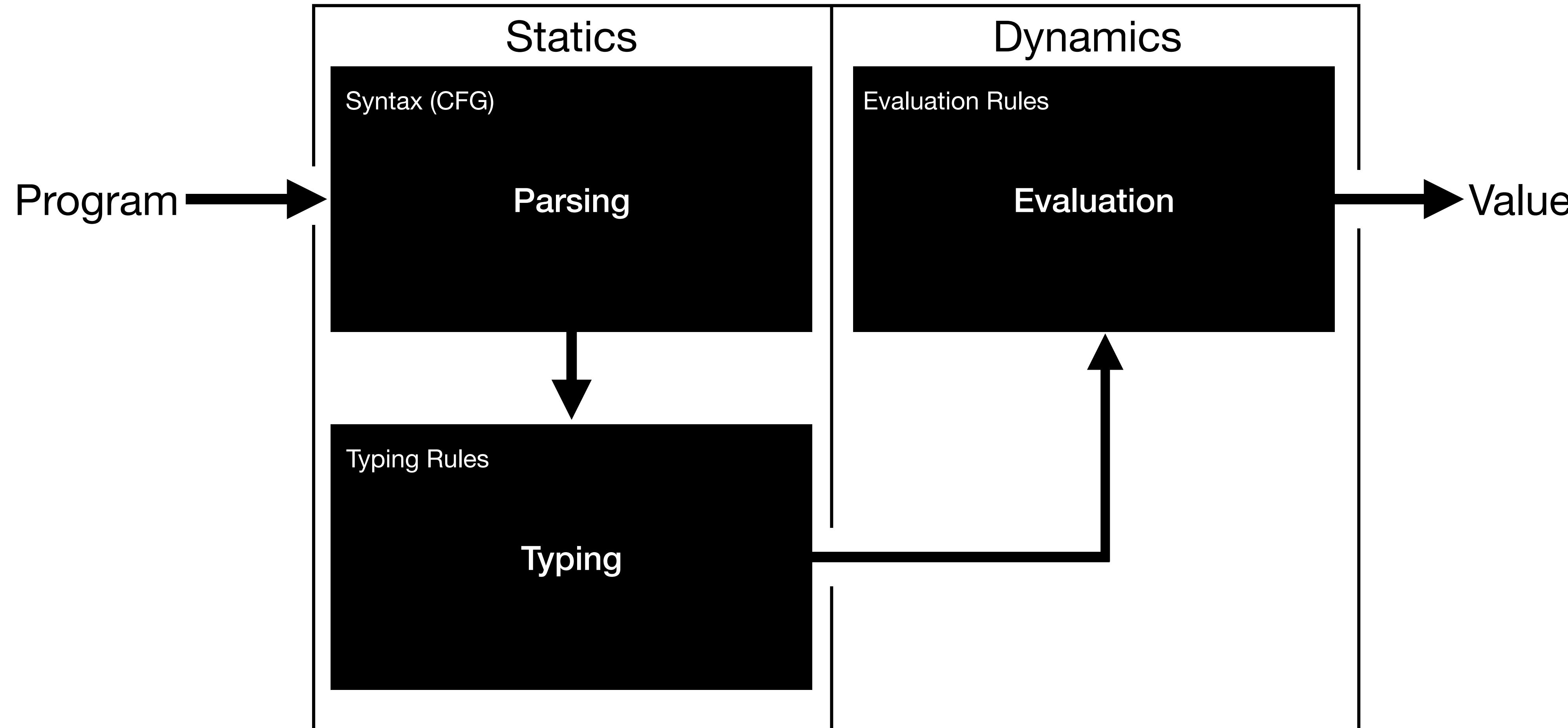


# **Object-Oriented Programming**

**Harley Eades III**

# Programming Language



# **Part 1:Pairs**

# New Syntactic Forms: Adding Pairs

<u>Terms</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Types</u>
$t ::= T$	$v ::= T$	$T ::= \text{Bool}$
F	F	$(T_1, T_2)$
if $t_1$ then $t_2$ else $t_3$	$\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$	$T_1 \rightarrow T_2$
$x$	$(v_1, v_2)$	
$\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$		
$t_1 t_2$		
$(t_1, t_2)$		
$t.1$		
$t.2$		
let $x = t_1$ in $t_2$		

# Example Programs

```
let twist = fun p : (Bool, Bool) → {(p.2,p.1)}  
in twist(T, F)
```

```
let second = fun p : (Bool → Bool, Bool) → {if p.2 then p.1 T else F}  
in second (fun x : Bool → {if x then F else T}, T)
```

