

DANIEL MIKESCH

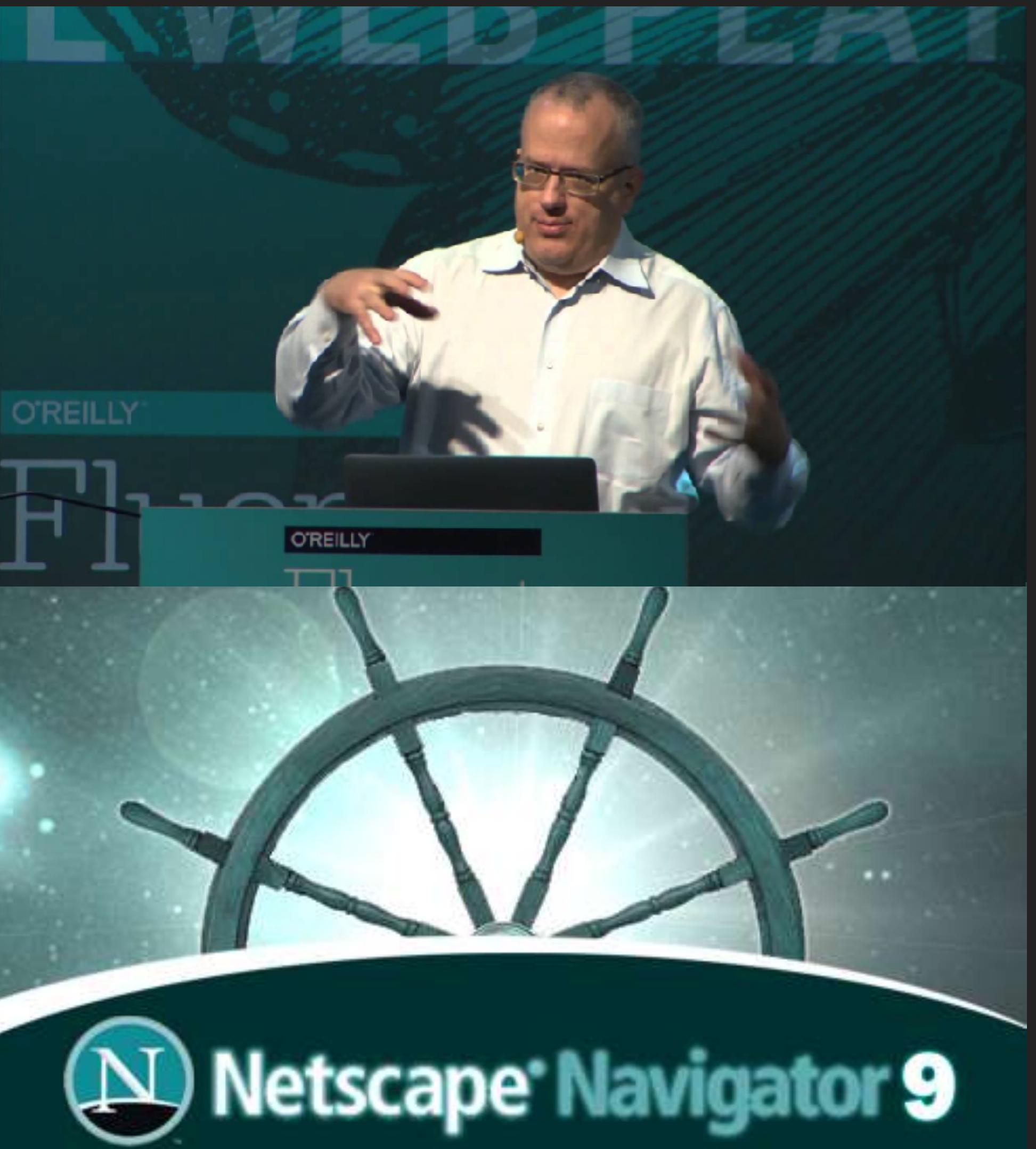
JAVA SCRIPT 101



JS

JAVA SCRIPT

- ▶ since 1995
- ▶ Entworfen von Brenden Eich
- ▶ in 10 Tagen für Netscape
- ▶ Konzepte aus Scheme und Self
- ▶ Syntax abgeleitet aus C und Java
- ▶ MS JScript in IE 3 in 1996
- ▶ Standardisiert in ECMA Script



JavaScript is a high-level, dynamic, untyped, and interpreted programming language.

...

supporting object-oriented and functional programming ...

