
MosquitoNet Documentation

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INTRODUCTION

MosquitoNet is a C++14 unit testing and model checking framework for Linux, OS X and Windows.

1.1 Features

- Single header version makes it simple to get started.
- Only one macro, which only adds file and line arguments to a simple function call. This means you're always dealing with core C++ code, so you could generate tests programatically.
- Simple tests or BDD style tests.
- Parameterized tests.
- Model checking. Specify a model and the values each argument can have and MosquitoNet will check every combination of arguments against your model.
- Customizable assertions using natural C++ expressions.
- Tests can continue to run after the first failure.
- Nested test contexts.

1.2 Example

```
#include "MosquitoNet.h"

#include <vector>
#include <set>

using namespace Enhedron::Test;
using std::vector;
using std::set;

// We'll use this later in some parameterized tests.
void checkVectorSize(Check& check, size_t size) {
    vector<int> v(size, 0);
    check(length(VAR(v)) == size);
}

static Suite u("Util",
    given("a very simple test", [] (auto& check) {
        int a = 1;
```

```
// VAR is the only macro we need. If the name clashes, undef it
// and use M_ENHEDRON_VAR. Upon failure, this will log "a == 1",
// along with the value of `a`.
check(VAR(a) == 1);
}},

given("an empty set", [] (auto& check) {
    set<int> s;

    // Upon failure, this will log "length(s) == 1", along with
    // the contents of the set.
    check("it is initially empty", length(VAR(s)) == 0u);

    check.when("we add an element", [&] {
        s.insert(1);
        check("the size is 1", length(VAR(s)) == 1u);

        // This test will run twice. The first time, it will run the when
        // block labelled when("we add a different element"), but skip the
        // when block labelled when("we add the same element"). The second
        // time it runs, it will do the inverse. There can be an arbitrary
        // number of when blocks within each block, nested to an arbitrary
        // depth.
        check.when("we add a different element", [&] {
            s.insert(2);
            check("the size is 2", length(VAR(s)) == 2u);
        });

        check.when("we add the same element", [&] {
            s.insert(1);
            check("the size is still 1", length(VAR(s)) == 1u);
        });
    });
}},

// Parameterized tests. There can be any number or type of parameters.
given("a vector of size 0", checkVectorSize, 0),
given("a vector of size 10", checkVectorSize, 10),

// Model checking.
exhaustive(
    choice(0, 10, 20), // These are the 3 values for `initialSize`.
    choice(0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25) // and these are the 6 for `resizeTo`.
    // This will run the test 3 * 6 = 18 times for every
    // combination of arguments.
).
given("a vector with some elements", [] (
    Check& check,
    size_t initialSize,
    size_t resizeTo
)
{
    vector<int> v(initialSize, 0);
    check("the initial size is correct",
        length(VAR(v)) == initialSize);

    check.when("we resize it", [&] {
        v.resize(resizeTo);
    });
});
```

```
        check("the new size is correct",
              length(VAR(v)) == resizeTo);

        check("the size <= the capacity",
              length(VAR(v)) <= v.capacity());
    });
}

),

context("we can also nest contexts",
  context("to an arbitrary depth",
    given("an empty test to illustrate that tests can go here",
      [] (auto& check) {
    })
  )
)

);
```


GETTING STARTED

Download the single header latest release of the single header, *MosquitoNet.h* from [here](#). In the same directory as *MosquitoNet.h*, create a file *TestHarness.cpp* with this code in it:

```
#include "MosquitoNet.h"

int main(int argc, const char* argv[]) {
    return ::Enhedron::Test::run(argc, argv);
}
```

Then compile it with `g++` (version 5 or later, but 4.9 will work with `-std=c++1y`):

```
g++ --std=c++14 -o test-harness TestHarness.cpp
```

Now run `./test-harness` and you should get this output:

```
Totals: 0 tests, 0 checks, 0 fixtures
```

Let's add a simple test. We'll check that the `empty()` method on a default constructed `vector<int>` gives `true`. Edit your *TestHarness.cpp* so it contains:

```
#include "MosquitoNet.h"

#include <vector>

using namespace Enhedron::Test;
using std::vector;

static Suite u("Util",
    given("a very simple test", [] (auto& check) {
        int a = 1;

        check(VAR(a) == 1);
    })
);

int main(int argc, const char* argv[]) {
    return run(argc, argv);
}
```

CHAPTER
THREE

ASSERTIONS

BDD TESTS

PARAMETERIZED TESTS

MODEL CHECKING

SUPPORTED COMPILERS

- g++ version 4.9 or later.
- clang version 3.6 or later.
- Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 or later.