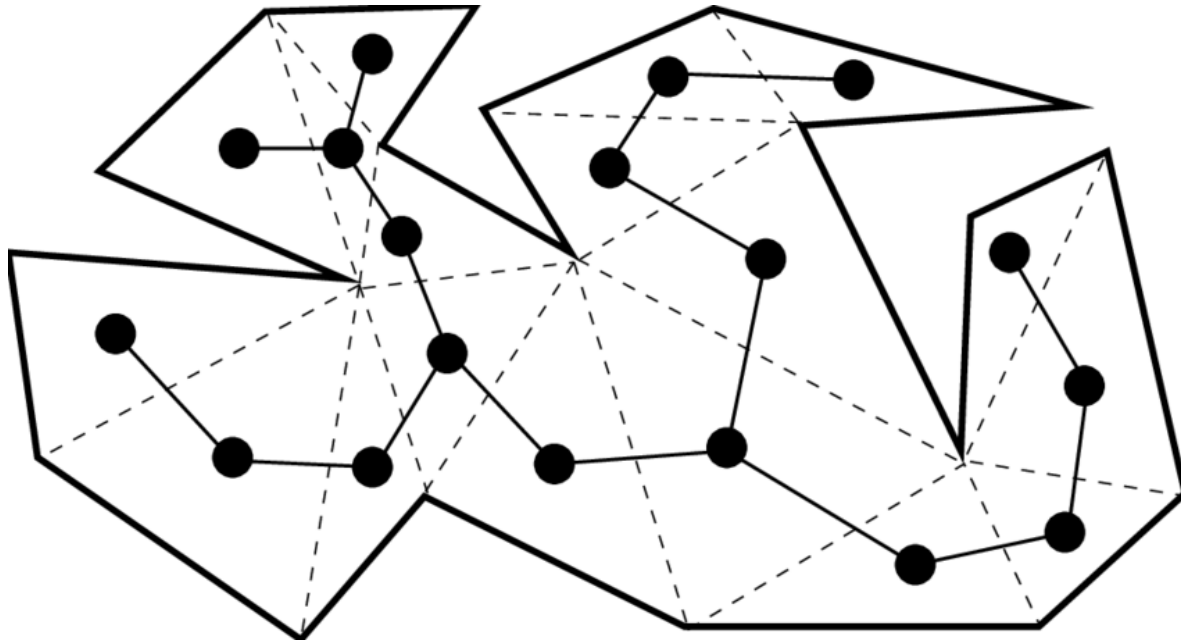
**ANY TRIANGULATION OF ANY POLYGON CAN BE
PROPERLY COLORED USING AT MOST 3 COLORS.**



COROLLARY



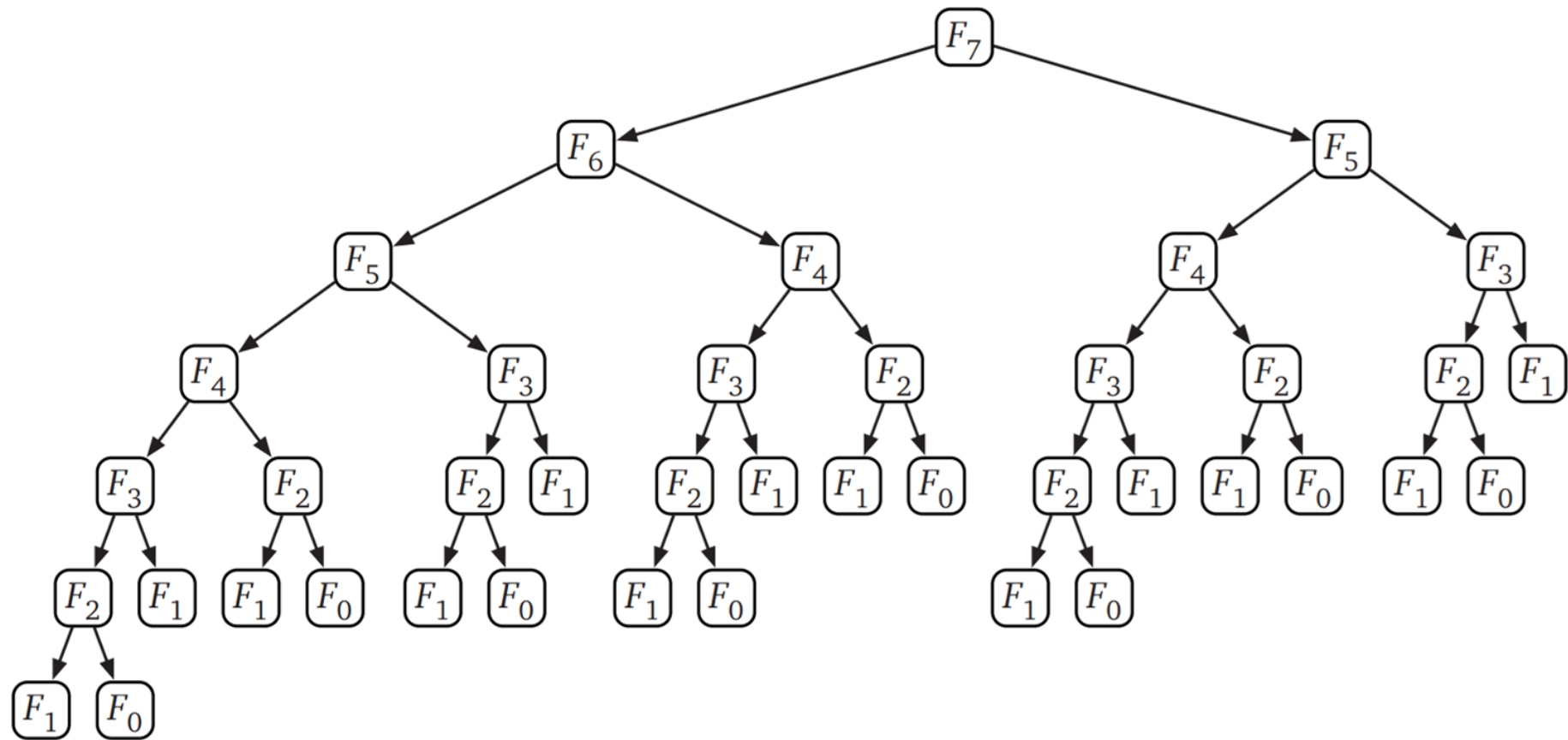
**ANY TRIANGULATION OF ANY POLYGON CAN BE
PROPERLY COLORED USING AT MOST 3 COLORS.**



