

# **DEVICE DISCOVERY**







#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

- Learn about the SYCL system topology and how to traverse it
- Learn how to query information about a platform or device
- Learn how to select a device; both manually and using device selectors





#### **SYCL SYSTEM TOPOLOGY**

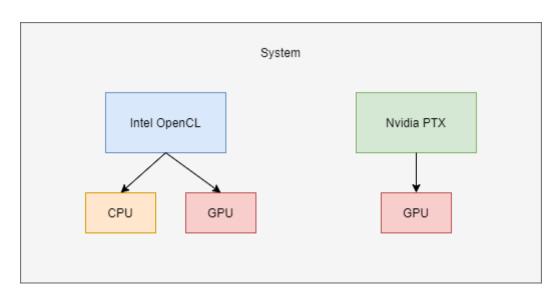
- A SYCL application can execute work across a range of different heterogeneous devices.
- The devices that are available in any given system are determined at runtime through topology discovery.





#### PLATFORMS AND DEVICES

- The SYCL runtime will discover a set of platforms that are available in the system.
  - Each platform represents a backend implementation such as Intel OpenCL or Nvidia PTX.
- The SYCL runtime will also discover all the devices available for each of those platforms.
  - CPU, GPU, FPGA, and other kinds of accelerators.

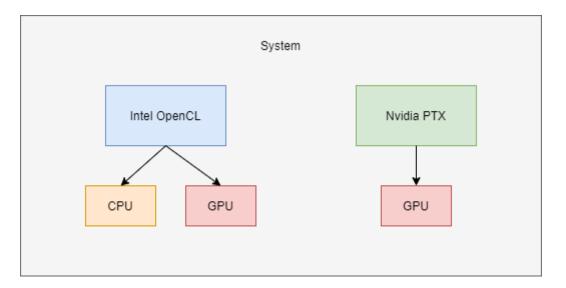






#### **PLATFORM AND DEVICE CLASSES**

• Platforms and devices are represented by the platform and device classes respectively.







# **QUERYING THE TOPOLOGY**

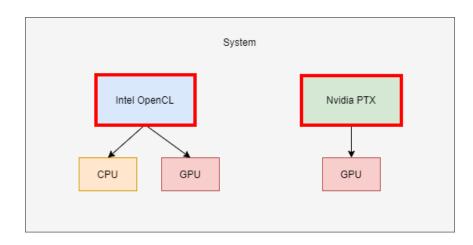
- In SYCL there are two ways to query a system's topology.
  - The topology can be manually queried and iterated over via APIs of the platform and device classes .
  - The topology can be automatically queried and iterated over using a use specified heuristic by a device selector object.







```
auto platforms = platform::get_platforms();
```



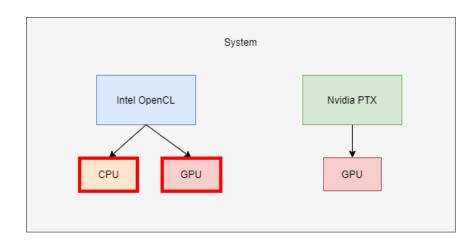
- The platform class provides the static function get platforms.
  - It retrieves a vector of all available platforms in the system.





# **QUERYING MANUALLY**

```
auto intelDevices = intelPlatform.get_devices();
```



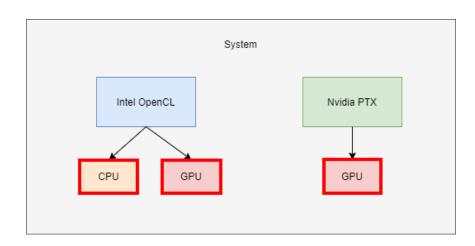
• The platform class provides the member function get\_devices that returns a vector of all devices associated with that platform.