# Statics: Booleans

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \text{Bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 : T} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash T : \text{Bool}}^T$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash F : \text{Bool}}^F$$

# Statics: Functions

$$\frac{}{\Gamma_1, x : T, \Gamma_2 \vdash x : T} \text{Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T_1}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 t_2 : T_2} \text{App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } x : T_1 \rightarrow \{t\} : T_1 \rightarrow T_2} \text{Fun}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t_2 : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 : T_2} \text{Let}$$

# Statics: Pairs

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash (t_1, t_2) : (T_1, T_2)} \text{ Pair}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : (T_1, T_2)}{\Gamma \vdash t.1 : T_1} \text{ First}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : (T_1, T_2)}{\Gamma \vdash t.2 : T_2} \text{ Second}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Bools

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow \text{if } t'_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\text{if T then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_2}^{\text{IfT}}}{\text{if F then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_3} \text{ IfF}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Functions

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{t_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_1 t_2} \text{App}^1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{v_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow v_1 t'_2} \text{App}^2$$

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{let } x = t'_1 \text{ in } t_2} \text{Let}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{let } x = v \text{ in } t \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \text{Let}^\beta$$

$$\frac{}{(\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}) v \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \beta$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Pairs

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{(t_1, t_2) \rightsquigarrow (t'_1, t_2)} \text{Pair1}$$

$$\frac{t \rightsquigarrow t'}{t.1 \rightsquigarrow t'.1} \text{Proj1}$$

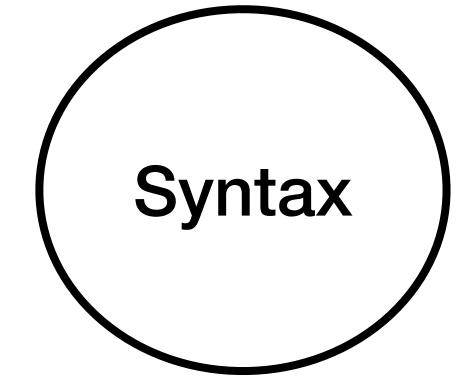
$$\frac{}{(v_1, v_2).1 \rightsquigarrow v_1} \text{Pair}\beta_1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{(v_1, t_2) \rightsquigarrow (v_1, t'_2)} \text{Pair2}$$

$$\frac{t \rightsquigarrow t'}{t.2 \rightsquigarrow t'.2} \text{Proj2}$$

$$\frac{}{(v_1, v_2).2 \rightsquigarrow v_2} \text{Pair}\beta_2$$

**Core Design Concepts:**



## **Part 2:Unit**

# New Syntactic Forms: Adding Unit

<u>Terms</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Types</u>
$t ::= \text{T}$   F   if $t_1$ then $t_2$ else $t_3$   $x$   fun $x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$   $t_1 t_2$   ()   match $t_1$ {() $\rightarrow t_2$ }   $(t_1, t_2)$   $t.1$   $t.2$   let $x = t_1$ in $t_2$	$v ::= \text{T}$   F   fun $x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$   $(v_1, v_2)$   ()	$T ::= \text{Bool}$   ()   $(T_1, T_2)$   $T_1 \rightarrow T_2$

# Example: Sequence

$t_1; t_2 = (\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2)$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : ()}{\Gamma \vdash t_1; t_2 : ()} \text{ Seq}$$

$\text{let } x = t_1; t_2 = (\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2)$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t_2 : ()}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t_1; t_2 : ()} \text{ Define}$$

# Example: Sequencing Programs

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \text{String}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{print } t : ()} \text{ Print}$$

```
let twist = fun p : (Bool, Bool) → {(p.2,p.1)};  
let second = fun p : (Bool → Bool, Bool) → {if p.2 then p.1 T else F};  
if (second (fun x : Bool → {x}, T)) then print "True" else print "False"
```

# Statics: Booleans

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \text{Bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 : T} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash T : \text{Bool}}^T$$
$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash F : \text{Bool}}^F$$

# Statics: Functions

$$\frac{}{\Gamma_1, x : T, \Gamma_2 \vdash x : T} \text{Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 t_2 : T_2} \text{App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } x : T_1 \rightarrow \{t\} : T_1 \rightarrow T_2} \text{Fun}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 : T} \text{Let}$$

