National University of Singapore School of Computing CS1010S: Programming Methodology Semester I, 2022/2023

Side Quest 2.4 Magic Efficiency

Release date: 26th August 2022 **Due: 2nd September 2022, 23:59**

Required Files

• sidequest02.4-template.py

This side quest consists of **three** tasks. For each question that asks for orders of growth, simply replace the O(...) in the template file with your answer.

Task 1: Simplification (8 marks)

Task 1a: Simplified Big-O (3 marks)

Give the **simplified big-O** notations for all twelve expressions below.

(i)	$4^n n^2$ (i	$n3^n$
(iii)	$1000000000n^2$ (ix	$2^n/1000000000$
(v)	$n^n + n^2 + 1 (\mathbf{v}$	$4^n + 2^n$
(vii)	1^n (vii	n^1
(ix)	$(n+3)^4 (x+3)^4$	$(n+4)^3$
(xi)	$e^n + n^2$ (xi	$n^7 + 3^n$

Express x^y in the format x**y instead of x^y.

Task 1b: Comparing Orders (3 marks)

Determine, in each group, the **simplified big-O notation** of the expression that has the **larger** order-of-growth.

(i)	$4^n n^2$	vs	$n3^n$
(ii)	$10000000000n^2$	vs	$2^n/1000000000$
(iii)	$n^n + n^2 + 1$	vs	$4^n + 2^n$
(iv)	$(n+3)^2$	vs	$(n+2)^3$
(v)	$e^n + n^2$	vs	$n^7 + 2^n$
(vi)	$1^n + 2^n + 3^n$	vs	$n^3 + n^2 + n^1$

Task 1c: Magical Arrangement (2 marks)

Russell feels that comparing only two order of growths is boring, so he decided to compare the twelve obtained in **Task 1a** and arrange them in ascending order instead. In other words, put the smallest order of growth at #1 and the largest at #12.

However, he wants you to do it, so he doesn't have to. Can you help him just this time?

Task 2: Analysis (2 marks)

Consider the following function foo:

```
def foo(n):
    def bar(n):
        if n == 0:
            return 0
        else:
            return 1 + bar(n - 1)
    return n * bar(n)
```

What is the time complexity for the running time of foo in terms of its input n? What about space complexity?

Task 3: Improvisation (6 marks)

Consider the following two functions:

```
def bar(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 0
    else:
        return n + bar(n - 1)

def foo(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 0
    else:
        return bar(n) + foo(n - 1)
```

- (i) What is the time complexity of bar? What about foo?
- (ii) What is the space complexity of bar? What about foo?
- (iii) Implement the function improved_foo using any method such that it computes the same value as foo, but with improved efficiency.To get full credit, your new function must have improved (smaller) order-of-growth in both time and space. Be sure that your function returns an int!
- (iv) State both order-of-growths for your improved_foo clearly in big-O notation.