代码

```
1. // C++ program to find maximum rectangular area in linear time
2. #include<iostream>
3. #include<stack>
4. using namespace std;
5.
6. // The main function to find the maximum rectangular area under g
    iven
7. // histogram with n bars
8. int getMaxArea(int hist[], int n)
10. // Create an empty stack. The stack holds indexes of hist[] a
    rray
        // The bars stored in stack are always in increasing order of
11.
    their
      // heights.
12.
13.
        stack<int> s;
14.
        int max_area = 0; // Initalize max area
15.
        int tp; // To store top of stack
16.
17.
        int area_with_top; // To store area with top bar as the small
    est bar
18.
19.
        // Run through all bars of given histogram
20.
        int i = 0;
       while (i < n)</pre>
21.
22.
            // If this bar is higher than the bar on top stack, push
23.
    it to stack
            if (s.empty() || hist[s.top()] <= hist[i])</pre>
24.
                s.push(i++);
25.
26.
            // If this bar is lower than top of stack, then calculate
27.
    area of rectangle
           // with stack top as the smallest (or minimum height) ba
28.
    r. 'i' is
            // 'right index' for the top and element before top in st
29.
    ack is 'left index'
30.
           else
31.
           {
                tp = s.top(); // store the top index
32.
33.
                s.pop(); // pop the top
34.
                // Calculate the area with hist[tp] stack as smallest
35.
   bar
                area_with_top = hist[tp] * (s.empty() ? i : i - s.top
36.
    () - 1);
37.
38.
                // update max area, if needed
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39.
                 if (max_area < area_with_top)</pre>
40.
                     max_area = area_with_top;
41.
           }
42.
        }
43.
        // Now pop the remaining bars from stack and calculate area w
44.
    ith every
        // popped bar as the smallest bar
45.
        while (s.empty() == false)
46.
47.
48.
             tp = s.top();
49.
             s.pop();
             area_with_top = hist[tp] * (s.empty() ? i : i - s.top() -
50.
    1);
51.
            if (max_area < area_with_top)</pre>
52.
53.
                 max_area = area_with_top;
54.
        }
55.
56.
        return max_area;
57. }
58.
59. // Driver program to test above function
60. int main()
61. {
62.
        int hist[] = {6, 2, 5, 4, 5, 1, 6};
63.
        int n = sizeof(hist)/sizeof(hist[0]);
        cout << "Maximum area is " << getMaxArea(hist, n);</pre>
64.
        return 0;
65.
66. }
```