# Statics: Pairs

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash (t_1, t_2) : (T_1, T_2)} \text{ Pair}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : (T_1, T_2)}{\Gamma \vdash t.1 : T_1} \text{ First}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : (T_1, T_2)}{\Gamma \vdash t.2 : T_2} \text{ Second}$$

# Statics: Unit

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash () : ()} \text{Unit}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : () \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{match } t_1\{() \rightarrow t_2\} : T} \text{Match}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Bools

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow \text{if } t'_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\text{if T then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_2}^{\text{IfT}}}{\text{if F then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_3} \text{ IfF}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Functions

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{t_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_1 t_2} \text{App}^1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{v_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow v_1 t'_2} \text{App}^2$$

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{let } x = t'_1 \text{ in } t_2} \text{Let}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{let } x = v \text{ in } t \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \text{Let}^\beta$$

$$\frac{}{(\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}) v \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \beta$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Pairs

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{(t_1, t_2) \rightsquigarrow (t'_1, t_2)} \text{Pair1}$$

$$\frac{t \rightsquigarrow t'}{t.1 \rightsquigarrow t'.1} \text{Proj1}$$

$$\frac{}{(v_1, v_2).1 \rightsquigarrow v_1} \text{Pair}\beta_1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{(v_1, t_2) \rightsquigarrow (v_1, t'_2)} \text{Pair2}$$

$$\frac{t \rightsquigarrow t'}{t.2 \rightsquigarrow t'.2} \text{Proj2}$$

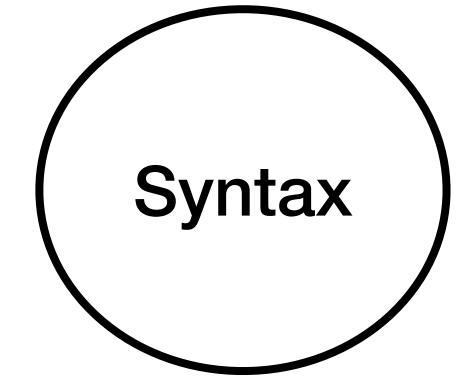
$$\frac{}{(v_1, v_2).2 \rightsquigarrow v_2} \text{Pair}\beta_2$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Unit

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{match } t_1\{() \rightarrow t_2\} \rightsquigarrow \text{match } t'_1\{() \rightarrow t_2\}}^{\text{Match}}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{match } ()\{() \rightarrow t_2\} \rightsquigarrow t_2}^{\text{Unit}\beta}$$

Core Design Concepts:



# Part 3:Tuples

# New Syntactic Forms: Adding Tuples

## Terms

$t ::=$

- |  $T$
- |  $F$
- | if  $t_1$  then  $t_2$  else  $t_3$
- |  $x$
- | fun  $x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$
- |  $t_1 t_2$
- |  $(t_1, \dots, t_i)$
- | match  $t_1\{(x_1, \dots, x_i) \rightarrow t_2\}$
- | let  $x = t_1$  in  $t_2$

## Values

$v ::=$

- |  $T$
- |  $F$
- | fun  $x : T \rightarrow \{t\}$
- |  $(v_1, \dots, v_i)$

## Types

$T ::=$

- | Bool
- |  $(T_1, \dots, T_i)$
- |  $T_1 \rightarrow T_2$

# Example: Tuple

(T, F, T, F, F)

```
fun (p : (Bool, Bool, Bool)) → {  
    match p {  
        (x, y, z) → if x  
                    then if y  
                        then z  
                        else False  
                    else False  
    }  
}
```

# Statics: Booleans

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \text{Bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 : T} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash T : \text{Bool}}^T$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash F : \text{Bool}}^F$$

# Statics: Functions

$$\frac{}{\Gamma_1, x : T, \Gamma_2 \vdash x : T} \text{Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 t_2 : T_2} \text{App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } x : T_1 \rightarrow \{t\} : T_1 \rightarrow T_2} \text{Fun}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 : T} \text{Let}$$

# Statics: Tuples

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \dots \Gamma \vdash t_i : T_i}{\Gamma \vdash (t_1, \dots, t_i) : (T_1, \dots, T_i)} \text{ Tuple}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : (T_1, \dots, T_i) \quad \Gamma, x_1 : T_1, \dots, x_i : T_i \vdash t_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{match } t_1 \{(x_1, \dots, x_i) \rightarrow t_2\} : T} \text{ Match}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Bools

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow \text{if } t'_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\text{if T then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_2}^{\text{IfT}}}{\text{if F then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_3} \text{ IfF}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Functions

