Universidade de Trás-os-Montes e Alto Douro

Escola de Ciências e Tecnologia. Departamento de Engenharias

Lic. Engenharia Informática

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CÓDIGO BASE DE GRAFOS

CÓDIGO BASE DE GRAFO - NÃO-GENÉRICO (DE INTEIROS NESTE CASO)

```
// Header file for GRAPH
#ifndef _GRAPH_DEFINITIONS
#define _GRAPH_DEFINITIONS
//-----
\verb|#ifndef_LOGICAL| \\
#define _LOGICAL
typedef enum { ERROR = 0, OK = 1 } STATUS;
typedef enum { FALSE = 0, TRUE = 1 } BOOLEAN;
#endif // !_LOGICAL
//-----
// graph edge definition
typedef struct _EDGE {
  int v, w;
  float weight;
}EDGE;
// graph definitions
typedef struct _GRAPH_M {
  int nVertices;
  int nEdges;
  int* pD;
  float** adjMatrix;
}GRAPH M;
typedef struct _GRAPH_L {
  int nVertices;
  int nEdges;
  int* pD;
  LINKED_LIST** adjList;
}GRAPH L;
//-----
#ifndef _VERTICE_DATA_MACRO
#define _VERTICE_DATA_MACRO
// macro definition for easy access to a vertice data field
#define DATA_V(X) ((X)->pD)
#endif // !_DATA_MACRO
// Functions Declarations ------
// (only for adjacency matrix representation) ------
// Constructors and Destructors -----
STATUS initGraph_M(GRAPH_M*, int);
STATUS destroyGraph M(GRAPH M*);
// Input and Output -----
EDGE setEdge(int, int, float);
STATUS addVertexGraph_M(GRAPH_M*, int);
STATUS addEdgeGraph_M(GRAPH_M*, EDGE, BOOLEAN); // the BOOLEAN argunment is to indicate whether
                                         // the graph is directed or not
```

```
int removeVertexGraph_M(GRAPH_M*);
EDGE removeEdgeGraph_M(GRAPH_M*);

// Query

BOOLEAN emptyGraph_M(GRAPH_M G);

STATUS printAdjMatrix(GRAPH_M);
STATUS printVertices(GRAPH_M);

STATUS DFSTraverseGraph_M(GRAPH_M);
STATUS DFSGraph_M(INT_GRAPH_M, EDGE, int*, int*, int*);

#endif // !_GRAPH_DEFINITIONS
```

```
// Source file for GRAPH M
#include "Graph.h"
//----
// Constructor and Destructor Functions -----
STATUS initGraph M(GRAPH M* pG, int size)
   // adjacency matrix allocation
  if ((pG->adjMatrix = (float**)malloc(size * sizeof(float*))) == NULL)
     printf("\nGraph: adjacency matrix memory allocation error.");
     return ERROR;
   }
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
     if ((pG->adjMatrix[i] = (float*)malloc(size * sizeof(float))) == NULL)
        printf("\nGraph: adjacency matrix memory allocation error.");
        for (int j = i; j >= 0; j--)
           free(pG->adjMatrix[j]);
        free(pG->adjMatrix);
        return ERROR;
     }
  }
   // vertices' data array allocation
  if ((pG->pD = (int*)malloc(size * sizeof(int))) == NULL)
     printf("\nGraph: vertices data memory allocation error.");
     return ERROR;
   }
   // adjacency matrix update
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
        pG->adjMatrix[i][j] = 0.0;
  pG \rightarrow nEdges = 0;
  pG->nVertices = 0;
  return OK;
}
STATUS destroyGraph M(GRAPH M* pG)
{
   // underflow
  if (emptyGraph_M(*pG))
     return ERROR;
   // freeing allocated memory
  free(pG->pD);
  for (int i = 0; i < pG \rightarrow nVertices; i++)
     free(pG->adjMatrix[i]);
  free(pG->adjMatrix);
  pG->nEdges = 0;
  pG->nVertices = 0;
  return OK;
}
```

```
// Input Functions -----
EDGE setEdge(int v, int w, float weight)
  e.v = v; e.w = w; e.weight = weight;
  return e;
}
// Query Functions -----
BOOLEAN emptyGraph M(GRAPH M G)
  return ((G.nVertices == 0) ? TRUE : FALSE);
}
// Query Functions - Traversing & Printing ------
// recursive DepthFirstSearch version
STATUS DFSGraph_M(GRAPH_M G, EDGE e, int order[], int from[], int* pCnt)
// non-generic - suitable only for int data
// order[] is to keep the order vertices are visited
// from[] is to keep where from vertices are visited
  // treats starting vertex differently
  if(*pCnt == 0)
     printf("\nvertex %-3d: %d", 0, G.pD[0]);
  order[e.w] = (*pCnt)++;
  from[e.w] = e.v;
   // searches for the next non-empty connection
  for (int j = 0; j < G.nVertices; j++)</pre>
     if (G.adjMatrix[e.w][j] != 0)
        if (order[j] == -1)
        {
           printf("\nvertex %-3d: %d", j, G.pD[j]);
           // searches for the next non-empty connection of the previous destiny vertex
           DFSGraph_M(G, setEdge(e.w, j, 0), order, from, pCnt);
        }
  return OK;
}
// Query Functions - Printing ------
STATUS printAdjMatrix(GRAPH M G)
   // underflow
  if (emptyGraph_M(G))
     return ERROR;
  printf("\n\nAdjacency Matrix:\n\n");
  printf("
             ");
  for (int i = 0; i < G.nVertices; i++)</pre>
     printf("%3d ", i);
  printf("\n\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < G.nVertices; i++)</pre>
     printf("%3d ", i);
     for (int j = 0; j < G.nVertices; j++)</pre>
        printf(" %2.1f ", G.adjMatrix[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  }
  return OK;
}
```

```
STATUS printVertices(GRAPH M G)
// non-generic - suitable only for int data
   // underflow
   if (emptyGraph_M(G))
     return ERROR;
  printf("\nVertices:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < G.nVertices; i++)</pre>
      printf("\nvertex %-3d: %d", i, G.pD[i]);
  return OK;
}
STATUS DFSTraverseGraph M(GRAPH M G)
// non-generic - suitable only for int data
   // underflow
   if (emptyGraph M(G))
     return ERROR;
   // starting vertex
  EDGE e;
   e.v = 0;
  e.w = 0;
  e.weight = 0;
   // order[] is to keep the order vertices are visited
   // from[] is to keep where from vertices are visited
  int order[NMAX_VERTICES];
   int from[NMAX_VERTICES];
   for (int i = 0; i < NMAX_VERTICES; i++)</pre>
   {
      order[i] = -1;
      from[i] = -1;
  int cnt = 0;
   printf("\nvertices");
  DFSGraph_M(G, e, order, from, &cnt); //recursive DFS function - prints each vertex in turn
   // prints order[] and from[]
  printf("\n\nvisiting order");
   for (int i = 0; i < G.nVertices; i++)</pre>
      printf("\nvertex %-3d: #%d", i, order[i]);
   printf("\n\nantecessors");
   for (int i = 0; i < G.nVertices; i++)</pre>
      printf("\nvertex %-3d: from vertex %d ", i, from[i]);
  return OK;
}
```