## **Exercise sheet 1**

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## 1 Numerical Integration

The integral

$$y_n = y_n(a) = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^n}{x+a}\right) dx = \frac{1}{n} - ay_{n-1}$$

is evaluated. First the integrand is plotted for a=5 and  $n\in\{1,5,10,20,30,50\}$ .

```
reset
set size 1,.75
set xrange [0:1]
f(x, n) = x**n / (x + 5)
set key left
f(x, n) = f(x, n) = f(x, n) = f(x, n) = f(x, n)
set it lines tit lines lines tit lines lines tit lines lines
```

Listing 1: gnuplot code for plotting the integrand

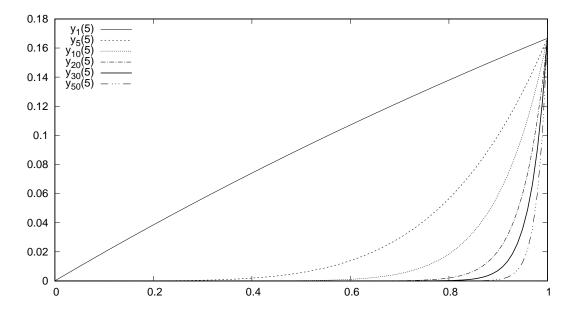


Figure 1: plot of integrand for different values of  $\boldsymbol{n}$ 

The forward iteration is given by

$$y_n = \frac{1}{n} - ay_{n-1}$$

solving for  $y_{n-1}$  gives a backward iteration

$$y_{n-1} = \frac{1/n - y_n}{a}$$

The source code for implementation in *rust* is shown at listing 2.

```
fn y(n0: u64, n1: u64, a: f64, yn0: f64) -> f64 {
       if n0 < n1 {</pre>
       let mut yn = yn0;
           for i in (n0 + 1)..(n1 + 1) {
                yn = 1.0 / (i as f64) - a * yn;
           }
           yn
       } else if n0 > n1 {
          let mut yn = yn0;
12
               for i in ((n1 + 1)..(n0 + 1)).rev() {
              yn = (-yn + 1.0 / (i as f64)) / a;
               }
15
16
               yn
       } else {
          yn0
19
       }
20
   }
21
22
   fn main() {
23
       let a: f64 = 5.0;
24
25
       println!("| n | $y_n$");
26
       println!("|--");
27
       for n in 0..31 {
           println!("| {} | {} | {} | {} |, n, y(0, n, 5.0, ((1.0 + a) / a).ln()));
31
32
       33
                    | ");
       println!("|
       for n in (30..50).rev() {
36
           println!("| {} | {}", n, y(50, n, 5.0, 42.0));
37
       }
38
   }
```

Listing 2: source code of iteration of  $y_n$ 

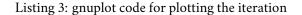
Table 1: output data produced by forward iteration from zero to 30 and backward iteration from 50 to 30

n	$y_n$
0	0.1823215567939546
1	0.08839221603022707
2	0.05803891984886467
3	0.04313873408900998
4	0.03430632955495011
5	0.02846835222524946
6	0.024324905540419356
7	0.02123261515504607
8	0.018836924224769652
9	0.016926489987262844
10	0.015367550063685786
11	0.01407134059066198
12	0.012976630380023432
13	0.012039925022959766
14	0.011228946313772595
15	0.010521935097803692
16	0.00989032451098154
17	0.00939032431098134
18	0.008696021271270546
19	0.009151472591015689
20	0.00424263704492156
21	0.026405862394439816
22	-0.08657476651765363
23	0.47635209345783336
24	-2.3400938006225003
25	11.740469003112501
26	-58.66388347710097
27	293.35645442254184
28	-1466.746557826995
29	7333.7672718935955
30	-36668.80302613464
49	-8.39599999999999
48	1.683281632653061
47	-0.3324896598639456
46	0.07075325112172529
45	-0.009802824137388536
	0.006405009271922152
44	0.006405009271922152
43	0,000201.020710701100
42	0.003998272252483651
41	0.003962250311408032
40	0.004085598718206199
39	0.0041828802563587605
38	0.004291629076933376
37	0.004404832079350167
36	0.0045244389895353725
35	0.004650667757648481
34	0.004784152162756019
33	0.004925522508625267
32	0.005075501558881007
31	0.005234899688223799
30	0.005404632965581047

2 Additional notes 4

- reset
- set yrange [-.5:.5]
- plot data index 0 using 1:2 with linespoints title "y\_n forward iteration", data

  → index 1 using 1:2 with linespoints title "y\_n backward iteration"



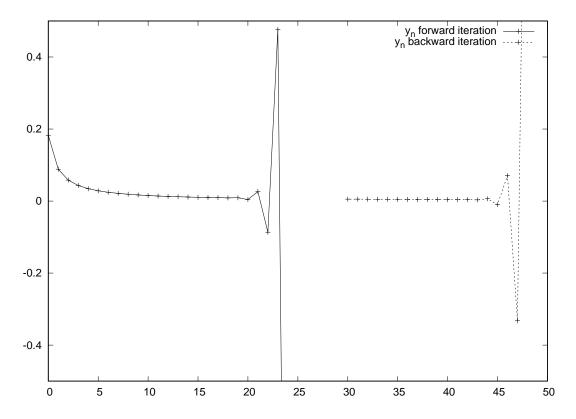


Figure 2: plot of  $y_n$  for forward and backward integration, some values are intentionally left of to show more details at the small values

For small n the forward iteration works fine, but at some point due to roundoff errors it starts to give wrong, such as negative and very big values. However using the backward iteration works good, and the error in an unknown (random) initial condition vanishes after some steps.

## 2 Additional notes

All programs written are written in *rust*. If there are any extra dependencies required, they get listed in a comment in the first line. Incase there is any problem getting the programs running just unzip this *pdf* file. You will find ready made directories for every program in this file. To execute a program just enter it's directory and execute cargo run. All plots are made with *gnuplot*. This document was written in *org-mode* and converted to *pdf*. The corresponding *org-mode* source can also be found by unzipping this *pdf* file.