# Introduction to Cleaning Data

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES



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#### Topics covered

- Chapter 1: Starting with Cleaning Data
- Chapter 2: Dealing with nulls, duplicate data, and dates
- Chapter 3: Dealing with out of range values, different data types, and pattern matching
- Chapter 4: Combining, splitting, and transforming data

airports

```
| airport_city
                                                                       | airport_state |
airport_code | airport_name
            Minneapolis-St Paul International
                                                    | Minneapolis
MSP
                                                                       Minnesota
              John F. Kennedy International
                                                    New York City
JFK
                                                                       | New York
              Los Angeles International
                                                    | Los Angeles
                                                                       | California
LAX
DFW
                   Dallas/Fort Worth International
                                                    | Dallas/Fort Worth | Texas
            | Logan International
                                                                      Massachusetts
BOS
                                                    Boston
              San Francisco International
                                                    | San Francisco
                                                                       | Californiaa
SF0
                                                                      | Georgia
ATL
              Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International | Atlanta
```



carriers

```
code name
      Mesa Airlines Inc.
 AA
         American Airlines Inc.
DL
         Delta Air Lines Inc.
HA
         Hawaiian Airlines Inc.
MQ
          American Eagle Airlines Inc.
EV
      | ExpressJet Airlines Inc.
```

flight statistics

registration_code	airport_code	carrier_code	canceled	on_time	delayed	
1		l	l	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	۱ ۱
000000119	JFK	AA	74	819	233	l l
120	JFK	B6	438	1865	1010	l l
000000121	JFK	HA	0	25	3	l l
122	JFK	MQ	102	386	159	l l
000000124	JFK	UA	22	296	88	l l
000000125	JFK	US	15	191	63	l l
00000126	JFK	VX	12	225	61	l l
1		l	l	l	l	l l



pilots

l p	ilot_code	pilot_name	pilot_surname	carrier_code	entry_date
1	.	Thomas	Peters	HA	2011-10-01
2	!	Hiroki	Konoe	MQ	2011-01-21
3		Arturo	Montero	UA	2012-12-28
4	i [	David	Captain	US	2000-10-01
5		Ainhoa	Guerrera	VX	2000-10-05
6		Alvin	Andersen	00	2012-01-15
7	'	William	Champy	F9	2011-03-15
			• • •	l	l



#### Why is cleaning data important?

- Common to acquire messy/dirty data not ready for analysis
- Lot of time spent cleaning data vs. time spent analyzing data
- Cleaning process -> clear information



```
SELECT * FROM flight_statistics
```

registration_co	de   airport_c	ode   carrier_	code   cancele	d   on_time	e   delaye	ed
1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1
000000119	JFK	AA	74	819	233	1 1
120	JFK	B6	438	1865	1010	1 1
000000121	JFK	HA	0	25	3	1 1
122	JFK	MQ	102	386	159	1 1
123	JFK	EV	15	51	37	1 1
000000124	JFK	UA	22	296	88	1 1
000000125	JFK	US	15	191	63	1 1
000000126	JFK	VX	12	225	61	1 1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1



```
SELECT * FROM flight_statistics
```

registration_c	ode   airport_	code   carrier_	code   cancele	ed   on_tim	e   delaye	ed
I	1	1	1	1	1	1 1
000000119	JFK	AA	74	819	233	1 1
120	JFK	B6	438	1865	1010	1 1
000000121	JFK	HA	0	25	3	1 1
122	JFK	MQ	102	386	159	1 1
123	JFK	EV	15	51	37	1 1
000000124	JFK	UA	22	296	88	1 1
000000125	JFK	US	15	191	63	1 1
000000126	JFK	VX	12	225	61	1 1
1	1	1		1	1	1 1



```
SELECT * FROM flight_statistics
```

registration	_code   airport_c	ode   carrier_	code   cancele	d   on_time	e   delaye	ed
1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1
000000119	JFK	AA	74	819	233	1 1
120	JFK	B6	438	1865	1010	1 1
000000121	JFK	HA	0	25	3	1 1
122	JFK	MQ	102	386	159	1 1
123	JFK	EV	15	51	37	1 1
000000124	JFK	UA	22	296	88	1 1
000000125	JFK	US	15	191	63	1 1
000000126	JFK	VX	12	225	61	1 1
1		1	1	1	1	1

```
SELECT * FROM flight_statistics
```

registration_code	airport_code	carrier_code	canceled	on_time	delayed	
		 	-  	-  		 
000000119	JFK	AA	74	819	233	
120	JFK	B6	438	1865	1010	l l
000000121	JFK	HA	0	25	3	l l
122	JFK	MQ	102	386	159	l l
123	JFK	EV	15	51	37	l l
000000124	JFK	UA	22	296	88	
000000125	JFK	US	15	191	63	l l
000000126	JFK	VX	12	225	61	l l
1	1	l	1	1	1	l l