### **QUERYING MANUALLY**

```
auto devices = device::get_devices();
```

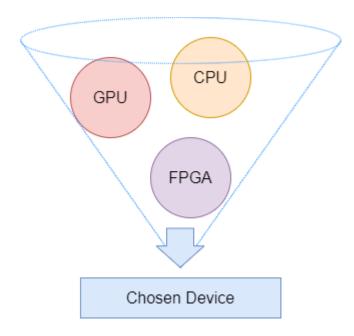


• The device class also provides the static function get\_devices that returns a vector of all available devices in the system.





### **QUERYING WITH A DEVICE SELECTOR**



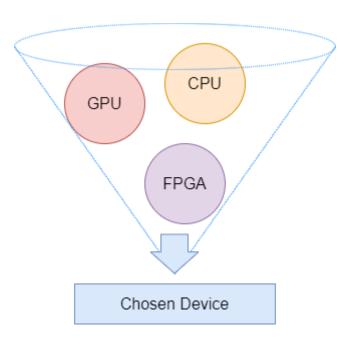
- To simplify the process of traversing the system topology SYCL provides device selectors.
- A device selector is is a callable C++ object which defines a heuristic for scoring devices.
- SYCL provides a number of standard device selectors, e.g. default\_selector\_v, gpu selector v, etc.
- Users can also create their own device selectors.





# **QUERYING WITH A DEVICE SELECTOR**

```
auto gpuDevice = device(gpu_selector_v);
```



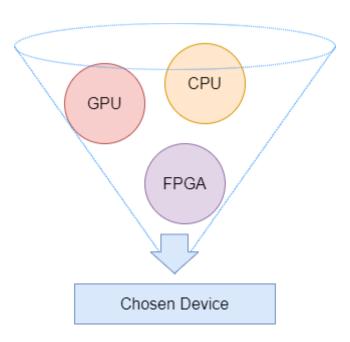
- A device selector takes a parameter of type const device & and gives it a "score".
- Used to query all devices and return the one with the highest "score".
- A device with a negative score will never be chosen.





# QUERYING THE TOPOLOGY USING A DEVICE SELECTOR

```
auto chosenDevice = device();
auto chosenDevice = device(default_selector_v);
```



- The default\_selector\_v is a standard device selector.
- Chooses a device based on an implementation defined heuristic.
- A default constructed device or platform will use this selector.





#### **CREATING A CUSTOM DEVICE SELECTOR**

```
int my_gpu_selector(const device& dev) {
}
```

- A device selectorcan be any callable object.
- A device selector must have a function call operator which takes a reference to a device.





#### CREATING A CUSTOM DEVICE SELECTOR

```
int my_gpu_selector(const device& dev) {
   if (dev.is_gpu()){
      return 1;
   }
   else {
      return -1;
   }
}
```

- The body of the function call operator defines the heuristic for selecting devices
- This is where you write the logic for scoring each device





#### CREATING A CUSTOM DEVICE SELECTOR

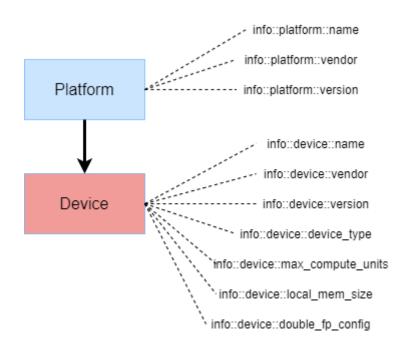
```
int my_gpu_selector(const device& dev) {
   if (dev.is_gpu()){
      return 1;
   }
   else {
      return -1;
   }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
   auto gpuQueue = queue{my_gpu_selector};
}
```

• Now that there is a device selector that chooses a specific device we can use that to construct a queue.





# PLATFORM/DEVICE INFO



- Information about platforms and devices can be queried using the template member function get info.
- The info that you are querying is specified by the template parameter.
- You can also query a device for its associated platform with the get platform member function.



#### **ASPECTS**

SYCL

bool supportsFp16 = dev.has(aspect::fp16);

- Capabilities of a device or platform are represented by aspects.
- These can be queried via the has member function.



# **QUESTIONS**









Code\_Exercises/Exercise\_5\_Device\_Selection/source

Create your own device selector that chooses the device in your system that you would like to target.