COROLLARY

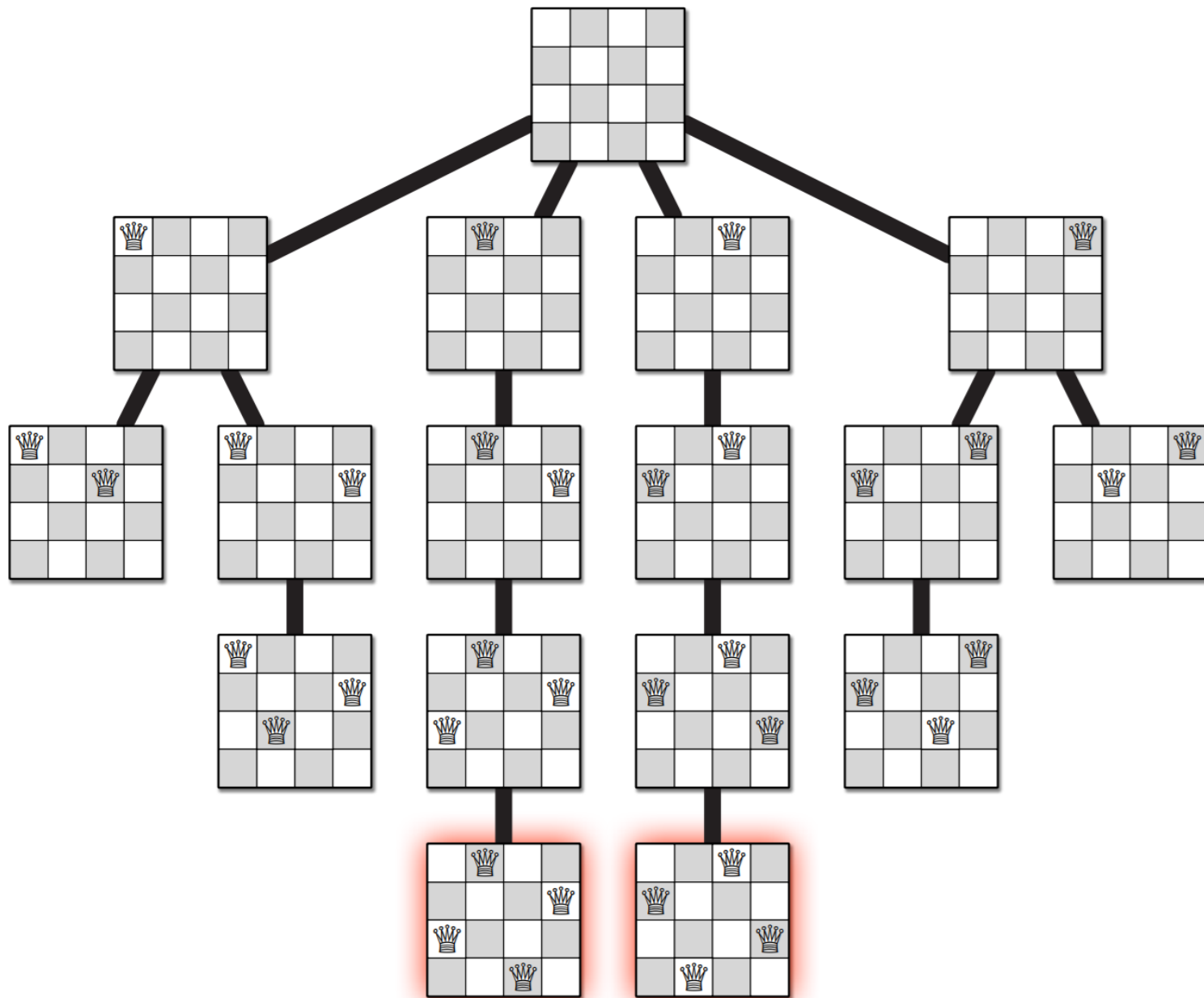
Tree-width: How much a
graph looks like a tree.





RECURSION TREE





8-QUEEN PROBLEM



GIVEN A STRING OF 0s AND 1s, HOW MANY CUTS SO
THAT EACH SEGMENT HAS THE FORM 0^k1^j ?

000101110100011101

SPLITTING INTO
0s AND 1s



GIVEN A STRING OF 0S AND 1S, FIND THE LONGEST
SUBSTRING OF THE FORM 0^k1^k .

000101110100011101

SPLITTING INTO
0S AND 1S



GIVEN A STRING OF 0S AND 1S, FIND THE LONGEST
SUBSEQUENCE OF THE FORM 0^k1^k .

000101110100011101

SPLITTING INTO
0S AND 1S



GRAPH MINOR THEOREM: DEEPEST RESULT IN GRAPH THEORY

NEXT TIME.
ELIMINATION ORDER IN DEPENDENCY GRAPH: DAG.