Wikipedia



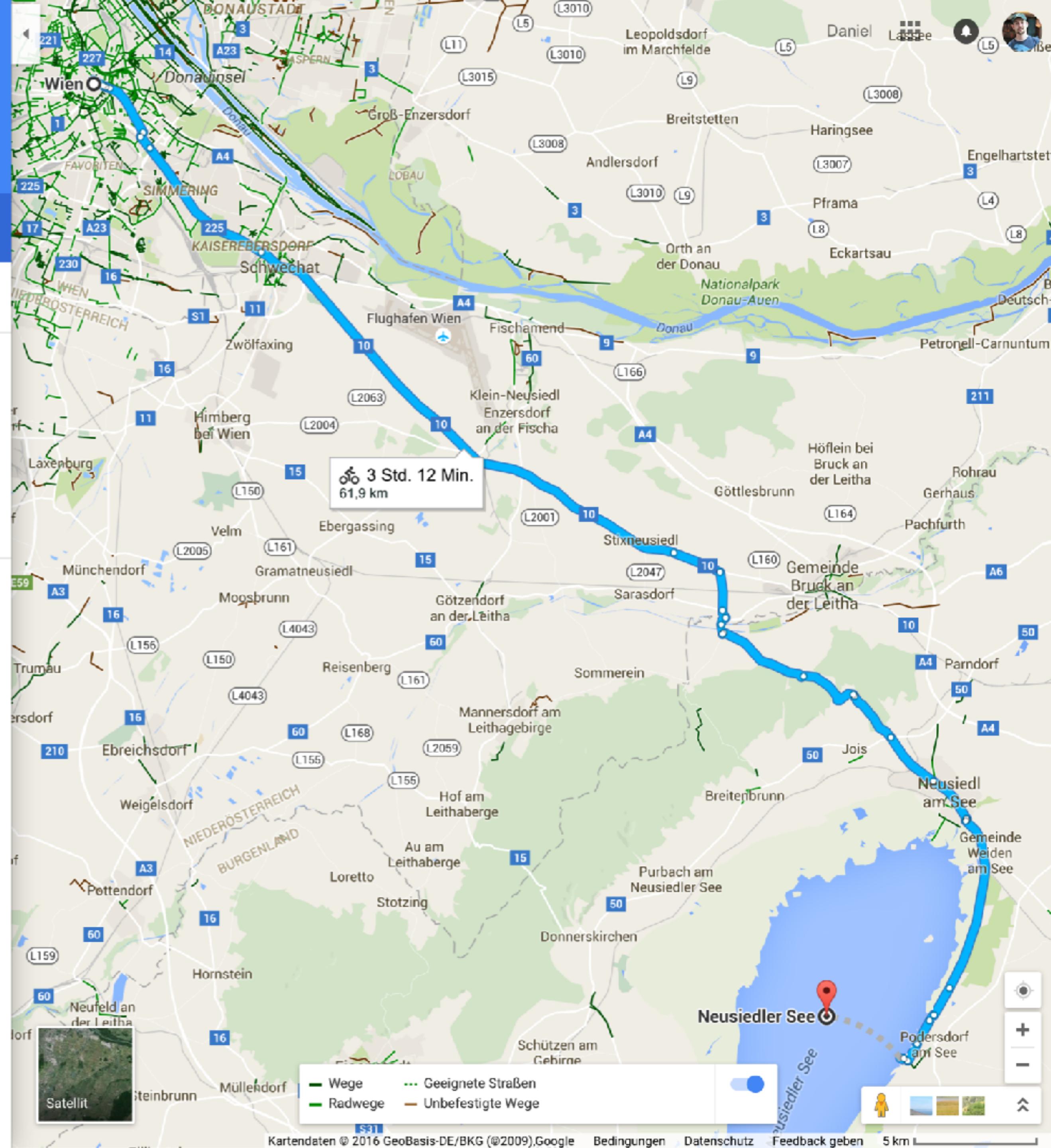
Wien
Neusiedler See

OPTIONEN

Wegbeschreibung auf mein Smartphone senden

via B10
3 Std. 12 Min.
↑ 148 m ↓ 208 m
61,9 km
224 m

DETAILS







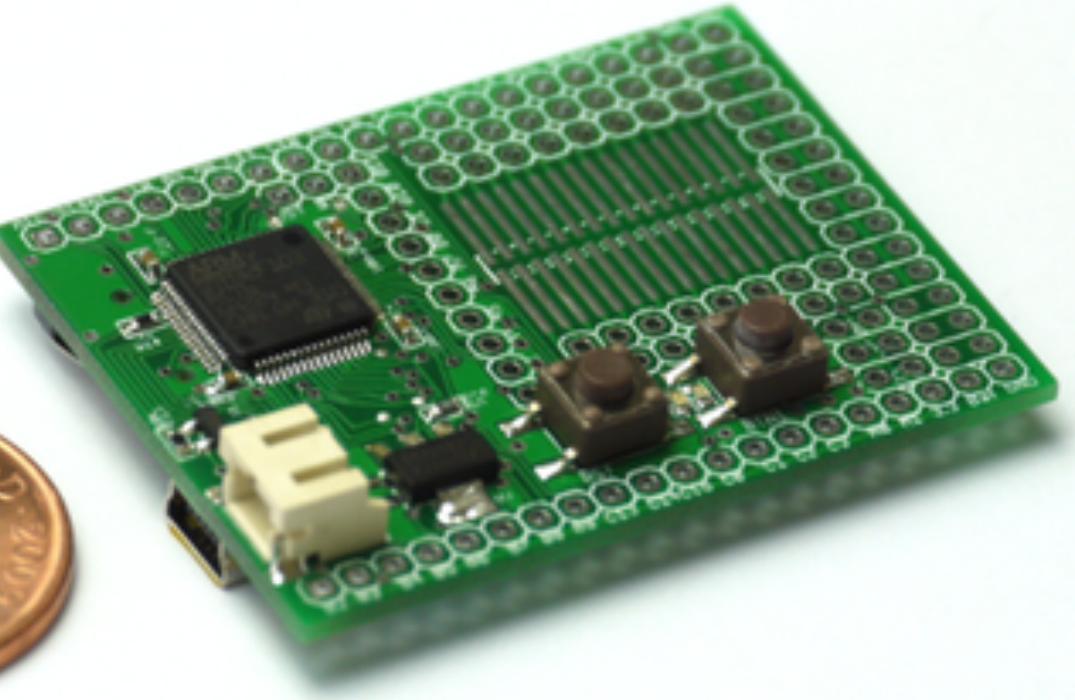
HTML





Espruino

JavaScript for Things

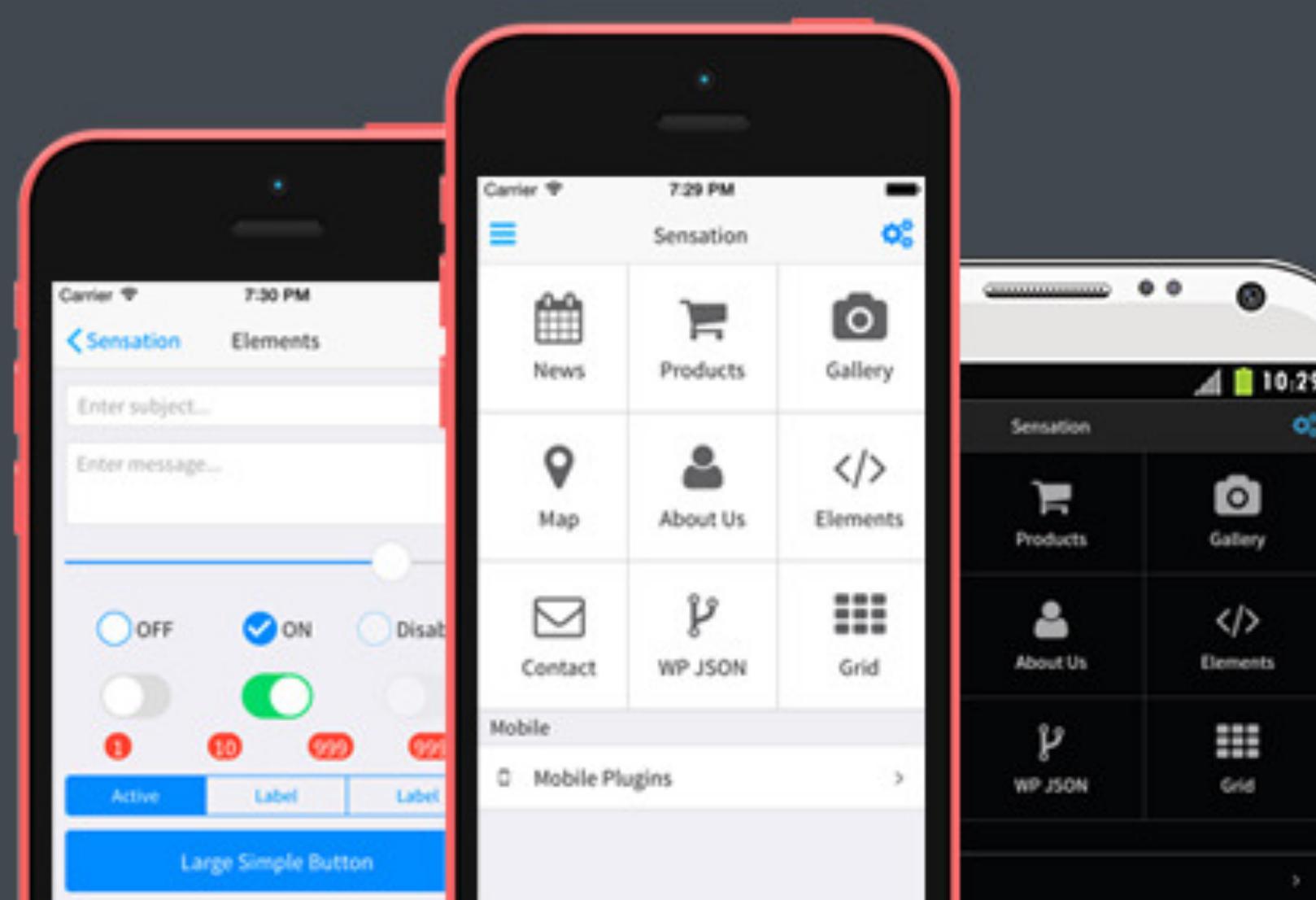


webserver.js

```
1 var express = require('../node_modules/express'),
2     redis = require('../node_modules/socket.io/node_modules/redis'),