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{t_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_1 t_2} \text{App}^1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{v_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow v_1 t'_2} \text{App}^2$$

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{let } x = t'_1 \text{ in } t_2} \text{Let}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{let } x = v \text{ in } t \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \text{Let}^\beta$$

$$\frac{}{(\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}) v \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \beta$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Tuples

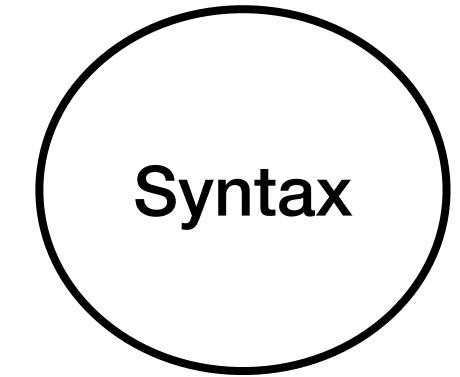
$$\frac{t_{i+1} \rightsquigarrow t'_{i+1}}{(v_1, \dots, v_i, t_{i+1}, \dots, t_j) \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \dots, v_i, t'_{i+1}, \dots, t_j)} \text{ Tuple}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Tuples

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{match } t_1\{(x_1, \dots, x_i) \rightarrow t_2\} \rightsquigarrow \text{match } t'_1\{(x_1, \dots, x_i) \rightarrow t_2\}} \text{ Match}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{match } (v_1, \dots, v_i)\{(x_1, \dots, x_i) \rightarrow t_2\} \rightsquigarrow [v_1/x_1] \cdots [v_i/x_i] t_2} \text{ Tuple}^\beta$$

Core Design Concepts:



# Part 4:Records

# New Syntactic Forms: Adding Records

Suppose we have a set of labels  $\mathcal{L}$

## Terms

$$\begin{aligned} t ::= & \top \\ | & \text{F} \\ | & \text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \\ | & x \\ | & \text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\} \\ | & t_1 t_2 \\ | & (l_1 = t_1, \dots, l_i = t_i) \\ | & t.l \\ | & \text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 \end{aligned}$$

## Values

$$\begin{aligned} v ::= & \top \\ | & \text{F} \\ | & \text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\} \\ | & (l_1 = v_1, \dots, l_i = v_i) \end{aligned}$$

## Types

$$\begin{aligned} T ::= & \text{Bool} \\ | & (l_1 : T_1, \dots, l_i : T_i) \\ | & T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \end{aligned}$$

# Example: Records

$(x = 2, y = 5) : (x : \text{Int}, y : \text{Int})$

$(\text{desc} = \text{"brake rotor"}, \text{partno} = 3947, \text{cost} = 250) : (\text{desc} : \text{String}, \text{partno} : \text{Int}, \text{cost} : \text{Float})$

# Statics: Booleans

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \text{Bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 : T} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash T : \text{Bool}}^T$$
$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash F : \text{Bool}}^F$$

# Statics: Functions

$$\frac{}{\Gamma_1, x : T, \Gamma_2 \vdash x : T} \text{Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \rightarrow T_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 t_2 : T_2} \text{App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } x : T_1 \rightarrow \{t\} : T_1 \rightarrow T_2} \text{Fun}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \quad \Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash t : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 : T} \text{Let}$$

# Statics: Records

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1 \dots \Gamma \vdash t_i : T_i}{\Gamma \vdash (l_1 = t_1, \dots, l_i = t_i) : (l_1 : T_1, \dots, l_i : T_i)} \text{Record}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : (l_1 : T_1, \dots, l_i : T_i)}{\Gamma \vdash t . l_i : T_i} \text{Proj}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Bools

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{if } t_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow \text{if } t'_1 \text{ then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3} \text{ If}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\text{if T then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_2}^{\text{IfT}}}{\text{if F then } t_2 \text{ else } t_3 \rightsquigarrow t_3} \text{ IfF}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Functions

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{t_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_1 t_2} \text{App}^1$$

$$\frac{t_2 \rightsquigarrow t'_2}{v_1 t_2 \rightsquigarrow v_1 t'_2} \text{App}^2$$

$$\frac{t_1 \rightsquigarrow t'_1}{\text{let } x = t_1 \text{ in } t_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{let } x = t'_1 \text{ in } t_2} \text{Let}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{let } x = v \text{ in } t \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \text{Let}^\beta$$

$$\frac{}{(\text{fun } x : T \rightarrow \{t\}) v \rightsquigarrow [v/x]t} \beta$$

