## Who Cares About 3D Preservation?

Based on a working paper by Jennifer Moore & Hannah Scates Kettler for IASSIST 2017

#### **Authors**

#### Jennifer Moore

Washington University in St. Louis, presenting today.

#### Hannah Scates Kettler

University of Iowa, with us in spirit.



#### Preservation of 3D data - Why it matters

#### General principles of preservation apply:



reuse



reproduce



protection/

loss & obs

## Preservation of 3D data - Why it matters



Means of production compromise these principles. By it's nature, the raw data is vulnerable.

#### Methods of 3D data creation and use

5 methods of creation

algorithm











measurement

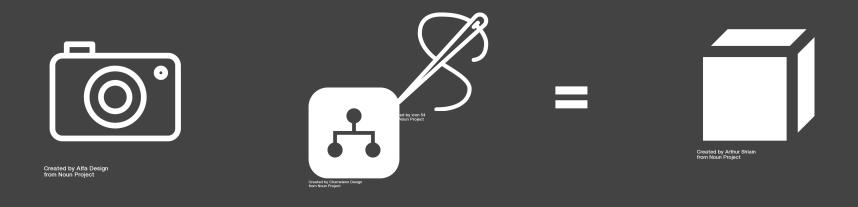




mix

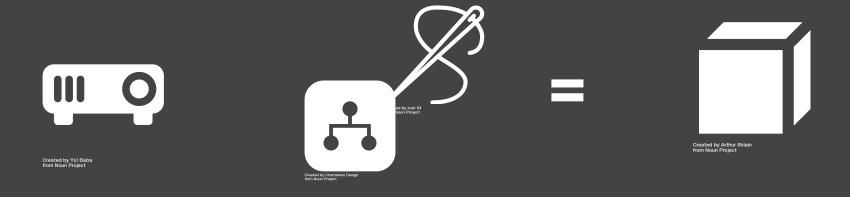
# Further discussion of 3D data capture

Close Range Photogrammetry



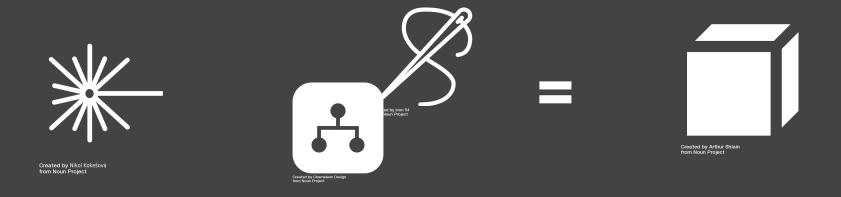
### Further discussion of 3D data capture

#### Structured Light Scanning



## Further discussion of 3D data capture

Triangulated Laser Scanning



# What makes 3D data difficult to preserve?



Means of production compromise the principles. By it's nature, the raw data is vulnerable.





**Product orientated** 





Lack of standards, guidelines or best practices

# What makes 3D data difficult to preserve?

The beginning of guidance...



The Guides to Good Practice, ADS



The London Charter



3D Icons Report

#### **Local Case Study**

Digital Baboon = digital representations of analog data by Jane Phillips-Conroy (WUSTL) & Cliff Jolly (NYU) from the Awash National Park Baboon Research Project (ANPBRP) in Ethiopia.

- Methods
- Local standards
- Preservation Concerns

# Moving Forward



Collaboration between stakeholders to develop standards and best practices.

Created by mikicon from Noun Project