3     // io = require('../node_modules/socket.io').listen(app),
4     fs = require('fs');
5
6 var app = express.createServer();
7 app.use(express.bodyParser());
8
9 // var cache = redis.createClient(6379, "127.0.0.1");
10 var cache = redis.createClient(7010, "192.168.100.18");
11
12 var port = 8888;
13
14 // get html page ok
15 app.get('*', function (req, res) {
16     req.setMaxListeners(0);
17     res.sendfile(__dirname + '/html/' + req.params[0]);
18 });
19
20 // get js page ok
21 app.get('/js/*', function (req, res){
22     res.sendfile(__dirname + '/html/js/' + req.params[0]);
23 });
24
25 // get image ok
26 app.get('/img/*', function (req, res){
27     res.sendfile(__dirname + '/html/img/' + req.params[0]);
28 });
29
30 app.listen(port);
```

Sensation

PhoneGap/Cordova
Full Hybrid App with
AngularJS + Onsen UI



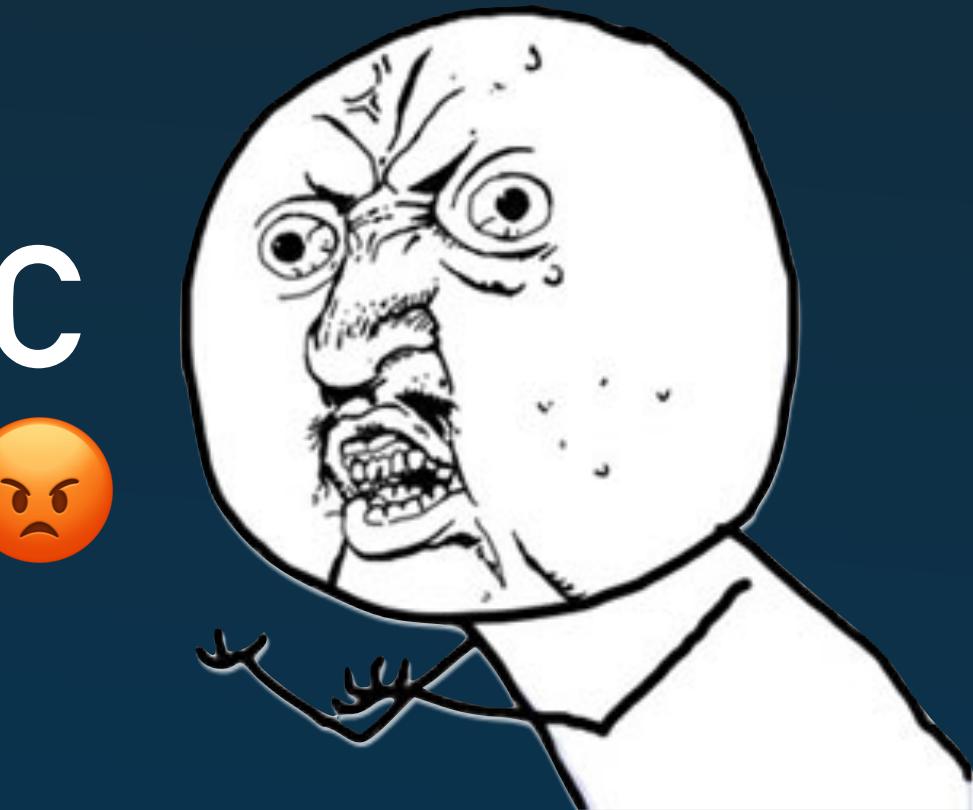
JavaScript ist eine der
populärsten
Programmiersprachen



Aber auch eine der
am meisten gehassten



JAVASCRIPT U LOOK LIKE C
Y U NO BEHAVE LIKE C !!?