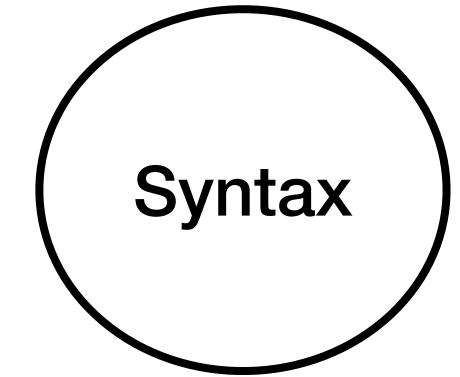
# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Records

$$\frac{t_{i+1} \rightsquigarrow t'_{i+1}}{(l_1 = v_1, \dots, l_i = v_i, l_{i+1} = t_{i+1}, \dots, l_j = t_j) \rightsquigarrow (l_1 = v_1, \dots, l_i = v_i, l_{i+1} = t'_{i+1}, \dots, l_j = t_j)} \text{ Record}$$

# Call-by-Value Dynamics: Records

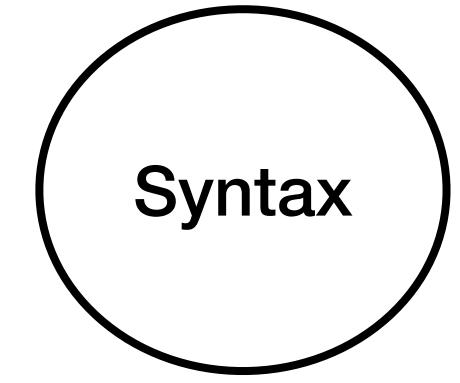
$$\frac{t \rightsquigarrow t'}{t . l_i \rightsquigarrow t' . l_i} \text{ Proj} \quad \frac{}{(l_1 = v_1, \dots, l_i = v_i) . l_j \rightsquigarrow v_j} \text{ Record}\beta$$

Core Design Concepts:



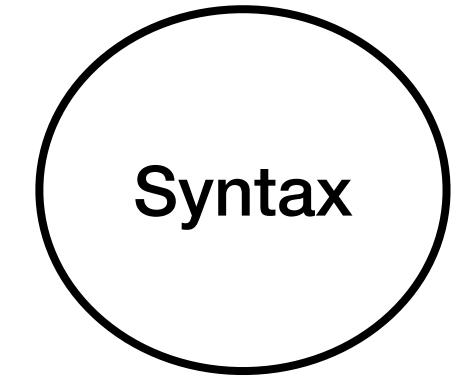
# Part 5: Mutable References

Core Design Concepts:



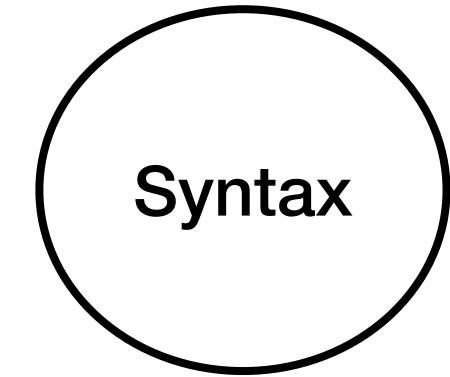
# Part 6: Subtyping

Core Design Concepts:



# Part 7: Imperative Objects

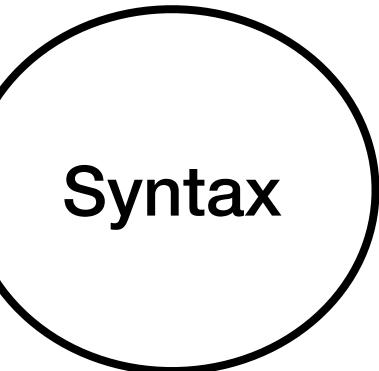
Core Design Concepts:



# Part 8: OOP in OCaml

Core Design Concepts:

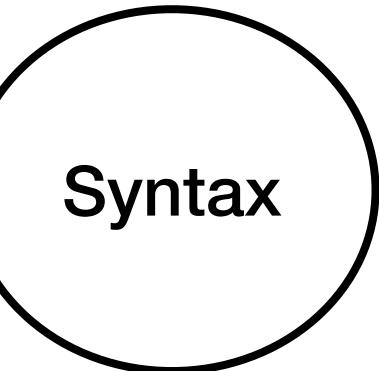
# What is OCaml?



An object oriented, imperative, functional programming language.

