

MCG Log Law 11/26/2024

Last time:

$\tau_\alpha$  preserves Teich disk  $\Rightarrow \delta_{\langle \tau_\alpha \rangle} = \frac{1}{2}$ , pure exp growth

so  $\pi$  multi-twist  $\Rightarrow \delta_\pi \geq \frac{1}{2}$   $\leftarrow \pi$  pure exp growth

$$\textcircled{?} \quad \boxed{\delta_\pi > \delta_\pi}$$

Torelli map

(?)

$\mathbb{C}^g / \text{lattice}$

multi-twist case

$$\pi = \langle \tau_{\alpha_1}^{n_1}, \dots, \tau_{\alpha_k}^{n_k} \rangle \quad \alpha_i, \alpha_j \text{ disjoint}$$

does not preserve Teichmüller  
preserves a hyperbolic space  
the rank ...

geodesic - if it did,  $\pi$   
anti is abelian. This bounds

① can we get growth from knowing growth of generators

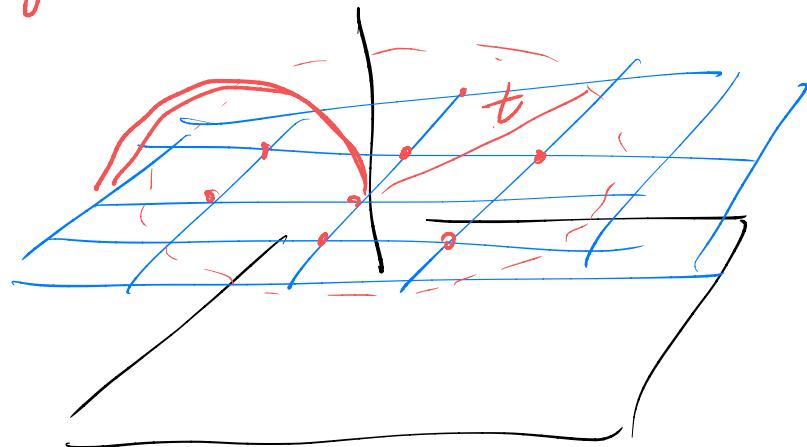
$$\mathbb{Z}^2 \curvearrowright \mathbb{H}^3$$

$$\begin{matrix} & < p_1, p_2 > \\ \frac{1}{2} & \nearrow & \uparrow & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$$

$$\delta_{\mathbb{Z}^2} = 1$$

$$\sum_{y \in \Gamma} e^{-s d(o, y_0)}$$

growth  $\sim e^t$



$$\delta_T = \limsup_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{t} \log \#\{d(o, p) \leq t\}$$

$$d(o, mn) = \sqrt{m^2 + n^2} \quad \text{b/c Eucl.} \\ \sim \max\{|m|, |n|\}$$

$\mathbb{Z}^n$  free abelian  $\curvearrowright X$  isometries,  $d_X$  bounded above by even.

$$\Rightarrow \delta_{\mathbb{Z}^n} \geq \frac{n}{2}$$

$\pi$  $\exists \underline{h}$  hyp

s.t.

$$\langle h \rangle * \pi \subset \Gamma$$

is this  
all we  
need?

 $h_1, h_2, \dots, h_K$  $s > 0$  $\underline{P \in \pi}$ all distinct elts in  $\Gamma$ 

$$-s d(o, h_1, \dots, h_K)$$

$$P_\pi(o, s) \geq \sum_{k \geq 1} \sum_{\substack{P_1, \dots, P_k \\ \in \pi}} e^{-s(d(o, h_1) + \dots + d(o, h_k))}$$

$$\geq \sum_{k \geq 1} \sum_{\substack{P_1, \dots, P_k}} e^{-s(d(o, p_1) + \dots + d(o, p_k))}$$

$$\geq \sum_{k \geq 1} (e^{-s d(o, h_0)} \sum_{P \in \pi} e^{-s d(o, p)})^k$$

 $P \in \pi$ 

$$P_\pi(o, s) \text{ diverges at } s = \delta_\pi$$

if  $s > \delta_\pi$  find  $s_0 > \delta_\pi$  s.t.

$$e^{-s_0 d(o, h_0)}$$

$$P_\pi(o, s_0) \geq 1$$

$$\delta_\pi > s_0$$

$\pi$  multi-twist is elementary

~~calculating  $\delta_\pi$ ?~~ don't need this

- $P_\pi(0, \delta_\pi) = \infty$
- $\delta_p > \delta_\pi$
- examples  $\Gamma$  divergent type
- $\pi$  has mixed exponential growth

~~calculating  $\delta_\pi$  could be helpful~~

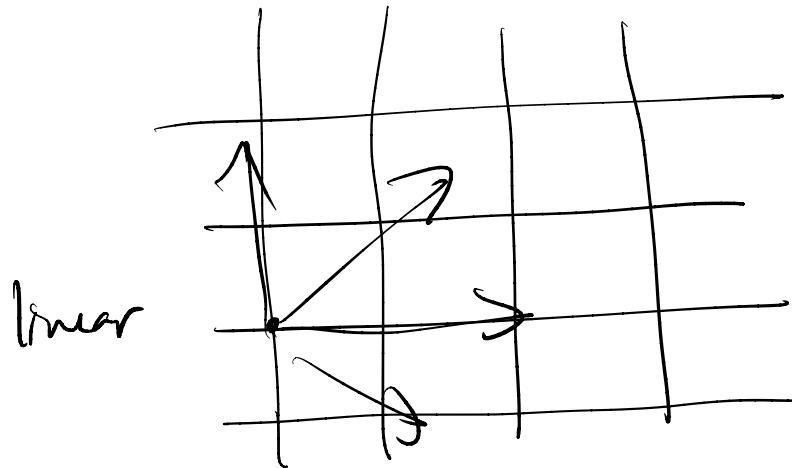
- read Gekhtman-Ma shadow lemma

$$P_T(o, l) = \sum e^{-d(o, x_0)} \\ \geq \sum e^{-d_{\text{hyp}}(o, x_0)} \text{ finite}$$

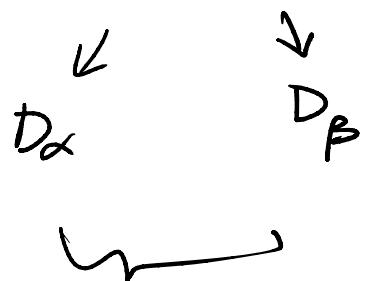
$d_{\text{hyp}} \leq d_{\text{eucl}}$

→

$$\mathbb{Z}^2 \curvearrowright \mathbb{R}^2$$



$T_\alpha, T_\beta$  commute  $\alpha \cap \beta = \emptyset$



the ones coming from previous  
constructor

are disjoint  $\rightarrow$