**VALID:** 000000128 - until 9 digits

**INVALID:** 128

000000128 add

REPLICATE (string, integer)



```
REPLICATE (string, integer)
```



```
REPLICATE (string, integer)
```



```
REPLICATE (string, integer)
```

```
REPLICATE( '0', 9 - LEN(registration_code))
```



```
REPLICATE (string, integer)
```

```
REPLICATE('0', 9 - LEN(registration_code))
```

```
-- registration_code: 120 => LEN(120) = 3
REPLICATE('0', 6)
```

+ operator

```
SELECT
    REPLICATE('0', 9 - LEN(registration_code)) + registration_code AS registration_code
FROM flight_statistics
```

CONCAT - since SQL Server 2012

```
SELECT
    CONCAT(REPLICATE('0', 9 - LEN(registration_code)), registration_code) AS registration_code
FROM flight_statistics
```

## Filling numbers with leading zeros - Using REPLICATE, LEN, and CONCAT

```
registration_code
000000119
000000120
000000121
000000122
000000123
000000124
000000125
000000126
```

#### Filling numbers with leading zeros - Using FORMAT

```
FORMAT (value, format [, culture ] )
```

- Available since SQL Server 2012
- value: numeric, date and time

```
SELECT
   FORMAT(CAST(registration_code AS INT), '000000000') AS registration_code
FROM flight_statistics;
```



#### Filling numbers with leading zeros - Using FORMAT

```
registration_code
000000119
000000120
000000121
000000122
000000123
000000124
000000125
000000126
```

### Let's practice!

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES



# Cleaning messy strings

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES



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#### Removing additional spaces

```
SELECT * FROM carriers
```

```
code
      name
    Mesa Airlines Inc.
    American Airlines Inc.
  JetBlue Airways
B6
  Delta Air Lines Inc.
DL
HA
   Hawaiian Airlines Inc.
MQ
    American Eagle Airlines Inc.
   ExpressJet Airlines Inc.
EV
   United Air Lines Inc.
  | US Airways Inc.
```

#### Removing additional spaces - TRIM

```
TRIM ([characters] string)
```

- Available since SQL Server 2017
- Removes any specified character from the start and end of a string
- Removes space character if we don't specify any character.

```
SELECT TRIM(' JetBlue Airways ');
```

JetBlue Airways

#### Removing additional spaces - RTRIM and LTRIM

For older versions than SQL Server 2017 -> RTRIM and LTRIM.

```
-- Removes all trailing spaces
RTRIM (character_expression)

-- Removes all leading spaces
LTRIM (character_expression)

SELECT LTRIM(RTRIM(' JetBlue Airways '));
```

**Adatacamp** 

JetBlue Airways

#### Removing additional spaces

```
SELECT code, TRIM(name) AS name FROM carriers
```

```
SELECT code, LTRIM(RTRIM(name)) AS name FROM carriers
```



#### Unifying strings

```
SELECT * FROM airports
ORDER BY airport_state
```

#### Unifying strings - REPLACE

"FI" / "fl" / "Florida" -> **"Florida"** 

```
REPLACE ( string_to_replace , occurrences , string_replacement )
```

- Replaces all occurrences of a specified string with another string
- Case insensitive by default

#### Unifying strings - REPLACE

```
SELECT
    airport_code, airport_name, airport_city,
    REPLACE(airport_state, 'FL', 'Florida') AS airport_state
FROM airports
ORDER BY airport_state
```

```
airport_code | airport_name
                                                       | airport_city
                                                                       | airport_state |
               Miami International
 MIA
                                                       | Miami
                                                                        | Florida
              | Tampa International
                                                       | Tampa
TPA
                                                                        | Florida
FLL
              | Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International | Fort Lauderdale | Florida
              | Orlando International
MCO
                                                       Orlando
                                                                        | Floridaorida
```

#### Unifying strings - REPLACE

```
airport_code | airport_name
                                                      | airport_city
                                                                        | airport_state |
MCO
             | Orlando International
                                                      | Orlando
                                                                       | Florida
TPA
             | Tampa International
                                                      | Tampa
                                                                         Florida
FLL
             | Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International | Fort Lauderdale | Florida
MIA
             | Miami International
                                                      | Miami
                                                                       | Florida
```

#### Unifying strings - REPLACE + CASE

```
SELECT airport_code, airport_name, airport_city,
    CASE
        WHEN airport_state <> 'Florida' THEN REPLACE(airport_state, 'FL', 'Florida')
        ELSE airport_state
    END AS airport_state
FROM airports
ORDER BY airport_state
```

```
airport_code | airport_name
                                                     | airport_city
                                                                     | airport_state |
MCO
             | Orlando International
                                                     | Orlando
                                                                     | Florida
TPA
             | Tampa International
                                                     | Tampa
                                                                      | Florida
             | Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International | Fort Lauderdale | Florida
FLL
MIA
             | Miami International
                                                     | Miami | Florida
```



