Task: TWO
Two sawmills

Day 2. Source file `two.*` *July 15, 2004*

Available memory: 32 MB. Maximum running time: ??? s.

There are n old trees planted along a road that goes from the top of a hill to its bottom. Local government decided to cut them down. In order not to waste wood each tree should be brought to a sawmill.

Trees can be transported only in one direction: downwards. There is a sawmill at the lower end of the road. Two additional sawmills can be built along the road. You have to decide where to build them, as to minimize the cost of transportation. The transportation costs one cent per meter, per kilogram of wood.

Task

Write a program, that:

- reads from the standard input the number of trees, their weights and locations,
- calculates the minimal cost of transportation,
- writes the result to the standard output.

Input

The first line of the input contains one integer n — the number of trees ($2 \leq n \leq 20\,000$). The trees are numbered $1, 2, \ldots, n$, starting from the top of the hill and going downwards. Each of the following n lines contains two positive integers separated by single space. Line $i+1$ contains: w_i — weight (in kilograms) of the i-th tree and d_i — distance (in meters) between trees number i and $i+1$, $1 \leq w_i \leq 10\,000$, $0 \leq d_i \leq 10\,000$. The last of these numbers, d_n, is the distance from the tree number n to the lower end of the road. It is guaranteed that the total cost of transporting all trees to the sawmill at the end of the road is less than $2\,000\,000\,000$ cents.

Output

The first and only line of output should contain one integer: the minimal cost of transportation.

Example

For the input data:

```
9
1 2
2 1
3 3
1 1
3 2
1 6
2 1
1 2
1 1
```

the correct result is:

```
26
```

The figure shows the optimal location of sawmills for the example data. Trees are depicted as circles with weights given below. Sawmills are marked black. The result is equal to:

$$1 \cdot (2+1) + 2 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot (1+2) + 3 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot (1+2+1) + 1 \cdot (2+1) + 1 \cdot 1$$