Core Design Concepts:

# What is OCaml?

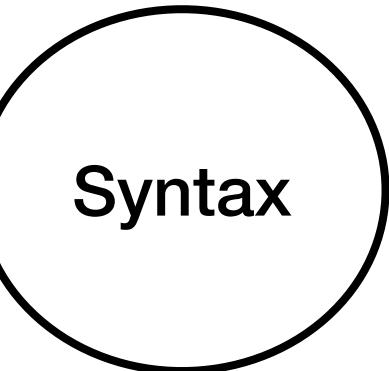


An object oriented, imperative, functional programming language.

OCaml mixes all of these paradigms together.

Core Design Concepts:

# What is OCaml?

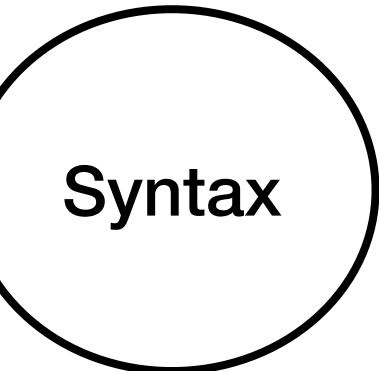


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# What is OCaml?

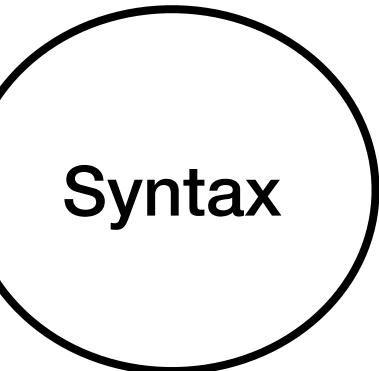


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Core Design Concepts:

# What is OCaml?

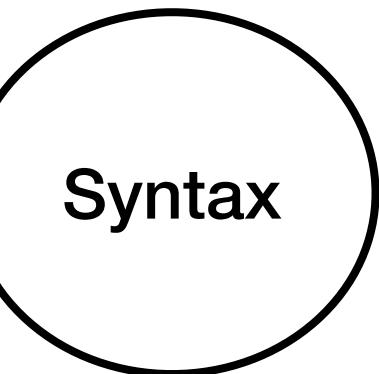


An object oriented, imperative, functional programming language.

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Core Design Concepts:

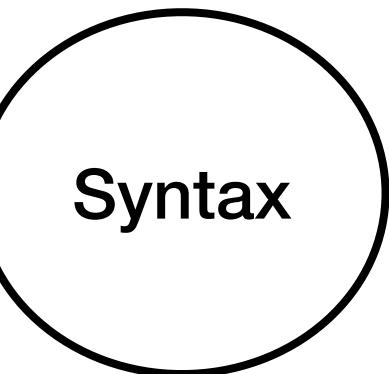
# What is OCaml?



An object oriented, imperative, functional programming language.

OCaml mixes all of these paradigms together.

# Class Definitions



```
class name = object (self) ... end
```

# Class Definitions

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
  
    ...  
  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
    method push x = ...  
    method pop = ...  
    method peek = ...  
    method size = ...  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

## Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
    method push x = the_list <- Cons(x, the_list)  
    method pop = ...  
    method peek = ...  
    method size = ...  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

## Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
    method pop =  
      let result = head the_list in  
      the_list <- tail the_list;  
      result  
    method push x = ...  
    method peek = ...  
    method size = ...  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
    method push x = ...  
    method pop = ...  
    method peek = head the_list  
    method size = ...  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

## Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self)  
    val mutable the_list = ([] : int list)  
    method push x = ...  
    method pop = ...  
    method peek = ...  
    method size = length the_list  
  end;;
```

# Class Definitions

## Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
class stack_of_ints =  
  object (self) ...  
end;;  
  
class stack_of_ints :  
  object  
    val mutable the_list : int list  
    method peek : int  
    method pop : int  
    method push : int -> unit  
    method size : int  
  end
```

# Accessing fields and methods

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
# let s = new stack_of_ints;;
val s : stack_of_ints = <obj>
```

# Accessing fields and methods

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
s#fieldName
```

```
s#methodName
```

# Accessing fields and methods

Core Design Concepts:

Syntax

```
# for i = 1 to 10 do
    s#push i
done;;
- : unit = ()

# while s#size > 0 do
    Printf.printf "Popped %d off the stack.\n" s#pop
done;;
...
Popped 10 off the stack.
Popped 9 off the stack.
Popped 8 off the stack.
- : unit = ()
```