

# Introduction to Naive Bayes (Udemy Course)

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## Importing the dataset

```
dataset = read.csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
Age = dataset$Age
EstimatedSalary = dataset$EstimatedSalary
Purchased = dataset$Purchased
```

## Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set

You can also embed plots, for example:

```
library(caTools)
set.seed(123)
split = sample.split(dataset$Purchased, SplitRatio = 0.75)
training_set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
test_set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
```

## Feature Scaling

```
training_set[-3] = scale(training_set[-3])
test_set[-3] = scale(test_set[-3])
```

## Fitting classifier to the Training set

```
library(e1071)
classifier = naiveBayes(x = training_set[-3],
                        y = training_set$Purchased)
```

## Predicting the Test set results

```
y_pred = predict(classifier, newdata = test_set[-3])
```

## Making the Confusion Matrix

```
cm = table(test_set[, 3], y_pred)
cm
```

```
##      y_pred
##      0  1
## 0 57  7
```

```
## 1 7 29
```

## Visualising the Training set results

```
#  
  
# install.packages('tidyverse')  
library(tidyverse)  
  
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --  
  
## v ggplot2 3.3.5      v purrr 0.3.4  
## v tibble 3.1.6       v dplyr 1.0.9  
## v tidyr 1.2.0        v stringr 1.4.0  
## v readr 2.1.2        v forcats 0.5.1  
  
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --  
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()  
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()  
  
# expand.grid('Age' = seq(min(set[, 1]) - 1, max(set[, 1]) + 1, by = 0.01),  
# 'EstimatedSalary' = seq(min(set[, 2]) - 1, max(set[, 2]) + 1, by = 0.01))%>% mutate(prob_set=predict(  
# y_grid = ifelse(prob_set > 0.5, 1, 0))%>%  
# ggplot() +  
# geom_point(aes(x=Age, y=EstimatedSalary, color=y_grid)) +  
# geom_point(data=training_set, aes(x=Age, y=EstimatedSalary, colour=as.numeric(Purchased)))
```

## Visualising the Test set results