Given the hash function **h(k)** = **k mod 12**, answer the following question on hashing (*Note: Read both questions at once before beginning*).

a) Insert the following keys into the hash table below. Use the **linear probing** collision resolution technique when appropriate. *Note: Implementation of this technique includes wrapping around the array when you run out of slots at the end.* 

## Insert keys \*: 18, 41, 22, 44, 58, 32, 34

- 18 hashes to 6, no collision
- 41 hashes to 5, no collision
- 22 hashes to 10 no collision
- 44 hashes to 8 no collision
- 58 hashes to 10 COLLISION, put in 11.
- 32 hashes to 8 COLLISION, put in 9
- 34 hashes to 10 COLLISION, put in 0

34				41	18		44	32	22	58
0	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

## Remove keys \*: 22

Remove 22 - found at hashed location 10.

34					41	18		44	32		58
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

## Insert 73 and 20

73 - hashed to 1 - no collision

20 – hashes to 8 – COLLISION, put in 10

34	73				41	18		44	32	20	58
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

b) <u>How many</u> keys (in total) and <u>which ones</u> caused an initial collision when being inserted (list them with commas)?

**ANSWER**: Four keys caused collisions with insertion: 58, 32, 34, 20.