#### Unifying strings - REPLACE + UPPER

"FI" / "fl" / "Florida" -> **"FL"** 

```
SELECT
    airport_code, airport_name, airport_city,
    REPLACE(airport_state, 'Florida', 'FL') AS airport_state
FROM airports
ORDER BY airport_state
```

```
airport_code | airport_name
                                                      airport_city
                                                                      | airport_state |
            | Orlando International
                                                       Orlando
                                                                      I FL
MCO
            | Tampa International
TPA
                                                      Tampa
FLL
             | Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International | Fort Lauderdale | FL
MIA
             | Miami International
                                                     | Miami
                                                                      | fl
             l ...
```

#### Unifying strings - REPLACE + UPPER

```
UPPER ( character_expression )
```

Converts a given string to uppercase.



#### Unifying strings - REPLACE + UPPER

### Let's practice!

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES



# Comparing the similarity between strings

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES

SQL

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# Describing the problem

Messy strings





### SOUNDEX

```
SOUNDEX ( character_expression )
```

- Phonetic algorithm
- Returns four-character code
- Based on English language, but also works with many words in other languages

```
SELECT SOUNDEX('Illinois') AS soundex_code1;
SELECT SOUNDEX('Illynois') AS soundex_code2;
SELECT SOUNDEX('California') AS soundex_code3;
```

```
| soundex_code1 | soundex_code2 | soundex_code3 | | | | |
|-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|
| I452 | I452 | I416 |
```



### **SOUNDEX - how it works**

### **Example: "Illinois"**

- Writes the first letter of the word
- Replaces to zero(0) vowels and letters "h",
   "w", "y" to zero(0), after the first letter
- Replaces consonants after the first letter

Letters	Represented by
b, f, p, v	1
c, g, j, k, q, s, x, z	2
d, t	3
1	4
m, n	5
r	6

"Illinois" -> I

"Illinois" -> IllOnOOs

"III0n00s" -> 14405002

## **SOUNDEX - how it works**

Replaces same adjacent digits with one

"I**44**05**00**2" -> I40502

Removes all the zeros (0)

- "|40502" -> |452
- If the letter's digit is the same as the first digit, it removes the first digit.
- "1452" (don't apply)
- Appends zeros if code contains less than 3 digits.
- Removes final digits if code has more than 3 digits.

# **SOUNDEX - Exceptions**

```
SELECT SOUNDEX('Arizona') AS soundex_code1;
SELECT SOUNDEX('Arkansas') AS soundex_code2;
```

# **SOUNDEX - checking similarities**

```
SELECT DISTINCT A1.airport_state
FROM airports A1
INNER JOIN airports A2
ON SOUNDEX(A1.airport_state) = SOUNDEX(A2.airport_state)
AND A1.airport_state <> A2.airport_state
```

```
| airport_state |
|------|
| Caalifornia |
| California |
| Californiaa |
| Illinois |
| Illynois |
| New Jersey |
| New York |
| Tejas |
```



# **SOUNDEX - checking similarities**

```
SELECT DISTINCT A1.airport_state
FROM airports A1
INNER JOIN airports A2
ON SOUNDEX(REPLACE(A1.airport_state, ' ', '')) = SOUNDEX(REPLACE(A2.airport_state, ' ', ''))
AND A1.airport_state <> A2.airport_state
```

"New York" -> "NewYork"

```
| airport_state |
|------|
| Caalifornia |
| California |
| Californiaa |
| Illinois |
| Ilynois |
| Tejas |
```



### DIFFERENCE

```
DIFFERENCE ( character_expression , character_expression )
```

- Compares two SOUNDEX values
- Returns a value from 0 to 4
  - 0 -> little or no similarity
  - 4 -> very similar or identically matching



### DIFFERENCE

```
SELECT DIFFERENCE('Illinois', 'Ilynois') AS dif_1;
| dif1 |
SELECT DIFFERENCE('Illinois', 'California') AS dif_2;
| dif2 |
```



# DIFFERENCE - checking similarities

```
SELECT DISTINCT A1.airport_state, A2.airport_state
FROM airports A1
INNER JOIN airports A2
ON DIFFERENCE(REPLACE(A1.airport_state, ' ', ''), REPLACE(A2.airport_state, ' ', '')) = 4
AND A1.airport_state <> A2.airport_state
```

```
airport_state | airport_state |
.----|
Caalifornia
            | California
Caalifornia | Californiaa
California
           | Caalifornia
            | Californiaa
California
Californiaa | Caalifornia
Californiaa | California
            | Ilynois
Illinois
Ilynois
          | Illinois
Massachusetts | Michigan
            l Texas
Tejas
Texas
            | Tejas
```



# Let's practice!

CLEANING DATA IN SQL SERVER DATABASES