C

```
/* Code segment 11*/
int curDist, newDist;
int newU1[100], newU2[100];
curDist = Dist(U);
do {
    int i;
    oldDist = curDist;
    for (i=1; i<=K+1; i = i+ 1) {
        newU1 = U + F[i];
        newU2 = U - F[i];
        newDist = Dist(newU1);
        if (newDist == 0 || newDist < curDist) {
            curDist = newDist;
            U = newU1;
        }
        newDist = Dist(newU2);
        if (newDist == 0 || newDist < curDist) {
            curDist = newDist;
            U = newU2;
        }
    }
} while (curDist > 0 && curDist < oldDist);
```

LISP

```
(in-package :cl-mw.examples.hello-world)
(define-mw-master (argv)
  (unwind-protect
      (let ((num-tasks 10)
            (num-results 0))
        (dotimes (x num-tasks)
          (let ((str (format nil "Task ~A" x)))
            (mw-funcall-hello (str))))
        (while (/= num-results num-tasks)
              (mw-master-loop)
              (when-let ((results (mw-get-results)))
                (dolist (result results)
                  (let ((payload (mw-result-packet
                                  result)))
                    (incf num-results)
                    (format t "Got result from slave:
~S~%" payload))))))
      0)
  (format t "Master algo cleanup form.~%")))
```





WE HAVE COOKIES!
AND HTML5 OFFLINE-STORAGE



WHITESPACE ?

VARIABLEN?

VARIABLEN UND FUNKTIONSNAMEN

- ▶ bestehen aus Buchstaben und Ziffern
- ▶ keine reservierten Wörter
- ▶ beginnen mit einem Buchstaben (oder \$ _)
- ▶ Groß - Kleinschreibung ist wichtig!

RESERVIERTE WÖRTER

abstract	delete	function	new	throw
arguments	do	goto	null	throws
boolean	double	if	package	transient
break	else	implement	private	true
byte	enum	super	protected	try
case	eval	import	public	typeof
catch	export	in	return	var
char	extends	instanceof	short	void
class	false	int	static	volatile
const	final	interface	super	while
continue	finally	let	switch	with
debugger	float	long	synchronized	yield
default	for	native	this	

DATENTYPEN ?

DATENTYPEN

Boolean (true/false)

```
var isComplicated = false;
```

Number

```
var theUltimateAnswer = 42;
```

Strings

```
var greetings = "Hello World";
```

Function

```
var foo = function(){ console.log(x) };
```

```
function foo(){ console.log(x) }
```

Array

```
var stuff = ["A", 42, "Yes", 3.14];
```

Object

```
var car = {color:"red", drive: function(){} };
```

RegExpr

```
var regex = /^[a-zA-Z0-9]+$/;
```

undefined

```
var nochnix;
```

null

```
var empty = null;
```

UNDEFINED VS NULL == VS === != VS !==

```
typeof undefined           //undefined  
typeof null               //object
```

```
null === undefined        //false  
null == undefined         //true
```

== THE EVIL TWIN OF ==

```
'' == '0'    // false  
0 == ''      // true  
0 == '0'    // true
```

```
false == 'false' // false  
false == '0'    // true
```

```
false == undefined // false  
false == null      // false  
null == undefined // true
```

```
'\t\r\n' == 0    // true
```

KONTROLLSTRUKTUREN?

JS IN HTML

```
<script>alert("Hallo!");</script>

<script src="main.js"></script>

<button onclick="alert('you clicked :D')">
  Click me!
</button>

<a href="javascript:alert('you clicked :D')">
  Click this link
</a>
```

“HELPER OBJECTS”

- ▶ Date `var myDate = new Date(); myDate.getDay();`
- ▶ Math `Math.PI Math.abs(3.2) Math.random()`
- ▶ JSON `JSON.stringify(someVariable);`

“BROWSER API OBJECTS”

- ▶ Document `var el = document.getElementById("id");`
- ▶ Window `window.location.href = "http://google.com";`

JAVASCRIPT IM BROWSER

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>My Doc</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Header</h1>
    <p>Paragraph</p>
  </body>
</html>
```

