



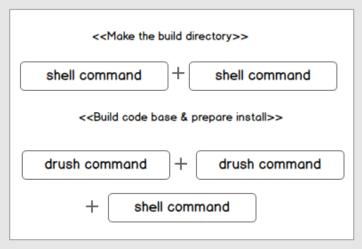
Would like to build the latest version of a client's website in order to make a few code changes before lunch.

<<Senior Developer>>

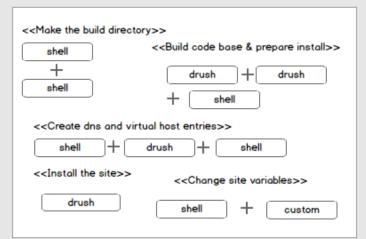
1. Ging wants to build the latest version of the client site.

- 1. Make the build directory
- 2. Put the directory in the web root
- 3. Add other directories and files to the build (setup the build skeleton)
- 4. Create a docroot folder for the Drupal code base
- 5. Build the code base with Drush Make using specified makefile(s) and prepare the site for install
- 6. Create the specified database
- 7. Create the specified dns and virtual host entries
- 8. Run any pre-build commands/scripts
- 9. Install the site
- 10. Change variable values as specified
- 11. Run any post-build commands/scripts
- 12. Put the build under version control

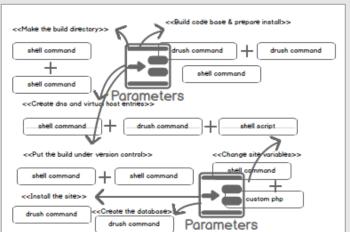
2. It takes 12 steps to build the client site.



3. Gina completes most of her steps from the command line. Each step takes a few seconds.



4. Keeping track of just a few steps can be difficult.



 Keeping track of twelve steps, with a few commands for each, is even more difficult; especially since each command usually requires various parameters as arguments. `drush rush clientSite`

6. Today, Gina is using Rush to build the site. She types in one command and her build is done.

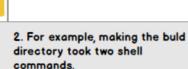






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<<Make the build directory>>

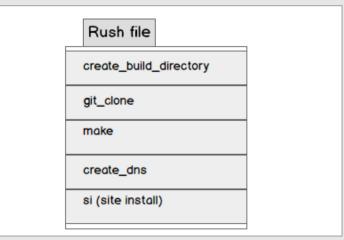
shell command

shell command



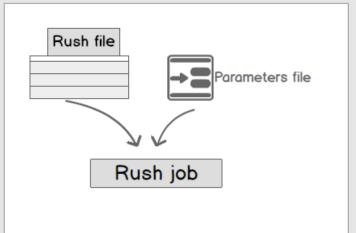
Rush bundles multiple commands into a single operation.The smallest unit in Rush is an "operation".

Operations run code commands (often in Drush, shell, php, git, and mysql) to act upon the file system, interact with other systems, and to build Drupal websites.



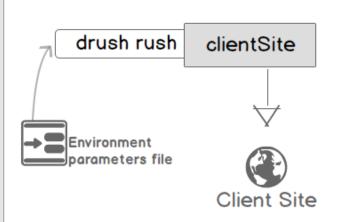
4. Gina organized the operations she needs to build the client's site into a Rush file.

Rush files contain a list of operations used to complete a build.



5. Rush jobs are a package of parameters and operations, which when run via the drush rush command will produce a build. Gina combined her Rush file with a parameters file to make her Rush job called, "clientSite."

Job parameter files provide variables for a build, such as site name, repo information, database connection strings, and anything else needed to complete a build.



Now Gina runs just one command to build the client's site. Gina wrote her Rush job once, tested it, and now reuses it often.

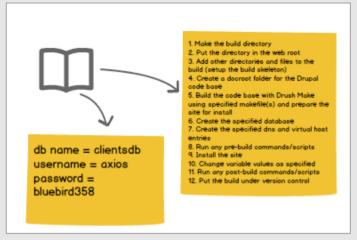
Rush reads Gina's environment paramaters before running Rush jobs to find local default settings for all jobs & other global parameters needed to create the build such as build locations and apache config locations.



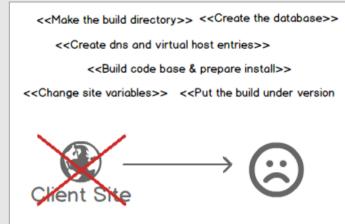
<<New Developer>>

Needs to build the latest version of the client's website because his last pull request was rejected and he needs to fix some code.

1. Jay wants to built the latest version of the client site.

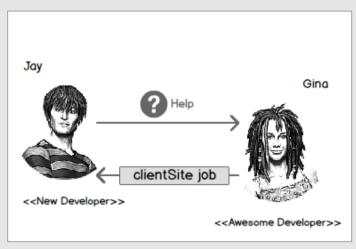


2. Jay checks the project wiki page to get Gina's twelve steps and the db connection info to build the site.

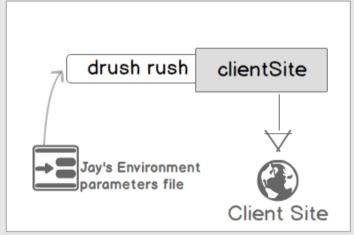


3. Jay carefully follows the steps, runs the commands, but something goes wrong.

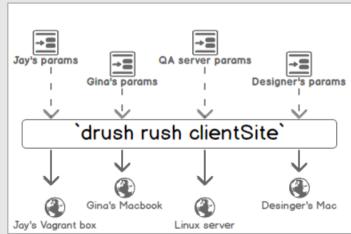
The wiki had not been updated in a few months. The db connection info is wrong. Jay's development environment is also is different from Gina's. Some of Gina's commands and parameters don't work for him.



4. Jay asks Gina for help. Gina gives Jay the Rush job file to build the client site.



Now Jay also runs just one command to build the client's site.



6. And so does the rest of the team.